Updated 11/05/14

STATE PROJECT

BIDDING INSTRUCTIONS

FOR ALL PROJECTS:

- 1. Use pen and ink to complete all paper Bids.
- 2. As a minimum, the following must be received prior to the time of Bid opening:

For a Paper Bid:

a) a copy of the Notice to Contractors, b) the completed Acknowledgement of Bid Amendments form, c) the completed Schedule of Items, d) two copies of the completed and signed Contract Offer, Agreement & Award form, e) a Bid Guaranty, (if required), and f) any other certifications or Bid requirements listed in the Bid Documents as due by Bid opening.

For an Electronic Bid:

- a) a completed Bid using Expedite® software and submitted via the Bid ExpressTM webbased service, b) an electronic Bid Guaranty (if required) or a faxed copy of a Bid Bond (with original to be delivered within 72 hours), and c) any other Certifications or Bid requirements listed in the Bid Documents as due by Bid opening.
- 3. Include prices for all items in the Schedule of Items (excluding non-selected alternates).
- 4. Bid Guaranty acceptable forms are:
 - a) a properly completed and signed Bid Bond on the Department's prescribed form (or on a form that does not contain any significant variations from the Department's form as determined by the Department) for 5% of the Bid Amount or
 - b) an Official Bank Check, Cashier's Check, Certified Check, U.S. Postal Money Order or Negotiable Certificate of Deposit in the amount stated in the Notice to Contractors or
 - c) an electronic bid bond submitted with an electronic bid.
- 5. If a paper Bid is to be sent, "FedEx First Overnight" delivery is suggested as the package is delivered directly to the DOT Headquarters Building located at 16 Child Street in Augusta. Other means, such as U.S. Postal Service's Express Mail has proven not to be reliable.

IN ADDITION, FOR FEDERAL AID PROJECTS:

6. Complete the DBE Proposed Utilization form, and submit with your bid. If you are submitting your bid electronically, you must FAX the form to (207) 624-3431. This is a curable defect.

If you need further information regarding Bid preparation, call the DOT Contracts Section at (207) 624-3410.

For complete bidding requirements, refer to Section 102 of the Maine Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition.

NOTICE

The Maine Department of Transportation is attempting to improve the way Bid Amendments/Addendums are handled, and allow for an electronic downloading of bid packages from our website, while continuing to maintain an optional plan holders list.

Prospective bidders, subcontractors or suppliers who wish to download a copy of the bid package and receive a courtesy notification of project specific bid amendments must fill out the on-line plan holder registration form and provide an email address to the MDOT Contracts mailbox at: MDOT.contracts@maine.gov. Each bid package will require a separate request.

Additionally, interested parties will be responsible for reviewing and retrieving the Bid Amendments from our web site, and acknowledging receipt and incorporating those Bid Amendments in their bids using the Acknowledgement of Bid Amendment Form.

The downloading of bid packages from the MDOT website is <u>not</u> the same as providing an electronic bid to the Department. Electronic bids must be submitted via http://www.BIDX.com. For information on electronic bidding contact Patrick Corum at patrick.corum@maine.gov, Rebecca Snowden at rebecca.snowden@maine.gov or Diane Barnes at diane.barnes@maine.gov.

NOTICE

For security and other reasons, all Bid Packages which are mailed, shall be provided in double (one envelope inside the other) envelopes. The *Inner Envelope* shall have the following information provided on it:

Bid Enclosed - Do Not Open

PIN:

Town:

Date of Bid Opening:

Name of Contractor with mailing address and telephone number:

In Addition to the usual address information, the *Outer Envelope* should have written or typed on it:

Double Envelope: Bid Enclosed

PIN:

Town:

Date of Bid Opening:

Name of Contractor:

This should not be much of a change for those of you who use Federal Express or similar services.

Hand-carried Bids may be in one envelope as before, and should be marked with the following infrormation:

Bid Enclosed: Do Not Open

PIN:

Town:

Name of Contractor:

October 16, 2001

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Bid Guaranty-Bid Bond Form

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT	
, of the City/Town of	and State of
as Principal, and	as Surety, a
Corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of_	and having a usual place of
Business inand hereby he	eld and firmly bound unto the Treasurer of
the State of Maine in the sum of,fo	r payment which Principal and Surety bind
themselves, their heirs, executers, administrators, successor	s and assigns, jointly and severally.
The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has sub	mitted to the Maine Department of
Transportation, hereafter Department, a certain bid, attached	d hereto and incorporated as a
part herein, to enter into a written contract for the construction	ion of
and i	f the Department shall accept said bid
and the Principal shall execute and deliver a contract in the	form attached hereto (properly
completed in accordance with said bid) and shall furnish bo	nds for this faithful performance of
said contract, and for the payment of all persons performing	glabor or furnishing material in
connection therewith, and shall in all other respects perform	the agreement created by the
acceptance of said bid, then this obligation shall be null and	void; otherwise it shall remain in full
force, and effect.	
Signed and sealed this_	day of20
WITNESS:	PRINCIPAL:
	Ву
	Ву:
	Ву:
WITNESS	SURETY: By
	Ву:
	Name of Local Agency:

NOTICE

Bidders:

Please use the attached "Request for Information" form when submitting questions concerning specific Contracts that have been advertised for Bid, include additional numbered pages as required. RFI's may be faxed to 207-624-3431, submitted electronically through the Departments web page of advertised projects by selecting the RFI tab on the project details page or via e-mail to RFI-Contracts.MDOT@maine.gov.

These are the only allowable mechanisms for answering Project specific questions. Maine DOT will not be bound to any answers to Project specific questions received during the Bidding phase through other processes.

When submitting RFIs by Email please follow the same guidelines as stated on the "Request for Information" form and include the word "RFI" along with the Project name and Identification number in the subject line.

State of Maine	RFI No:	
Department of Transportation		

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

	Date	Time	
Information Reque	ested for:		
WIN(S):	Town(s):	Bid I	Date:
Question(s):			
Request by: Company Name:		Phone:()	
Email:		Fax: ()	

Complete this form and fax to 207-624-3431. Attn: Project Manager (name listed on the "Notice to Contractors"), or Email questions to RFI-Contracts.MDOT@maine.gov, Please include the word "RFI" along with the Project Name and Identification Number in the Subject line, or electronically by using the RFI Tab located on the Individual Projects Detail page.

Vendor Registration

Prospective Bidders must register as a vendor with the Department of Administrative & Financial Services if the vendor is awarded a contract. Vendors will not be able to receive payment without first being registered. Vendors/Contractors will find information and register through the following link –

http://www.maine.gov/purchases/venbid/index.shtml

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Bids addressed to the Maine Department of Transportation, Augusta, Maine 04333 and endorsed on the wrapper "Bids for Large Culvert Replacement in the town of Waldo" will be received from contractors at the Reception Desk, Maine DOT Building, Capitol Street, Augusta, Maine, until 11:00 o'clock A.M. (prevailing time) on July 20, 2016 and at that time and place publicly opened and read. Bids will be accepted from all bidders. The lowest responsive bidder must demonstrate successful completion of projects of similar size and scope to be considered for the award of this contract. We now accept electronic bids for those bid packages posted on the bidx.com website. Electronic bids do not have to be accompanied by paper bids. Please note: the Department will accept a facsimile of the bid bond; however, the original bid bond must then be received at the MDOT Contract Section within 72 hours of the bid opening. Until further notice, dual bids (one paper, one electronic) will be accepted, with the paper copy taking precedence.

Description: WIN, 22555.00

Location: In Waldo County, project is located approx. 0.45 mi. westerly of the intersection of Rte.'s 7 and 131.

Outline of Work: Large Culvert Replacement and other incidental work.

For general information regarding Bidding and Contracting procedures, contact George Macdougall at (207) 624-3410. Our webpage at http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/ contains a copy of the Schedule of Items, Plan Holders List, written portions of bid amendments, drawings, bid results and an electronic form for RFI submittal. For Project-specific information fax all questions to Project Manager Meredith Kirkmann at (207) 624-3431, use electronic RFI form or email questions to RFI-Contracts.MDOT@maine.gov, project name and identification number should be in the subject line. Questions received after 12:00 noon of Monday (or if that Monday is a state holiday, Friday) prior to bid date will not be answered. Bidders shall not contact any other Departmental staff for clarification of Contract provisions, and the Department will not be responsible for any interpretations so obtained. TTY users call Maine Relay 711.

Plans, specifications and bid forms may be seen at the Maine DOT Building in Augusta, Maine. They may be purchased from the Department between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. by cash, credit card (Visa/Mastercard) or check payable to Treasurer, State of Maine sent to Maine Department of Transportation, Attn.: Mailroom, 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016. They also may be purchased by telephone at (207) 624-3536 between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Full size plans \$9.00 (\$12.50 by mail). Half size plans \$4.50 (\$6.75 by mail), Bid Book \$10 (\$13 by mail), Single Sheets \$2, payment in advance, all non-refundable.

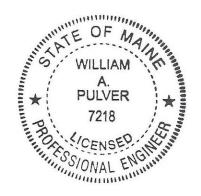
Each Bid must be made upon blank forms provided by the Department and must be accompanied by a bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or an official bank check, cashier's check, certified check, certificate of deposit, or United States postal money order in the amount of \$5,000.00 payable to Treasurer, State of Maine as a Bid guarantee. A Contract Performance Surety Bond and a Contract Payment Surety Bond, each in the amount of 100 percent of the Contract price, will be required of the successful Bidder.

This Contract is subject to all applicable State Laws.

All work shall be governed by "State of Maine, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition", price \$10 [\$15 by mail], and Standard Details, November 2014 Edition, price \$10 [\$15 by mail]. They also may be purchased by telephone at (207) 624-3536 between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Standard Detail updates can be found at http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/publications/.

The right is hereby reserved to the Maine DOT to reject any or all bids.

Augusta, Maine June 29, 2016



WILLIAM A. PULVER P. E. DIRECTOR PROJECT DEVLOPMENT

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS - PREFERRED EMPLOYEES

Sec. 1303. Public Works; minimum wage

In the employment of laborers in the construction of public works, including state highways, by the State or by persons contracting for the construction, preference must first be given to citizens of the State who are qualified to perform the work to which the employment relates and, if they can not be obtained in sufficient numbers, then to citizens of the United States. Every contract for public works construction must contain a provision for employing citizens of this State or the United States. The hourly wage and benefit rate paid to laborers employed in the construction of public works, including state highways, may not be less than the fair minimum rate as determined in accordance with section 1308. Any contractor who knowingly and willfully violates this section is subject to a fine of not less than \$250 per employee violation. Each day that any contractor employs a laborer at less than the wage and benefit minimum stipulated in this section constitutes a separate violation of this section. [1997, c. 757, §1 (amd).]

SPECIAL PROVISION 102.7.3 ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF BID AMENDMENTS

With this form, the Bidder acknowledges its responsibility to check for all Amendments to the Bid Package. For each Project under Advertisement, Amendments are located at http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/. It is the responsibility of the Bidder to determine if there are Amendments to the Project, to download them, to incorporate them into their Bid Package, and to reference the Amendment number and the date on the form below. The Maine DOT will not post Bid Amendments any later than noon the day before Bid opening without individually notifying all the planholders.

Amendment Number	Date

The Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby acknowledges that it has received all of the above referenced Amendments to the Bid Package.

	CONTRACTOR
Date	Signature of authorized representative
	(Name and Title Printed)

6/14/2016

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 1 of 3

Proposal ID: 022555.00 **Project(s):** 022555.00

SECTION: 1 PROJECT ITEMS

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor:

Proposal Line	Item ID	Approximate	Unit Price	Bid Amount
Number	Description	Quantity and Units	Dollars Cents	Dollars Cents
0010	203.20 COMMON EXCAVATION	450.000 CY		!
0020	203.25 GRANULAR BORROW	140.000 CY		!
0030	203.33 SPECIAL FILL	40.000 CY		!
0040	206.07 STRUCTURAL ROCK EXCAVATION - DRAINAGE AND MINOR STRUCTURES	40.000 CY	!	
0050	304.10 AGGREGATE SUBBASE COURSE - GRAVEL	330.000 CY	!	!
0060	403.208 HOT MIX ASPHALT 12.5 MM HMA SURFACE	80.000 T	!	!
0070	403.213 HOT MIX ASPHALT 12.5 MM BASE	150.000 T	!	!
0080	409.15 BITUMINOUS TACK COAT - APPLIED	40.000 G	!	!
0090	511.07 COFFERDAM: UPSTREAM	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	!
0100	511.07 COFFERDAM: DOWNSTREAM	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	!
0110	603.5303 96" RCP PIPE CLASS IV - STATE SUPPLIED	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	
0120	603.55 CONCRETE PIPE TIES	10.000 GP		!

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 2 of 3

Proposal ID: 022555.00 **Project(s):** 022555.00

SECTION: 1 PROJECT ITEMS

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor:

Proposal Line	Item ID	Approximate	Unit Price	Bid Amount
Number	Description	Quantity and Units	Dollars Cents	Dollars Cents
0130	606.23 GUARDRAIL TYPE 3C - SINGLE RAIL	237.500 LF		!
0140	606.353 REFLECTORIZED FLEXIBLE GUARDRAIL MARKER	8.000 EA	!	!
0150	606.81 TANGENT GUARDRAIL TERMINAL - ENERGY ABSORBING	4.000 EA	!	
0160	610.08 PLAIN RIPRAP	150.000 CY	!	!
0170	615.07 LOAM	10.000 CY	!	
0180	618.141 SEEDING METHOD NUMBER 3	1.000 UN	!	!
0190	619.12 MULCH	1.000 UN	!	
0200	619.1401 EROSION CONTROL MIX - PLAN QUANTITY	20.000 CY	<u> </u>	!
0210	620.58 EROSION CONTROL GEOTEXTILE	220.000 SY	!	
0220	627.733 4" WHITE OR YELLOW PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE	510.000 LF		!
0230	629.05 HAND LABOR, STRAIGHT TIME	20.000 HR	!	
0240	631.12 ALL PURPOSE EXCAVATOR (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	10.000 HR		!

6/14/2016

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 3 of 3

SECTION: 1 PROJECT ITEMS Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:	
Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:	
Contractor:	
Proposal Line Item ID Approximate Unit Price Bid Amo	unt
Number Quantity and	Cents

Proposal Line	Item ID	Approximate	Unit Price	Bid Amount
Number	Description	Quantity and Units	Dollars Cents	Dollars Cents
0250	631.172 TRUCK - LARGE (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	10.000 HR		
0260	652.312 TYPE III BARRICADE	6.000 EA	!	!
0270	652.33 DRUM	20.000 EA	!	
0280	652.34 CONE	30.000 EA	!	
0290	652.35 CONSTRUCTION SIGNS	500.000 SF	!	
0300	652.36 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES	30.000 CD	!	
0310	652.38 FLAGGER	240.000 HR	!	
0320	652.41 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	2.000 EA	!	
0330	656.75 TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL	LUMP SUM	LUMP SU	м!
0340	659.10 MOBILIZATION	LUMP SUM	LUMP SU	M!
	Section: 1		Total:	<u> </u>
				ı

ON AND ROL	LUMP SUM	LUMPSUM	!
NOL	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	!
Section: 1		Total:	<u> </u>
		Total Bid:	<u> </u>

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street, Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of _______, with its principal place of business located at _______

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, <u>WIN 22555.00 for Large Culvert Replacement in the town of Waldo, County of Waldo, Maine.</u> The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before **October 10, 2016.** Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given i	n the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the
basis for determining	the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts or
the required Performa of this offer is	nce Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amoun
\$	Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being
100% of the amount o	f this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

- 1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
- 2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
- 3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

WIN 22555.00 for Large Culvert Replacement in the town of Waldo, County of Waldo, State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the "Notice to Contractors" do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached "Schedule of Items".

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached "Schedule of Items" in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached "Schedule of Items", which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a "Force Account" basis as provided in the Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier's check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the "Notice to Contractors", payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Fifth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

		CONTRACTOR
	Date	(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative of the Contractor)
	Witness	(Name and Title Printed)
G.	Award. Your offer is hereby accepted.	This award consummates the Contract, and the
	documents referenced herein.	MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
	Date	By: David Bernhardt, Commissioner
	Witness	

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street, Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of _______, with its principal place of business located at _______

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, <u>WIN 22555.00 for Large Culvert Replacement in the town of Waldo, County of Waldo, Maine.</u> The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before <u>October 10, 2016</u>. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given i	n the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the
basis for determining	the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts or
the required Performa of this offer is	nce Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amoun
\$	Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being
100% of the amount o	f this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

- 1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
- 2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
- 3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

WIN 22555.00 for Large Culvert Replacement in the town of Waldo, County of Waldo, State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the "Notice to Contractors" do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached "Schedule of Items".

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached "Schedule of Items" in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached "Schedule of Items", which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a "Force Account" basis as provided in the Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier's check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the "Notice to Contractors", payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Fifth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

		CONTRACTOR
Date		(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative of the Contractor)
	Witness	(Name and Title Printed)
G.	Award. Your offer is hereby accepted.	This award consummates the Contract, and the
	documents referenced herein.	MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
	Date	By: David Bernhardt, Commissioner
	Witness	

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and (Name of the firm bidding the job)

a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of Maine, with its

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract?"), hereby agree as follows:

principal place of business located at ___(address\of the firm\ bidding the job)

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, PD No.1224.00, for the Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay in the town/dity of South Nowhere, County of Washington, Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other includental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before **November 15, 2006.** Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is _____(Place bid here in alphabetical form such as One Hundred and

Two dollars and 10 cents)

(repeat bid here in numerical terms, such as \$102.10)

Performance

Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

- 1. All of the statements representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in Appendix A to Division 100 of the Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition (Federal Contract Provisions Supplement), and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
- 2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
- 3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

PIN 1234.00 South Nowhere, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay

State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the "Notice to Contractors" do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached "Schedule of Items".

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached "Schedule of Items" in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees

First: To do any extra work not covered by the attached "Schedule of Items", which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a "Force Account" basis as provided in the Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier's check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the "Notice to Contractors", payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

	ctor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, ontract Documents CONTRACTOR (Sign Here) (Sign ture of Legally Authorized Representative of the Contractor) (Print Name Here)
Witness Witness Witness Witness G. Award. Your offer is hereby accepted. documents referenced herein.	(Name and Title Printed) This award consummates the Contract, and the
	MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Date	By: David Bernhardt, Commissioner
(Witness)	

BOND#		
DUND #		

CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

(Surety Company Form)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS	S: That
	, as principal,
and	,
	s of the State of and having a
•	the Treasurer of the State of Maine in the sum
of to be paid said Treesurer of the State of	and 00/100 Dollars (\$), Maine or his successors in office, for which
•	ipal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs,
	and assigns, jointly and severally by these
the Contract to construct Project Numb	at if the Principal designated as Contractor in our in the Municipality of faithfully performs the Contract, then this it shall remain in full force and effect.
The Surety hereby waives notice of any alto of Maine.	eration or extension of time made by the State
Signed and sealed this	. day of, 20
WITNESSES:	SIGNATURES:
	CONTRACTOR:
Signature	
_	Print Name Legibly SURETY:
Signature	
Print Name Legibly	Print Name Legibly
SURETY ADDRESS:	NAME OF LOCAL AGENCY:
	ADDRESS
TELEPHONE	

CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

(Surety Company Form)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS	S: That
in the State	of, as principal,
and	
	s of the State of and having a
-	,
as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto t	he Treasurer of the State of Maine for the use
and benefit of claimants as here	in below defined, in the sum of and 00/100 Dollars (\$
	ety bind themselves, their heirs, executors and
administrators, successors and assigns, joint	
The condition of this obligation is such that	at if the Principal designated as Contractor in
the Contract to construct Project Numb	per in the Municipality of
promptly sa	tisfies all claims and demands incurred for all
labor and material, used or required by him	in connection with the work contemplated by
said Contract, and fully reimburses the o	bligee for all outlay and expense which the
obligee may incur in making good any defa	ult of said Principal, then this obligation shall
be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in	n full force and effect.
A claimant is defined as one having a	lirect contract with the Principal or with a
	terial or both, used or reasonably required for
use in the performance of the contract.	serial of com, used of federately required for
-	y of, 20
WITNESS:	SIGNATURES:
	CONTRACTOR:
-	
Print Name Legibly	Print Name Legibly
a:	SURETY:
Signature	D' (N I 'II
Print Name Legibly	Print Name Legibly
SURETY ADDRESS:	NAME OF LOCAL AGENCY:
	ADDRESS
TELEPHONE	

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THIS DOCUMENT MUST BE CLEARLY POSTED AT THE PERTAINING STATE FUNDED PREVAILING WAGE CONSTRUCTION SITE

State of Maine
Department of Labor
Bureau of Labor Standards
Wage and Hour Division
Augusta, Maine 04333-0045
Telephone (207) 623-7906

Wage Determination - In accordance with 26 MRSA §1301 et. seq., this is a determination by the Bureau of Labor Standards, of the fair minimum wage rate to be paid laborers and workers employed on the below titled project.

Title of Project -----22555.00 Large Culvert Replacement with 96" RCP Class IV Pipe

Location of Project –Rte 131 Waldo, Waldo County

2016 Fair Minimum Wage Rates Highway & Earthwork Waldo County

Highway & Earthwork Waldo County							
Occupation Title	Minimum Wage	Minimum Benefit	Total	Occupation Title	Minimum Wage	Minimum Benefit	Total
Asphalt Raker	\$14.50	\$0.00	\$14.50	Ironworker – Structural	\$23.20	\$6.20	\$29.40
Backhoe Loader Operator	\$18.25	\$1.80	\$20.05	Laborers (Incl. Helpers & Tenders)	\$13.00	\$0.22	\$13.22
Blaster Ordinance Handling & Explosives	\$19.75	\$2.02	\$21.77	Laborer – Skilled	\$16.50	\$1.52	\$18.02
Boom Truck (Truck Crane) Operator	\$21.00	\$2.85	\$23.85	Line Erector – Power/Cable Splicer	\$25.88	\$5.88	\$31.76
Bulldozer Operator	\$17.00	\$1.19	\$18.19	Loader Operator - Front End	\$18.00	\$3.51	\$21.51
Carpenter	\$20.00	\$1.63	\$21.63	Mechanic - Maintenance	\$16.75	\$0.75	\$17.50
Carpenter – Rough	\$18.00	\$1.15	\$19.15	Mechanic – Refrigeration	\$22.00	\$3.54	\$25.54
Concrete Mixing Plant Operator	\$20.00	\$4.46	\$24.46	Painter	\$16.47	\$2.68	\$19.15
Concrete Pump Operator	\$20.00	\$0.00	\$20.00	Paver Operator	\$20.88	\$4.23	\$25.11
Crane Operator <15 Tons	\$18.61	\$2.97	\$21.58	Pipe Layer	\$19.33	\$2.37	\$21.70
Crane Operator =>15 Tons	\$24.50	\$6.61	\$31.11	Pump Installer	\$25.00	\$4.67	\$29.67
Crusher Plant Operator	\$15.75	\$4.37	\$20.12	Reclaimer Operator	\$21.00	\$11.34	\$32.34
Driller – Rock	\$19.25	\$4.30	\$23.55	Roller Operator - Earth	\$11.75	\$0.30	\$12.05
Dry-Wall Applicator	\$21.50	\$2.63	\$24.13	Roller Operator - Pavement	\$21.00	\$6.83	\$27.83
Earth Auger Operator	\$23.00	\$0.00	\$23.00	Screed/Wheelman	\$18.00	\$4.65	\$22.65
Electrician – Licensed	\$26.00	\$13.87	\$39.87	Sider	\$23.00	\$1.77	\$24.77
Excavator Operator	\$18.00	\$0.92	\$18.92	Stone Mason	\$17.80	\$0.00	\$17.80
Fence Setter	\$15.25	\$1.32	\$16.57	Truck Driver - Light	\$13.50	\$0.00	\$13.50
Flagger	\$9.00	\$0.00	\$9.00	Truck Driver – Medium	\$15.00	\$0.00	\$15.00
Grader/Scraper Operator	\$18.00	\$1.04	\$19.04	Truck Driver – Heavy	\$14.90	\$1.02	\$15.92
Highway Worker/Guardrail Installer	\$14.25	\$1.30	\$15.55	Truck Driver - Tractor Trailer	\$15.25	\$1.77	\$17.02
Hot Top Plant Operator	\$23.60	\$9.48	\$33.08	Truck Driver - Mixer (Cement)	\$12.50	\$4.01	\$16.51

The Laborer classifications include a wide range of work duties. Therefore, if any specific occupation to be employed on this project is not listed in this determination, call the Bureau of Labor Standards at the above number for further clarification.

Welders are classified in the trade to which the welding is incidental.

Apprentices - The minimum wage rate for registered apprentices are those set forth in the standards and policies of the Maine State Apprenticeship and Training Council for approved apprenticeship programs. Posting of Schedule - Posting of this schedule is required in accordance with 26 MRSA §1301 et. seq., by any contractor holding a State contract for construction valued at \$50,000 or more and any subcontractors to such a contractor.

Appeal - Any person affected by the determination of these rates may appeal to the Commissioner of Labor by filing a written notice with the Commissioner stating the specific grounds of the objection within ten (10) days from the filing of these rates with the Secretary of State.

Determination No:

HI-107-2016

Filing Date:

June 16, 2016

Attest:

Expiration Date:

12-31-2016

Pamela Megathlin Director

Bureau of Labor Standards

BLS 424B2 (R2016)(Highway/Earthwork Waldo)

Town: Waldo Project: 22555.00

Date: **January 28, 2016**

SPECIAL PROVISIONS SECTION 104 Utilities

UTILITY COORDINATION

The contractor has primary responsibility for coordinating their work with utilities after contract award. The contractor shall communicate directly with the utilities regarding any utility work necessary to maintain the contractor's schedule and prevent project construction delays. The contractor shall notify the resident of any issues.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLAN AND CONDUCT WORK ACCORDINGLY.

MEETING

A Preconstruction Utility Conference, as defined in Subsection 104.4.6 of the Standard Specifications **IS** required.

GENERAL INFORMATION

These Special Provisions outline the arrangements that have been made by the Department for utility and/or railroad work to be undertaken in conjunction with this project. The following list identifies all known utilities or railroads having facilities presently located within the limits of this project or intending to install facilities during project construction.

Utilities have been notified and will be furnished a copy of the specification.

Overview:

Utility/Railroad	Aeria l	Underground
Central Maine Power Company		
Fairpoint Communications - Northland Telephone (Morrill Office)	X	X

Utility Contact Information				
Utility/Railroad	Contact Person	Contact Phone		
Central Maine Power Company	Steven Cookson	(207)338-8505		
Fairpoint Communications - Northland Telephone	Morris Leathers	(207)342-4280		

Temporary utility adjustments are not anticipated on this project however, should the contractor choose to have any poles temporarily relocated, all work will be done by Pole owner at the contractor's request and expense at no additional cost to the Department.

Unless otherwise specified, any underground utility facilities shown on the project plans represent approximate locations gathered from available information. The Department cannot certify the level of accuracy of this data. Underground facilities indicated on the topographic

Town: Waldo Project: 22555.00

Date: **January 28, 2016**

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sheets (plan views) have been collected from historical records and/or on-site designations provided by the respective utility companies.

All adjustments are to be made by the respective utility/railroad unless otherwise specified herein.

Utility working days are Monday through Friday, conditions permitting.

The contractor shall give all Utilities **10** working days notice prior to beginning any work on this project.

AERIAL

Utility adjustments **are not** anticipated as part of this project.

** Special Note to Contractor

No aerial utility relocations will occur on this project so the Contractor shall conduct culvert placements accordingly.

Utility Specific Issues:

All utilities require **5** working days advance notice prior to any operations involving work around their lines.

SUBSURFACE

Utility Specific Issues:

Fairpoint Communications has buried cable within the project limits. No adjustments are anticipated, however, Fairpoint Communications requires <u>5</u> working days advance notice prior to any operations involving the relocation of their lines.

MAINTAINING UTILITY LOCATION MARKINGS

The contractor will be responsible for maintaining the buried utility location markings following the initial locating by the appropriate utility or their designated representative.

UTILITY SIGNING

Any utility working within the construction limits of this project shall ensure that the traveling public is adequately protected at all times. All work areas shall be signed, lighted, and traffic flaggers employed as determined by field conditions. All traffic controls shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, as issued by the Federal Highway Administration.

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 105 (LIMITATION OF OPERATIONS)

- 1. A 24 hour notice is required for any changes in work schedule.
- 2. A 48 hour notice is required for a change in paving operations.
- 3. A 48 hour notice is required prior to working any Saturdays.
- 4. The Contractor will be allowed a 14 calendar day road closure beginning no sooner than 9:00 am on the first day and the road shall be opened by 5:00 pm on day 14 of the closure. The approved detour route will be the use of Routes 203, 139, and 7, as shown in the Contract Plan Set. The Contractor shall be responsible for the coordination of the Road Closure as specified in MaineDOT Standard Specifications, Section 104.4.10 Coordination of Bridge Closure. For each calendar day beyond the 14 day closure limit that the road is closed the Contractor will be charged Supplemental Liquidated Damages per calendar day at the rate stated in Section 107.7.2 Schedule of Liquidated Damages.

Town: Waldo PIN #: 22555.00 Date: 5/11/16

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 105

General Scope of Work (Environmental Requirements)

In-Water work consists of any activity conducted below the normal high water mark of a river, steam, brook, lake, pond or "Coastal Wetland" areas that are subject to tidal action during the highest tide level for the year which an activity is proposed as identified in the tide tables published by the National Ocean Service. http://www.oceanservice.noaa.gov/ For the full definition of "Coastal Wetlands", refer to 38 MRSA 480-B(2)

I. In-Water Work shall <u>not</u> be allowed between the dates of October 1 and July 14.

(In-Water work is allowed from July 15 to September 30)

- II. In-Water work window applies to the following water body at the following location:
 - 1. Unnamed tributary at 44.486682 x -69.108275
- III. Special Conditions:
 - 1. Special conditions of the Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE) Category II permit (#NAE-2016-00764) apply (see permit and conditions in contract documents).
 - 2. The Northern long-eared bat was listed as a federally-threatened species on May 4, 2015. If bats (dead or alive) are observed during construction, the contractor shall immediately contact the project Resident. When notified of observed bats, the Department will review and provide appropriate project direction. The Department's Standard Specifications, Subsection 109.5 Adjustment for Delays, Para B. Compensable Delay will be applied if the contractor is delayed as a result of this provision.

IV. Approvals:

- 1. Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan
- 2. Permitted Resource Impacts, see ACOE permit #NAE-2016-00764 for locations:

Wetland:

Permanent = none Temporary = 80 s.f.

Stream:

Permanent = 380 s.f. Temporary = 740 s.f.

- V. All activities are <u>prohibited</u> (including placement and removal of cofferdams unless otherwise permitted by Regulatory Agencies) below the normal high water mark if outside the prescribed in-water work window, except for the following:
 - 1. Work within a cofferdam constructed according to MaineDOT's Standard Specifications and in adherence with the contractors approved "Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan".
- VI. No work is allowed that completely blocks a river, stream, or brook without providing downstream flow.

NOTE: Regulatory Review and Approval is required to modify the existing In-Water work window. Requests for work window extensions must be submitted to the MaineDOT Environmental Office. Approval of request for work window extensions is not guaranteed and may result in delays in construction schedule that are the sole responsibility of the contractor.

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 107 PROSECUTION & PROGRESS (CONTRACT TIME)

- 1. The Contractor will be allowed to commence work on **July 15, 2016** provided that all required plans/submittals have been received and approved by the Department.
- 2. Completion date for this Contract is October 10, 2016.
- 3. For every weekday not worked once operations commence, the Contractor will be charged Supplemental Liquidated Damages per calendar day at the rate stated in Section 107.7.2 of the State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Revision of November 2014.

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 203

(Special Fill - Streambed Materials)

<u>203.01 Description</u> This work consists of furnishing and placing rock, cobble and granular material inside of, and upstream and/or downstream of, a culvert to form a nature-like streambed.

<u>203.02 Materials</u> Special Fill shall consist of a well-graded mixture of sub-angular to sub-rounded rock, cobbles, and aggregate similar in size and shape to those found in natural channels and may be obtained as bank run or screening materials from earth borrow pits.

Material from blasting or crushing operations will not be allowed unless the Contractor satisfactorily demonstrates that dredge or pit-run materials are unsuitable or not available.

Clean, granular material excavated on-site in accordance with Special Provision Section 203, Excavation and Embankment - Dredge Materials that meet the requirements of this Special Provision and the approval of the Resident may be used in the mix.

Special Fill shall conform to the following requirements:

- Approximately 20% by volume shall be stones between 9 and 15 inches average dimension.
- Approximately 30% by volume shall be stones between 4 and 9 inches average dimension.
- Approximately 50% by volume shall be aggregate meeting the grading requirements of the following table:

Sieve	Percentage by Weight
Designation	Passing Square Mesh Sieves
4 inch	100
3 inch	80 – 95
2 inch	65 – 80
1 inch	45 – 60
1/2 inch	30 – 45
No. 4	20 – 30
No. 200	0 - 5.0

Testing and Inspection. Gradation testing will be performed on the portion of Special Fill passing the 4 inch sieve. Failing material will be evaluated for suitability by the

Department and may be rejected. The grading of stone larger than 4 inches will be inspected for conformance with these requirements in accordance with the Standard Specifications, Section 610.032.d Inspection.

203.03 Construction Requirements

- A. Culvert. Mix and place Special Fill along the length of the culvert in a manner that minimizes segregation and as follows:
 - Firmly embed stones in the mix and fill in voids by hand tamping and washing-in with water. Larger individual stones protruding more than 6 inches above the average surface grade shall be embedded, re-oriented, or replaced.
 - Construct a shallow, roughly V-shaped low-flow channel in the streambed surface. The average thickness of Special Fill along the flow line shall be 24 inches. The average surface of the Special Fill along the culvert walls shall be approximately 6 inches higher than the channel bottom. The low point of the channel may vary laterally across the width of the culvert, but shall remain at least 1 foot away from the culvert walls. Hand shaping of Special Fill may be required.
 - Thoroughly wet the Special Fill prior to exposure to normal flow conditions. Fill any remaining voids by washing-in a mixture of fines from the Special Fill until the surface is sealed. After washing-in, the depth shall meet the average thickness requirements shown on the Plans.
- B. Inlet/Outlet Riprap Pads. Cover the in-stream portion of the riprap pads with Special Fill and fill in voids by hand tamping and washing-in. The depth after washing in shall meet the requirements shown on the Plans.
- C. Rock Bands. Stone for rock bands shall consist of hard, sound, durable rock that will not disintegrate by exposure to water or weather. Rock shall be sub-angular or as approved by the Resident. The rock may be obtained from earth borrow pits or quarries. The minimum size shall have an average dimension of 6 inches; the maximum size shall have an average dimension of 18 inches. Fifty percent of the stones by volume shall have an average dimension of 12 inches. Stones shall be chinked together and shaped convex to the direction of flow at the locations specified in the contract Plans.

Method of Measurement

Special Fill will be measured in place by the cubic yard accepted by the Resident.

Waldo WIN 22555.00 Route 131 May 20, 2016

Basis of Payment

The accepted quantities of Special Fill will be paid for at the respective contract price per cubic yard complete in place. Payment shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, equipment and labor including washing-in with water.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item		<u>Pay Unit</u>
203.33	Special Fill	CY

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

The Standard Specification <u>401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement</u>, has been modified with the following revisions. All sections not revised by this Supplemental Specification shall be as outlined in Section 401 of the Standard Specifications.

401.18 Quality Control Method A, B & C The Contractor shall operate in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan (QCP) to assure a product meeting the contract requirements. The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106.6 - Acceptance and this Section. The Contractor shall not begin paving operations until the Department approves the QCP in writing.

The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever one of the following occurs on a lot in progress:

- a. Method A: The Pay Factor for VMA, Voids @ N_d , Percent PGAB, composite gradation, VFB, fines to effective binder or density using all Acceptance or all Quality Control tests for the current lot is less than 0.85. No ceasing of paving operations shall be required for fines to effective binder if the mean test value is equal to the LSL or USL and s=0.
- b. Method B: The Pay Factor for VMA, Voids @ N_d , Percent PGAB, composite gradation, VFB, fines to effective binder or density using all Acceptance or all Quality Control tests for the current lot is less than 0.90. No ceasing of paving operations shall be required for fines to effective binder if the mean test value is equal to the LSL or USL and s=0.
- c. Method C: The Pay Factor for Percent PGAB, percent passing the nominal maximum sieve, percent passing 2.36 mm sieve, percent passing 0.300 mm sieve, percent passing 0.075 mm sieve or density using all Acceptance or all available Quality Control tests for the current lot is less than 0.85. No ceasing of paving operations shall be required for percent passing the nominal maximum sieve, percent passing 2.36 mm sieve, percent passing 0.300 mm sieve, or percent passing 0.075 mm sieve if the mean test value is equal to the LSL or USL and s = 0.
- d. The Coarse Aggregate Angularity or Fine Aggregate Angularity value falls below the requirements of Table 3: Aggregate Consensus Properties Criteria in Section 703.07 for the design traffic level.
- e. Each of the first 2 control tests for a Method A or B lot fall outside the upper or lower limits for VMA, Voids @ Nd, or Percent PGAB; or under Method C, each of the first 2 control tests for the lot fall outside the upper or lower limits for the nominal maximum, 2.36 mm, 0.300 mm or 0.075 mm sieves, or percent PGAB.
- f. The Flat and Elongated Particles value exceeds 10% by ASTM D4791.
- g. There is any visible damage to the aggregate due to over-densification other than on variable depth shim courses.
- h. The Contractor fails to follow the approved QCP.

401.203 Method C Lot Size will be the entire production per JMF for the project, or if so agreed at the Prepaving Conference, equal lots of up to 4500 tons, with unanticipated over-runs of up to 1500 ton rolled into the last lot. Sublot sizes shall be 750 ton for mixture properties, 500 ton for base or binder densities and 250 ton for surface densities. The minimum number of sublots for mixture properties shall be 4, and the minimum number of sublots for density shall be five.

TABLE 7: METHOD C ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Property	USL and LSL
Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-7%
Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/-5%
Passing 0.60 mm	Target +/-4%
Passing 0.30 mm to 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-2%
PGAB Content	Target +/-0.4%
% TMD (In place density)	95.0% +/- 2.5%

Pay Adjustment Method C

The Department will use density, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder content, and the percent passing the nominal maximum, 2.36 mm, 0.300 mm and 0.075 mm sieves for the type of HMA represented in the JMF. If the PGAB content falls below 0.80, then the PGAB pay factor shall be 0.55.

<u>Density</u>: For mixes having a density requirement, the Department will determine a pay factor using Table 7: Method C Acceptance Limits:

$$PA = (density PF- 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.50$$

<u>PGAB Content and Gradation</u> The Department will determine a pay factor using Table 7: Method C Acceptance Limits. The Department will calculate the price adjustment for Mixture Properties as follows:

 $PA = (\% \ Passing \ Nom. \ Max \ PF-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.05+(\% \ passing \ 2.36 \ mm \ PF-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.05+(\% \ passing \ 0.30 \ mm \ PF-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.05+(\% \ passing \ 0.075 \ mm \ PF-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.10+(PGAB \ PF-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.25$

401.223 Process for Dispute Resolution (Methods A B & C only)

TABLE 10: DISPUTE RESOLUTION VARIANCE LIMITS

PGAB Content	+/-0.4%
$G_{ m mb}$	+/-0.030
G_{mm}	+/-0.020
Voids @ N _d	+/-0.8%
VMA	+/-0.8%
Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	+/- 4.0%
Passing 2.36 mm to 0.60 mm sieves	+/- 3.0%
Passing 0.30 mm to 0.15	+/- 2.0 %
0.075 mm sieve	+/- 0.8%

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 403 HOT MIX ASPHALT

Desc. Of Course	Grad Design.	Item Number	Total Thick	No. Of Layers	Comp. Notes
		6" HMA C	verlay Area	<u>ıs</u>	
Full Construction Areas - Mainline Travelway & Shoulders					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.208	2"	1	2,4,10,17
Intermediate	12.5 mm	403.213	2"	1	2,4,10,17
Base	12.5 mm	403.213	2"	1	2,4,10,17

COMPLEMENTARY NOTES

- 2. The incentive/disincentive provisions for density shall not apply. Rollers shall meet the requirements of this special provision. The use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all mixtures pavements placed on <u>bridge decks</u>.
- 4. The design traffic level for mix placed shall be 0.3 to <3 million ESALS. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at <u>50</u> gyrations.
- 10. Section 106.6 Acceptance, (2) Method D.
- 17. Compaction of the new Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be obtained using a minimal roller train consisting of a **10 ton** vibratory, **12 ton** pneumatic, and a **10 ton** finish roller for roadway work. A daily paving report, summarizing the mixture type, mixture temperature, equipment used, environmental conditions, and number of roller passes, shall be recorded and signed by the QCT and presented to the Department's representative by the end of the working day. An approved release agent is required to ensure the mixture dose not adhere to hand tools, rollers, pavers, and truck bodies. The use of petroleum based fuel oils, or asphalt stripping solvents will not be permitted.

Tack Coat

A tack coat of emulsified asphalt, RS-1, Item 409.15 shall be applied to any existing pavement at a rate of approximately 0.025 gal/yd², and on milled pavement approximately 0.05 gal/yd² prior to placing a new course. A fog coat of emulsified asphalt shall be applied between shim /base courses and the surface course, at a rate not to exceed 0.025 gal/yd². Tack used between layers of pavement will be paid for at the contract unit price for Item 409.15 Bituminous Tack Coat.

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Waldo WIN 22555.00 Route 131 April 19, 2016

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 603 PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS (State Supplied Culvert)

<u>603.01 Description</u> This work shall consist of the loading, transportation, offloading, storage, and installation of a large culvert located at the maintenance lot at **516 Belfast Road, Knox, ME**. This culvert will be supplied by the State.

<u>603.02 Materials</u> The large culvert will be supplied by the State. Any necessary gaskets not provided with the culvert shall be furnished by the contractor and will be considered incidental to this item.

Excavated material shall be used for backfilling unless it is determined to be unsuitable by the Resident. If the material is unsuitable, backfill material shall conform to Section 703.19 – Granular Borrow.

<u>603.03 Construction Requirements</u> The work shall conform to Section 603 – Pipe Culverts and Storm Drains, except as modified herein.

<u>603.031 Delivery of Precast Units</u> The transportation and storage of the culvert sections shall be in a manner to prevent cracking or damage.

The Contractor shall set precast members on ½ inch neoprene pads during shipment to prevent damage. The Contractor shall repair any damage to precast sections resulting from shipping or handling to the satisfaction of the Resident.

The Contractor installing the precast units shall be responsible for loading the precast sections at the above mentioned address as well as offloading the sections at or near the project location. Any incidental materials needed to temporarily store the units at the project shall be provided by the Contractor and will be considered incidental to this item.

The State supplied culvert will be located at the above address. The Resident will inform the Contractor of the date on which units will be available for pickup. The pickup shall be coordinated with the Department.

603.032 Installation of Precast Units The excavation will be constructed in conformance with Section 206 – Structural Excavation, except that common excavation below subgrade will be considered incidental to this item. Rock excavation below subgrade will be paid under 206.07 – Structural Rock Excavation – Drainage and Minor Structures.

The Contractor shall place and compact bedding material as shown in the contract Plans prior to setting any culvert sections. Holes that were cast in the units for handling shall be filled with

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either Portland cement mortar or with precast plugs secured with Portland cement mortar or other approved adhesive. The Contractor shall completely fill the exterior face of joints between precast sections with an approved material and cover with a minimum of 12 inches wide of joint wrap. The surface shall be free of dirt and deleterious materials before applying the filler material and joint wrap. The Contractor shall install the external wrap in one continuous piece over each joint and ensure that the joint wrap remains in place during backfilling. Each section of pipe shall be connected with pipe ties that conform to Standard Details 603(10) and 603(11) or 603(12).

Final assembly of the precast units shall be approved and accepted by the Resident prior to placing backfill. The Contractor shall backfill in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the Contract Documents. When Granular Borrow is used for backfilling, Section 203.12 – Construction of Earth Embankment shall apply, except that the minimum required compaction shall be 92 percent as determined by AASHTO T180. Whenever a compaction test fails, the Contractor shall not place additional backfill over the area until the lift is compacted further and a passing test is achieved. When excavated material is used for backfill, compaction shall be performed in a method satisfactory to the Resident and no compaction tests will be required.

The Contractor shall use hand-operated compactors within 5 feet of the structure as well as over the top until it is covered with at least 12 inches of backfill. Equipment weighing more than 12 tons shall not be used until a minimum cover of 24 inches of backfill is placed and compacted.

The excavation will be constructed in conformance with Section 206 – Structural Excavation, except that common excavation below subgrade will be considered incidental to this item. Rock excavation below subgrade will be paid under 206.07 – Structural Rock Excavation – Drainage and Minor Structures.

If bedding material is required, it shall meet the requirements in the contract Plans. Gradation testing will be performed on the bedding material.

<u>603.04 Method of Measurement</u> The large culvert installation will be measured for payment by the linear foot.

603.05 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of large culvert installed will be paid for at the contract lump sum price with such payment being full compensation for all transportation, labor, equipment, materials, professional services, and incidentals for installing the precast concrete culvert. Excavation below subgrade elevation and placing and compacting of backfill will be considered incidental to this item. Concrete Pipe Ties and Granular Borrow will be paid for separately under their respective Contract pay items.

Pay Item

603.5303 96" RCP Class IV – State Supplied LF/LS

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 606 TANGENT GUARDRAIL TERMINAL (ENERGY ABSORBING)

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of furnishing and installing an energy absorbing tangent guardrail terminals for W-beam guardrail in accordance with these specifications at locations shown on the Plans or as directed by the Resident.

<u>Materials:</u> The terminal shall be in compliance with NCHRP 350 Test Level 3 and meet Federal Highway Administration eligibility requirements for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program. The system selected shall be one that is currently listed on MaineDOT's Qualified Products List of Terminals for W-Beam Guardrail Systems – Tangent Terminals (Energy Absorbing).

<u>Installation:</u> A set of installation drawings shall be submitted to the Resident for the system installed. The system shall be installed according to the manufacturer's installation drawings and recommendations.

<u>Method of Measurement:</u> Terminals shall be measured by each unit, complete, in place, and accepted.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> The accepted quantity of terminals shall be paid for at the contract unit price, such payment being full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item		Unit
606.81	Tangent Guardrail Terminal – Energy Absorbing	Each

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 627</u> PAVEMENT MARKINGS

<u>627.04 General.</u> The subsection is revised by the addition of the following:

Add: "Temporary pavement marking lines - center lines, shall be painted on all matched pavement within one week.

Temporary pavement marking lines - edge lines, shall be painted on all pavement layers within four weeks.

All Temporary pavement marking lines shall be painted prior to final striping.

Multilane sections, truck lanes, and milled surfaces shall have temporary pavement marking lines striped daily on all matched pavement layers.

Temporary Object Markers, TOMs, shall be used on all pavement layers until temporary pavement marking lines are applied.

TOMs, shall be removed prior to final striping.

TOMs, removal shall be addressed in the Traffic Control Plan."

<u>627.09 Method of Measurement.</u> The Subsection is revised by the deletion of and replacement with the following:

Delete: "Temporary pavement marking lines shall be measured as one lump sum for work accepted."

And replace with: "Temporary pavement marking lines shall be measured by the number of feet for work accepted."

627.10 Basis of Payment. The last paragraph is amended as follows:

Remove the following: "The accepted quantity of temporary pavement marking lines will be paid for at the contract lump sum price and will include as many applications as required and removal when required."

And replace with: "The accepted quantity of temporary pavement marking lines will be paid for at the contract unit price bid, per linear foot of temporary pavement markings installed and approved.

Temporary Object Markers, TOMs, will be considered incidental to Item No. 627.78.

Once Construction is Complete: Maintenance of Traffic Control Devices (652.36) will not be paid while waiting to final stripe. Liquidated Damages will not be charged while waiting to final stripe."

Pay Item		Pay Unit
627.733	4" White or Yellow Painted Pavement Marking Line	LF
627.78	Temporary 4" Paint Pavement marking Line W Or Y	LF

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 652 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Approaches Approach signing shall include the following signs as a minimum. Field conditions may warrant the use of additional signs as determined by the Resident.

Road work Next x Miles Road work 500 Feet End Road Work

Work Area At each work site, signs and channelizing devices shall be used as directed by the Resident. Signs include:

Road Work xxxx ¹ One Lane Road Ahead Flagger Sign

Other typical signs include:

Be Prepared to Stop Low Shoulder Bump Pavement Ends

The above lists of Approach signs and Work Area signs are representative of the contract Requirements. Other sign legends may be required.

The Contractor shall conduct their operations in such a manner that the roadway will not be restricted to one lane for more than 800 m [2,500 ft] at each work area. To encourage quality paving in warm-weather conditions, the length can be extended to 4,000 ft depending on the traffic impacts. Where more than one work area restricts traffic to one lane operation, these work areas shall be separated by at least 1.6 km [1 mile] of two way operation.

<u>Temporary Centerline</u> A temporary centerline shall be placed each day on all new pavement to be used by traffic. The temporary centerline, when specified of reflectorized traffic paint, shall conform to the standard marking patterns used for permanent markings.

Failure to apply a temporary centerline daily will result in a Traffic Control Violation and suspension of paving operations until temporary markers are applied to all previously placed pavement.

¹ "Road Work Ahead" to be used in mobile operations and "Road Work xx ft" to be used in stationary
operations as directed by the Resident.
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STANDARD DETAIL UPDATES

Standard Details and Standard Detail updates are available at: http://maine.gov/mdot/contractors/publications/standarddetail/

Detail #	Description	Revision Date
501(02)	Pipe Pile Splice	3/05/2015
501(03)	H – Pile Splice	3/05/2015
504(07)	Diaphragm & Crossframe Notes	10/13/2015
507(13)	Steel Bridge Railing	6/03/2015
507(14)	Steel Bridge Railing	6/03/2015
507(31)	Barrier - Mounted Steel Bridge	8/06/2015
526(02)	Temporary Concrete Barrier	8/06/2015

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SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

(Corrections, Additions, & Revisions to Standard Specifications - November 2014)

SECTION 101 CONTRACT INTERPRETATION

101.2 Definitions

Page 1-5 – Remove the definition of <u>Bridge</u> in its entirety and replace with:

<u>"Bridge</u> A structure that is erected over a depression or an obstruction, such as water, a highway or a railway, and has an opening measured along the centerline of the Roadway of more than 20 feet between: The faces of abutments; spring line of arches; extreme ends of openings of box culverts, pipes or pipe arches; or the extreme ends of openings for multiple box culverts, pipes or pipe arches."

Page 1-12 – Remove the definition of <u>Large Culvert</u> in its entirety and replace with:

"<u>Large Culvert</u> Any structure not defined as a Culvert or Bridge that provides a drainage or non-drainage opening under the Roadway or Approaches to the Roadway, with an opening that is 5 feet but less than 10 feet."

Remove the definition of Minor Span in its entirety and replace with:

"Minor Span Same definition as Bridge, except having an opening of between 10 feet and 20 feet, inclusive."

SECTION 104 GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITES

This Section shall be amended by adding the following sub-section:

104.3.8.1 Electronic Payroll Submission On federally funded projects, the prime contractor and all subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will submit their certified payrolls electronically utilizing the Elation System web based reporting. There is no charge to the contracting community for the use of this service. The submission of paper payrolls will not be allowed or accepted. Additional information can be found at http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/ under the "Notices!" Electronic Payroll System Training & Implementation dated 10/4/2013.

104.4.10 Coordination of Road Closure / Bridge Closure / Bridge Width Restrictions
Revise the last sentence by adding a period after 'Resident'; remove the "and" after Resident; and adding "not covered by Pay Items" between 'costs' and 'will'. So that the last paragraph reads "All Newspaper notices, radio announcements and any notifications will be subject to the approval of the Resident. All costs not covered by Pay Items will be considered incidental to the Contract."

<u>104.5.5 Prompt Payment of Subcontractors</u> Add the following paragraph to this subsection:

C. Payment Tracking Federal Projects On federally funded projects, the prime contractor, subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will track and confirm the delivery and receipt of all payments through the Elation System. They will be responsible for entering all payments to all sub and lower tier contractors. MaineDOT will run a query monthly to ensure that contractors are complying and generate an e-mail to contractors who have not responded to confirm receipt of MaineDOT payment or contractor payment to lower tier subcontractors.

SECTION 105 GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK

105.4.5 Special Detours Remove this subsection in its entirety and replace with: "105.4.5 Maintenance of Existing Structures When a new Bridge or Minor Span is being installed on a new alignment and the existing structure is to remain in service, the Department will maintain the existing structure and the portions of the roadway required for maintaining traffic until such time that the new structure is opened to traffic and the existing structure is taken out of service. A similar situation exists when a new Bridge or Minor Span is being installed on the same alignment as the existing structure, requiring a temporary detour to be installed by the Contractor per Section 510, Special Detours, prior to removal of the existing structure. In this case, the Department will maintain the existing structure and the portions of the existing roadway required for maintaining traffic until such time that either the temporary detour is opened to traffic or the Contractor begins any work on the existing structure, including, but not limited to, repairs, modifications, moving, demolition or removal. In either case, once the new structure or temporary detour is opened to traffic, or the Contractor begins any work on the existing structure, the Contractor shall be solely responsible for all maintenance of the existing structure and the portions of the existing approaches that lie outside the new roadway or the temporary detour, respectively. This specification is not intended to supersede Standard Specification Section 104.3.11, Responsibility for Property of Others."

105.6.2.4 Department Verification Add the following to the end of the first sentence: "or other approved method, such as reference staking, to allow the Department to independently verify the accuracy of the work, as approved by the Department."

SECTION 106 QUALITY

106.4.1 General - In the first sentence, remove "When required by Special Provision," and replace with "When required elsewhere in the Contract,"

SECTION 108 PAYMENT

<u>108.3 Retainage</u> - Remove the paragraph beginning with "The Contractor may withdraw..."

108.4.1 Price Adjustment for Hot Mix Asphalt:

Remove this section in its entirety and replace with the following

For all contracts with hot mix asphalt in excess of 500 tons total, a price adjustment for performance graded binder will be made for the following pay items:

Item 403.102	Hot Mix Asphalt – Special Areas			
Item 403.206	Hot Mix Asphalt - 25 mm			
Item 403.207	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm			
Item 403.2071	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Polymer Modified)			
Item 403.2072	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)			
Item 403.208	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm			
Item 403.2081	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Polymer Modified)			
Item 403.209	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (sidewalks, drives, & incidentals)			
Item 403.210	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm			
Item 403.2101	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified)			
Item 403.2102	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)			
Item 403.2104	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Thin Lift Surface Treatment)			
Item 403.21041	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified Thin Lift Surface			
Treatment)				
Item 403.211	Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim			
Item 403.2111	Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim (Polymer Modified)			
Item 403.212	Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Shim)			
Item 403.213	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course)			
Item 403.2131	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course Polymer			
Modified)				
Item 403.2132	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base and intermediate			
course)				
Item 403.214	Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Surface)			
Item 403.235	Hot Mix Asphalt (High Performance Rubberized HMA)			
Item 403.301	Hot Mix Asphalt (Asphalt Rubber Gap-Graded)			
Item 404.70	Colored Hot Mix Asphalt – 9.5mm (Surface)			
Item 404.72	Colored Hot Mix Asphalt – 9.5mm (Islands, sidewalks, &			
incidentals)				
Item 461.13	Light Capital Pavement			
Item 462.30	Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course			
Item 462.301	Polymer Modified Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course			

Price adjustments will be based on the variance in costs for the performance graded binder component of hot mix asphalt. They will be determined as follows:

The quantity of hot mix asphalt for each pay item will be multiplied by the performance graded binder percentages given in the table below times the difference in price between the base price and the period price of asphalt cement. Adjustments will be made upward or downward, as prices increase or decrease.

Item 403.102-6.2% Item 403.206-4.8% Item 403.207-5.2% Item 403.2071-5.2% Item 403.2072-5.8% Item 403.208-5.6% Item 403.2081-5.6% Item 403.209-6.2% Item 403.210-6.2% Item 403.2101–6.2% Item 403.2102-6.8% Item 403.2104-6.2% Item 403.21041-6.2% Item 403.211-6.2% Item 403.2111-6.2% Item 403.212-6.8% Item 403.213-5.6% Item 403.2131-5.6% Item 403.2132-6.2% Item 403.214-6.8% Item 403.235-5.5% Item 403.301-6.2% Item 404.70-6.2% Item 404.72-6.2% Item 461.13–6.5% Item 462.30-0.0021 tons/SY Item 462.301–0.0021 tons/SY

Hot Mix Asphalt: The quantity of hot mix asphalt will be determined from the quantity shown on the progress estimate for each pay period.

<u>Base Price</u>: The base price of performance graded binder to be used is the price per standard ton current with the bid opening date. This price is determined by using the average New England Selling Price (Excluding the Connecticut market area), as listed in the Asphalt Weekly Monitor.

<u>Period Price</u>: The period price of performance graded binder will be determined by the Department by using the average New England Selling Price (Excluding the Connecticut market area), listed in the Asphalt Weekly Monitor current with the paving date. The maximum Period Price for paving after the adjusted Contract Completion Date will be the Period Price on the adjusted Contract Completion Date.

SECTION 109 CHANGES

109.5.1 Definitions - Types of Delays

Delete Paragraph 'A' in its entirety and replace with:

"A. Excusable Delay Except as expressly provided otherwise by this Contract, an "Excusable Delay" is a Delay to the Critical Path that is directly and solely caused by (1) a weather related Event of such an unusually severe nature that a Federal Emergency Disaster is declared. The Contractor will only be entitled to an adjustment of time if the Project falls within the geographic boundaries prescribed under the disaster declaration. or (2) a flooding event at the effected location of the Project that results in a Q25 headwater elevation, or greater, but less than a Q50 headwater elevation. Theoretical headwater elevations will be determined by the Department; actual headwater elevations will be determined by the Contractor and verified by the Department or (3) An Uncontrollable Event."

APPENDIX A TO DIVISION 100

Remove Section D in its entirety as this is now covered in Section 105.10 <u>EQUAL</u> <u>OPPORTUNITY AND CIVIL RIGHTS</u>.

SECTION 203 EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

203.02 Materials

At the bottom of page 2-12, add as the first item in the list:

Crushed Stone, ³/₄ inch 703.13

203.042 Rock Excavation and Blasting

On page 2-16, add the word "No" to the third sentence in Section 5 Submittals, Subsection V, 1 so that it reads:

"No blasting products will be allowed on the job site if the date codes are missing."

SECTION 304 AGGREGATE BASE AND SUBBASE COURSE

304.02 Aggregate

Remove the sentence "Aggregate for base and subbase courses shall be material meeting the aggregate type requirements specified in the following table" in its entirety and the table that follows it with headings of 'Material' and 'Aggregate Type'.

304.02 – Aggregate Add the following sentence before the sentence starting with "When designated on the plans...": "Aggregate Base Course – Type C will be capped with 2" of Page 5 of 27

millings or Untreated Aggregate Surface Course – Type B. Payment for this material will be made under 304.16"

SECTION 307 FULL DEPTH RECYCLED PAVEMENT

Remove this Section in its entirety and replace with:

SECTION 307 FULL DEPTH RECYCLING (UNTREATED OR TREATED WITH EMULSIFIED ASPHALT STABILIZER)

<u>307.01 Description</u> This work shall consist of pulverizing a portion of the existing roadway structure into a homogenous mass, adding an emulsified asphalt stabilizer (if required) to the depth of the pulverized material specified in the contract, placing and compacting this material to the lines, grades, and dimensions shown on the plans or established by the Resident.

MATERIALS

<u>307.02 Pulverized Material</u> Pulverized material shall consist of the existing asphalt pavement layers and one inch or more as specified of the underlying gravel, pulverized and blended into a homogenous mass. Pulverized material will be processed to 100% passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve.

307.021 New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material New aggregate, if required by the contract, shall meet the requirements of Subsection 703.10 - Aggregate for Untreated Surface Course and Leveling Course, Type A. Aggregate Subbase Course Gravel Type D processed to 100 percent passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve and meeting the requirements of 703.06 – Aggregate for Base and Subbase may be used in areas requiring depths greater than 2 inches. New aggregate, will be measured and paid for under the appropriate item.

Recycled material, if required, shall consist of salvaged asphalt material from the project or from off-site stockpiles that has been processed before use to 100 percent passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve. Recycled material shall be conditionally accepted at the source by the Resident. It shall be free of winter sand, granular fill, construction debris, or other materials not generally considered asphalt pavement.

Recycled material generated and salvaged from the project shall be used within the roadway limits to the extent it is available as described in 307.09. No additional payment will be made for material salvaged from the project.

Recycled material supplied from off-site stockpiles shall be paid for as described in the contract, or by contract modification.

<u>307.022</u> Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer. If required, the emulsified asphalt stabilizer shall be grade MS-2, MS-4, SS-1, or CSS-1 meeting the requirements of Subsection 702.04 Emulsified Asphalt.

<u>307.023 Water</u> Water shall be clean and free from deleterious concentrations of acids, alkalis, salts or other organic or chemical substances.

307.024 Portland Cement If required, Portland Cement shall be Type I or II meeting the requirements of AASHTO M85.

307.025 Hydrated Lime AASHTO M216. If required, Hydrated Lime shall meet the requirements of

EQUIPMENT

<u>307.03 Pulverizer</u> The pulverizer shall be a self-propelled machine, specifically manufactured for full-depth recycling work and capable of reducing the required existing materials to a size that will pass a 2 inch square mesh sieve. The machine shall be equipped with standard automatic depth controls and must maintain a consistent cutting depth and width. The machine also shall be equipped with a gauge to show depth of material being processed.

<u>307.04 Liquid Mixer Unit or Distributor</u>. If treatment of the recycled layer with emulsified asphalt is required by the contract, a liquid mixing unit or distributor shall be used to introduce the emulsified asphalt stabilizer into the pulverized material. The mixing unit shall contain a liquid distribution and mixing system which has been specifically manufactured for full-depth recycling work, capable of mixing the pulverized material with an evenly metered distribution of emulsified asphalt into a homogeneous mixture, to the depth and width required.

The mixing unit shall be designed, equipped, maintained, and operated so that emulsified asphalt stabilizer at constant temperature may be applied uniformly on variable widths of pulverized material up to 6 feet at readily determined and controlled rates from 0.01 to 1.06 gal/yd² with uniform pressure and with an allowable variation from any specified rate not to exceed 0.01 gal/yd². Mixing units shall include a tachometer, pressure gages, and accurate volume measuring devices or a calibrated tank and a thermometer for measuring temperatures of tank contents.

307.041 Cement or Lime Spreader If required by the contract, spreading of the Portland Cement or Hydrated Lime shall be done with a spreader truck designed to spread dry particulate (such as Portland Cement or Lime) or other approved means to insure a uniform distribution across the roadway and minimize fugitive dust. Pneumatic application, including through a slotted pipe, will not be permitted. Other systems that have been developed include fog systems, vacuum systems, etc. Slurry applications may also be accepted. The Department reserves the right to accept or reject the method of spreading cement. The Contractor shall provide a method for verifying that the correct amount of cement is being applied.

<u>307.05 Placement Equipment</u> Placement of the Full Depth recycled material to the required slope and grade shall be done with an approved highway grader or by another method approved by the Resident.

<u>307.06 Rollers</u> The full depth recycled material shall be rolled with a vibratory pad foot roller, a vibratory steel drum soil compactor and a pneumatic tire roller. The pad foot roller drum shall have a minimum of 112 tamping feet 3 inches in height, a minimum contact area per foot of 17 inch², and a minimum width of 84 inches. The vibratory steel drum roller shall have a minimum 84 inch width single drum. The pneumatic tire roller shall meet the requirements of Section 401.10 and the minimum allowable tire pressure shall be 85 psi.

MIX DESIGN

If treatment of the recycled layer with emulsified asphalt is required by the contract, the Department will supply a mix design for the emulsified asphalt stabilized material based on test results from pavement and soil analysis taken to the design depth. The Department will provide the following information prior to construction:

- 1. Percent of emulsified asphalt to be used.
- 2. Quantity of lime or cement to be added.
- 3. Optimum moisture content for proper compaction.
- 4. Additional aggregate (if required).

After a test strip has been completed or as the work progresses, it may be necessary for the Resident to make necessary adjustments to the mix design. Changes to compensation will be in accordance with the Mix Design Special Provision.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>307.06 Pulverizing</u> The entire depth of existing pavement shall be pulverized together with 1 inch or more of the underlying gravel into a homogenous mass. All pulverizing shall be done with equipment that will provide a homogenous mass of pulverized material, processed in-place, which will pass a 2 inch square mesh sieve.

307.07 Weather Limitations Full depth recycled work shall be performed when;

- A. Recycling operations will be allowed between May 15th and September 15th inclusive in Zone 1 Areas north of US Route 2 from Gilead to Bangor and north of Route 9 from Bangor to Calais.
- B. The atmospheric temperature, as determined by an approved thermometer placed in the shade at the recycling location, is 50°F and rising.
- C. When there is no standing water on the surface.
- D. During generally dry conditions, or when weather conditions are such that proper pulverizing, mixing, grading, finishing and curing can be obtained using proper procedures, and when compaction can be accomplished as determined by the Resident.

- E. When the surface is not frozen and when overnight temperatures are expected to be above 32°F.
- F. Wind conditions are such that the spreading of lime or cement on the roadway ahead of the recycling machine will not adversely affect the operation.

307.08 Surface Tolerance The complete surface of the Full Depth Recycled course shall be shaped and maintained to a tolerance, above or below the required cross sectional shape, of 3/8 inch.

307.09 Full Depth Recycling Procedure New aggregate or recycled material meeting the requirements of Section 307.021 - New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material, shall be added as necessary to restore cross-slope and/or grade before pulverizing. Locations will be shown on the plans or described in the construction notes. The Resident may add other locations while construction of the project is in progress. The Contractor will use recycled material to the extent it is available, in lieu of new aggregate. The material shall then be pulverized, processed, and blended into a homogeneous mass passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve. Material found not pulverized down to a 2 inch size will be required to be reprocessed by the recycler with successive passes until approved by the Resident.

Should the Contractor be required to add new aggregate or recycled material to restore cross-slope and/or grade after the initial pulverizing process, those areas will require reprocessing to blend into a homogenous mass passing a 2 in square mesh sieve.

Sufficient water shall be added during the recycling process to maintain optimum moisture for compaction.

The resultant material from the initial pulverizing processes shall be graded and compacted to the cross-slope and profile shown on the plans or as directed by the Resident. The Contractor will also be responsible for re-establishing the existing profile grade. The completed surface of the full depth recycled course shall be shaped and maintained to a tolerance, above or below the required cross sectional shape, of 3/8 inch. Areas not meeting this tolerance will be repaired as described in Section 307.091. The initial pulverizing process density requirements will be the same as Section 307.101 unless otherwise directed by the Resident.

Additives, if required, shall be introduced following completion of the initial pulverizing and blending process. Emulsified asphalt stabilizer shall be incorporated into the top of the processed material as specified in section 307.04 to the depth specified in the contract by use of the liquid mixer unit or a distributor, at the rate specified in the mix design. The emulsified asphalt shall then be uniformly blended into a homogeneous mass until an apparent uniform distribution has occurred. The rate of application may be adjusted as necessary by the Resident. Cement or lime shall be introduced as described in section 307.041. The resultant material shall be graded and compacted to the cross-slope and profile shown on the plans or as directed by the Resident. The Contractor will also be responsible for re-establishing the existing profile grade.

After final compaction, the roadway surface shall be treated with a light application of water, and rolled with pneumatic-tired rollers to create a close-knit texture. The finished layer shall be free from:

- A. Surface laminations.
- B. Segregation of fine and coarse aggregate.
- C. Corrugations, centerline differential, potholes, or any other defects that may adversely affect the performance of the layer, or any layers to be placed upon it.

The Contractor shall protect and maintain the recycled layer until a lift of pavement is applied. Any damage or defects in the layer shall be repaired immediately. An even and uniform surface shall be maintained. The recycled surface shall be swept prior to hot mix asphalt overlay placement.

307.091 Repairs Repairs and maintenance of the recycled layers, resulting from damage caused by traffic, weather or environmental conditions, or resulting from damage caused by the Contractor's operations or equipment, shall be completed at no additional cost to the Department.

For recycled layers stabilized with emulsified asphalt, low areas will be repaired using a hot mix asphalt shim. Areas up to 1 inch high can be repaired by milling or shimming with hot mix asphalt. Areas greater than 1 inch high will be repaired using a hot mix asphalt shim. All repair work will be done with the Resident's approval at the Contractor's expense.

TESTING REQUIREMENTS

<u>307.10 Quality Control</u> The Contractor shall operate in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan (QCP) to assure a product meeting the contract requirements. The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106.4 - Quality Control and this Section. The Contractor shall not begin recycling operations until the Department approves the QCP in writing.

Prior to performing any recycling process, the Department and the Contractor shall hold a Pre-recycle conference to discuss the recycling schedule, type and amount of equipment to be used, sequence of operations, and traffic control. A copy of the QC random numbers to be used on the project shall be provided to the Resident. All field supervisors including the responsible onsite recycling process supervisor shall attend this meeting.

The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Recycling Process including, but not limited to, the following:

A. Sources for all materials, including New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material.

- B. Make and type of rollers including weight, weight per inch of steel wheels, and average contact pressure for pneumatic tired rollers.
- C. Testing Plan.
- D. Recycling operations including recycling speed, methods to ensure that segregation is minimized, grading and compacting operations.
- E. Methods for protecting the finished product from damage and procedures for any necessary corrective action.
- F. Method of grade checks.
- G. Examples of Quality Control forms.
- H. Name, responsibilities, and qualifications of the Responsible onsite Recycling Supervisor experienced and knowledgeable with the process.
- I. A note that all testing will be done in accordance with AASHTO and MDOT/ACM procedures.

The Project Superintendent shall be named in the QCP, and the responsibilities for successful implementation of the QCP shall be outlined.

The Contractor shall sample, test, and evaluate the full depth reclamation process in accordance with the following minimum frequencies:

Frequency **Test or Action Test Method Density** 1 per 1000 feet / lane **AASHTO T** 310 Air Temperature 4 per day at even intervals **Surface Temperature** At the beginning and end of each days operation 1 per 1000 ft/lane Yield of all materials (Daily yield, yield since last test, and total project yield.)

MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL FREQUENCIES

The Department may view any QC test and request a QC test at any time. The Contractor shall submit all QC test reports and summaries in writing, signed by the appropriate technician, to the Department's onsite representative by 1:00 P.M. on the next working day, except when otherwise noted in the QCP due to local restrictions. The Contractor shall make all test results, including randomly sampled densities, available to the Department onsite.

The Contractor shall cease recycling operations whenever one of the following occurs:

- A. The Contractor fails to follow the approved QCP.
- B. The Contractor fails to achieve 98 percent density after corrective action has been taken.
- C. The finished product is visually defective, as determined by the Resident.
- D. The computed yield differs from the mix design by 10 percent or more.

Recycling operations shall not resume until the Department approves the corrective action to be taken.

<u>307.101 Test Strip</u> The contractor shall assemble all items of equipment for the recycling operation on the first day of the recycling work. The Contractor shall construct a test strip for the project at a location approved by the Resident. The Responsible onsite Recycling Supervisor will work with Department personnel to determine the suitability of the mixed material, moisture control within the mixed material, and compaction and surface finish. The test strip section is required to:

- A. Demonstrate that the equipment and processes can produce recycled layers to meet the requirements specified in these special provisions.
- B. Determine the effect on the gradation of the recycled material by varying the forward speed of the recycling machine and the rotation rate of the milling drum.
- C. Determine the optimum moisture necessary to achieve proper compaction of the recycled layer.
- D. Determine the sequence and manner of rolling necessary to obtain the compaction requirements and establish a target density. The Contractor and the Department will both conduct testing with their respective gauges at this time.

The test strip shall be at least 300 feet in length of a full lane-width (or a half-road width). Full recycling production will not start until a passing test strip has been accomplished. If a test strip fails to meet the requirements of this specification, the Contractor will be required to repair or replace the test strip to the satisfaction of the Resident. Any repairs, replacement, or duplication of the test strip will be at the Contractor's expense.

After the test strip has been pulverized, and the roadway brought to proper shape, the Contractor shall add water until it is determined that optimum moisture has been obtained. The test strip shall then be rolled using the specified compaction equipment as directed until the density readings show an increase in dry density of less than 1 pcf for the final four roller passes of each roller. The Contractor and Department will each determine a target density using their respective gauges by performing several additional density tests and averaging them. The average of these tests will be used as the target density of the recycled material for QC and Acceptance purposes.

Following completion of the test strip, compaction of the material shall continue until a density of not less than 98 percent of the test strip target density has been achieved for the full width and depth of the layer. During the construction and compaction of the Full Depth Recycled base, should three consecutive Acceptance test results for density fail to meet a minimum of 95 percent of the target density, or exceed 102 percent of target density, a new test strip shall be constructed.

ACCEPTANCE TEST FREQUENCY

Property	Frequency	Test Method
In-place Density	1 per 2000 ft / lane	AASHTO T 310

308.102 Curing. No new pavement shall be placed on the full depth recycled pavement until curing has reduced the moisture content to 1 percent or less by total weight of the mixture, or a curing period of 4 days has elapsed, whichever comes first.

307.11 Method of Measurement Full Depth Recycled Pavement (Untreated or Treated with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) will be measured by the square yard.

307.12 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Full Depth Recycled Asphalt Pavement (Untreated or Treated with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard, complete in-place which price will be full compensation for furnishing all equipment, materials and labor for pulverizing, blending, placing, grading, compacting, and for all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The addition of materials to restore profile grade and/or cross-slope in areas shown on the plans or described in the construction notes will be paid separately under designated pay items within the contract. No additional payment will be made for materials salvaged from the project.

Payments will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

307.331 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (Untreated) Yard

Square

307.332 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer)

5 in. depth

Square

Yard

307.333 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer)

6 in. depth Yard **Square**

SECTION 411 UNTREATED AGGRAGATE SURFACE COURSE

411.02 – Aggregate Add the following to the end of the first sentence: "- Type A"

SECTION 501 FOUNDATION PILES

501.05 – Method of Measurement

- b. <u>Piles Furnished</u> After the second sentence, add the sentence "**Measurement will not include any pile tips**".
- c. <u>Piles in Place</u> Add the sentence to the end of the second paragraph, "**Measurement will include the pile tips**".
- d. <u>Pile Tips</u> Add the words "**on the Pile**" to the end of the sentence.

SECTION 502 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

502.05 Composition and Proportioning

Replace Table 1 with

TABLE 1

Concrete CLASS	Minimum Compressive Strength (PSI)	Permeability as indicated by Surface Resistivity (KOhm-cm)	Entrained Air (%)		Notes
		LSL	LSL	USL	
S	3,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,5
A	4,000	14	6.0	9.0	1,4,5
P			5.5	7.5	1,2,3,4
LP	5,000	17	6.0	9.0	1,4,5
Fill	3,000	N/A	6.0	9.0	4,5

In the list of information submitted by the contractor for a mix design:

Item J Replace "Target Coulomb Value." with "Target KOhm-cm Value."

Note #1 - Remove, "...Standard Specification Section 711.05, Protective Coating for Concrete Surfaces, and per the manufacturer's recommendations, at no additional cost to the Department." and replace with, "...Standard Specification Section 515, Protective Coating for Concrete Surfaces, at no additional cost to the Department."

502.1703 Acceptance Methods A and B

In the paragraph that starts with "The Department will take Acceptance..." Remove the word chloride from chloride permeability in the last sentence.

Replace the paragraph starting with "Rapid Chloride Permeability specimens..." With the following:

"Surface Resistivity specimens will be tested by the Department in accordance with AASHTO TP-95 at an age \geq 56 days. Four 4 inch x 8 inch cylinders will be cast per sublot placed. The average of three concrete specimens per sublot will constitute a test result and this average will be used to determine the permeability for pay adjustment computations."

502.1706 Acceptance Method C

Remove in its entirety and Replace with:

502.1706 Acceptance Method C The Department will determine the acceptability of the concrete through Acceptance testing. Acceptance tests will include compressive strength, air content and permeability. Method C concrete not meeting the requirements listed in Table 1 shall be removed and replaced at no cost to the Department. At the Department's sole discretion, material not meeting requirements may be left in place and paid for at a reduced price as described in Section 502.195.

502.1707 Resolution of Disputed Acceptance Test Results

Section B

Remove "Rapid Chloride" from the section heading. In paragraph 4 replace T-277 with TP-95

502.192 Pay Adjustment for Chloride Permeability

Remove "Chloride" from the heading and from the first sentence.

Replace the sentence that starts with "values greater than..." and replace with "values less than 10 KOhms-cm for Class A concrete or 11 KOhms-cm for Class LP concrete shall be subject to rejection and replacement, at no additional cost to the Department."

502.194 Pay Adjustments for Compressive Strength, Chloride Permeability and Air Content, Methods A and B

Remove the word "Chloride" from the section heading and from the equation for CPF.

502.195 Pay Adjustment Method C

In Table 6: Method C Pay Reductions (page 5-53) Under "Entrained Air" for "Class Fill", in the first line, change from "< 4.0 (Removal)" to "< 4.5 (Removal)"

In Table 6: Method C PAY REDUCTIONS, revise the Chloride Permeability section by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with:

Surface Resistivity {Permeability in Kohm-cms and Pay Reduction per CY}					
15-16 (\$50)	13 (\$25)	N/A	N/A		
13-14 (\$75)	12(\$50)	N/A	N/A		
12 (\$100)	11 (\$75)	N/A	N/A		
11 (\$125)	10 (\$100)	N/A	N/A		
< 11 (Removal)	< 10 (Removal)	N/A	N/A		

SECTION 504 STRUCTURAL STEEL

<u>504.26 Welding</u> Remove the second paragraph beginning with "The range of heat...." in its entirety.

504.29 Welding ASTM A 709 HPS 70W Steel. Remove the third paragraph beginning with "Make Weld runoff tabs..." in its entirety.

SECTION 527 ENERGY ABSORBING UNIT

527.02 Materials This section is revised to read as follows.

<u>527.02 Materials</u> Work Zone Crash Cushions must comply with NCHRP Report 350. Work Zone Crash Cushions shall be selected from MaineDOT's Qualified Products List of Crash Cushions / Impact Attenuators, or an approved equal.

SECTION 534 PRECAST STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

534.14 Process Control Test Cylinders

Revise this subsection to read:

"534.14 Acceptance and Quality Control Testing of Concrete Refer to Section 712.061."

SECTION 535 PRECAST, PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURE

Section 535.08 – Quality Assurance

Revise the second paragraph to read:

"The QAI will perform acceptance sampling and testing and will witness or review documentation, workmanship and testing to assure the Work is being performed in accordance with the Contract Documents."

Section 535.15 - Process Control Test Cylinders

Revise the first paragraph to read:

"535.15 Acceptance and Quality Control Testing of Concrete Acceptance of structural precast/prestressed units, for each day's production, will be determined by the Department, based on compliance with this specification and satisfactory concrete testing results. At least once per week, the QAI will make 2 concrete cylinders (6 cylinders when the Contract includes permeability requirements) for use by the Department; cylinders shall be standard cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). The QAI will perform entrained air content and slump flow testing, determine water-cement ratio and determine temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting. All testing equipment required by the QAI to perform this testing shall be provided in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502.041, Testing Equipment. In addition, the Contractor shall provide a slump cone meeting the requirements of AASHTO T 119. Providing and maintaining testing and curing equipment shall be considered incidental to the work and no additional payment will be made."

Insert the following as the second paragraph of Section 535.15:

"Quality Control concrete test cylinders shall be made for each day's cast and each form bed used. Cylinders tested to determine strand release strength and design strength shall be field cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). 28 day cylinders shall be standard cured. Record unit identification, entrained air content, water-cement ratio, slump flow and temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting."

SECTION 604 MANHOLES, INLETS CATCH BASINS

604.04 Adjusting Catch Basins and Manholes,

Add the following paragraph to the end of 604.04 b:

The Department will allow the use of metal ring inserts set into the manhole top frame or composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust manhole slope and grade for paving projects. The use of metal ring inserts shall be in accordance with 604.04 d. Ring Insert Requirements. The use of composite risers shall be in accordance with 604.04 e. Composite Riser Requirements.

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of 604.04 c:

The Department will allow the use of metal ring inserts set into the manhole top frame or composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust manhole slope and grade for paving projects. The use of metal ring inserts shall be in accordance with 604.04 d. Ring Insert Requirements. The use of composite risers shall be in accordance with 604.04 e. Composite Riser Requirements.

Add the following sections to 604.04:

<u>d. Ring Insert Requirements</u> Ring inserts to adjust manhole top frame slope and grade will are allowed in accordance with the following requirements:

1) Materials

- i. All ring inserts must be made of iron. *Multiple ring inserts will not be allowed*. The single ring insert may be any height up to a maximum of 2 inches tall.
- ii. Ring inserts shall not be welded to the manhole frame to prevent brittle failure of the cast iron frame.
- iii. Ring inserts shall be fastened to the manhole frame using liquid steelfilled epoxy such as Loctite Fixmaster Steel Liquid or equivalent. The epoxy shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

2) Where Ring Inserts May/May Not Be Used

- i. MaineDOT will allow the use of a single manhole ring insert to raise manholes on state and state-aid highways.
- ii. Manhole ring inserts may not be used along state and state-aid highway sections where the speed limit is 40 miles per hour or more. The standard brick and mortar or flat composite risers beneath the manhole frame must be used at these locations.

3) Construction Requirements For The Use of Iron Manhole Ring Inserts

i. Wherever iron ring inserts are used to raise manhole top elevations, the rings shall be fastened to the existing manhole frame using liquid steel-filled epoxy. The liquid steel-filled epoxy shall be placed evenly around the entire manhole frame before placing the ring insert. Unbonded ring inserts will not be allowed. If the manufacturer's recommended construction practices result in loose or unacceptable manhole cover restraint, standard brick and mortar or flat composite risers beneath the manhole frame must be used at these locations.

e. Composite Riser Requirements Flat or beveled, doughnut-shaped, composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust slope and grade are allowed. The composite riser shall be fastened to both the top of the concrete cone and bottom of the manhole frame with the manufacturer's recommended epoxy. Composite risers may be used at all locations on state and state-aid highways under any legal speed limit without restriction.

SECTION 606 GUARDRAIL

606.09 Basis of Payment Amend the first sentence of the eighth paragraph of this subsection by removing the word "meter" and replace it with "linear foot".

SECTION 619 MULCH

619.07 Basis of Payment

In the list of Pay Items add "619.12 Mulch" with a Pay Unit of "Unit". Change the description of 619.1201 from "Mulch" to "Mulch – Plan Quantity"

In the list of Pay Items add "619.13 Bark Mulch" with a Pay Unit of "cubic yard". Change the description of 619.1301 from "Bark Mulch" to "Mulch – Plan Quantity"

In the list of Pay Items add "619.14 Erosion Control Mix" with a Pay Unit of "cubic yard".

Change the description of 619.1401 from "Erosion Control Mix" to "Mulch – Plan Quantity"

SECTION 621 LANDSCAPING

621.0002 Materials - General

In the list of items change "Organic Humus" to "Humus".

621.0019 Plant Pits and Beds

c Class A Planting

In the third paragraph beginning with "The plant pit..." change "½ inch" to "1 inch"

SECTION 626 FOUNDATIONS, CONDUIT AND JUNTION BOXES FOR HIGHWAY SIGNING, LIGHTING AND SIGNALS

<u>626.033 Polyvinylchloride Conduit Installation</u> Amend the following subsection by adding the following paragraph to its end:

"NON-METALLIC UNDER PAVEMENT CONDUIT INSTALLATION

Where noted on the drawings, non-metallic under pavement conduit of schedule 80 or greater rating shall be provided to facilitate conduit crossing of the existing highway and ramps without disruption to the existing highway and ramp pavement surface. The non-metallic under pavement conduit shall be hydraulically jacked or directional bored below the highway and ramp at a depth of not less than (36 inches). Under pavement conduit shall extend for a distance of (10 feet) beyond the highway or ramp edge at each side."

626.034 Concrete Foundations

On Page 6-85, add the following paragraph before the paragraph beginning with "Drilled shafts shall not be...".

"No foundation design will be required for 18- and 24-inch diameter foundations for structures less than 30-feet tall and with no projecting arms. A foundation design prepared by a Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with the laws of the State of Maine will be required for all other foundations Precast foundations will be permitted for 18 and 24-inch diameter foundations for structures less than 30-feet tall and with no projecting arms. Where precast foundations are permitted flowable concrete fill shall be used as backfill in the annular space, and placed from the bottom up. Construction of precast foundations shall conform to the Standard Details and all requirements of Section 712.061 except that the concrete shall have a minimum permeability of 17 kOhmcm and the use of calcium nitrite will not be required."

On Page 6-86, add the following to the paragraph beginning with "Concrete for drilled shafts..." so that it reads as follows:

"....The Contractor shall provide temporary dewatering of excavations for foundations such that concrete is placed in the dry. Concrete for drilled shafts shall be placed in accordance with Section 502.10 as temporary casing is withdrawn to prevent debris from contaminating the foundation and to ensure concrete is cast against the surrounding soil. Concrete for drilled shafts and spread footings shall be Class A in accordance with Section 502 - Structural Concrete. Precast foundations will not be permitted except as specified above in this Section. Backfill for spread footing foundations shall be Gravel Borrow meeting the requirements of Section 703.20 - Gravel Borrow...."

<u>626.05 Basis of Payment</u> Amend this subsection by adding the following paragraph and Pay Item:

"Payment will be made for the total number of linear feet of under pavement conduit actually furnished, installed and accepted at the contract price per linear foot. This price shall include the cost of: furnishing and installing the conduit; excavating; furnishing special backfilling materials, pull wire, fittings, grounding and bonding; test cleaning interiors of conduits and all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work."

Pay Item

626.251 Non-Metallic Under pavement Conduit (Schedule 80 or greater rating)

Pay Unit Linear Foot

SECTION 627 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

627.10 Basis of Payment Remove the existing "627.78 Temporary Pavement Marking Line, White or Yellow" and replace with: 627.78 TEMP 4" PAINT PVMT MARK LINE W OR Y LF

SECTION 652 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

652.3.3 Submittal of Traffic Control Plan On page 6-148, note f, in the last sentence revise the "105.2.2" to "105.2.3" so that the last sentence reads, "For a related provision, see Section 105.2.3 – Project Specific Emergency Planning.".

<u>652.3.4 General</u> Revise the eighth paragraph by removing "Earth Berm" and replace it with "Concrete Barrier".

652.4 Flaggers In the first paragraph, revise the fifth sentence which says:

For nighttime conditions, Class 3 apparel, meeting ANSI 107-2004, shall be worn along with a hardhat with 360° retro-reflectivity.

So that it reads:

For nighttime conditions, Class 3 apparel, meeting ANSI 107-2004, including a Class 3 top (vest, shirt or jacket) and a Class E bottom (pants or coveralls), shall be worn along with a hardhat with 360 $^{\circ}$ retro-reflectivity.

652.41 TRAFFIC OFFICERS

Revise this subsection so that the subsection number and title is "652.4.1 TRAFFIC OFFICERS"

SECTION 656 TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

656.5.2 If No Pay Item Add the following to the end of the first paragraph:

"Failure by the Contractor to follow Standard Specification or Special Provision - Section 656 will result in a violation letter and a reduction in payment as shown in the schedule list in 656.5.1. The Department's Resident or any other representative of The Department reserves the right to suspend the work at any time and request a meeting to

discuss violations and remedies. The Department shall not be held responsible for any delay in the work due to any suspension under this item."

SECTION 660 ON-THE-JOB TRAINING

660.06 Method of Measurement

Remove the first sentence in its entirety and replace with "The OJT item will be measured by the number of OJT hours by a trainee who has successfully completed an approved training program."

660.07 Basis of payment to the Contractor

Remove the last word in the first sentence so that the first sentence reads "The OJT shall be paid for once successfully completed at the contract unit price per **hour**."

Payment will be made under

Change the Pay Item from "660.22" to "660.21" and change the Pay Unit from "Each" to "Hour".

SECTION 674 PREFABRICATED CONCRETE MODULAR GRAVITY WALL

674.02 Materials

Amend this section by adding the following after "Concrete Units:" and before the paragraph beginning with "Tolerances".

Concrete shall be Class P. The concrete shall contain a minimum of 5.5 gallons per cubic yard of calcium nitrite solution.

The minimum permeability of the concrete as indicated by Surface Resistivity shall be 17 KOhm-cm.

Defects Defects which may cause rejection of precast units include, but are not limited to, the following:

Any discontinuity (crack, rock pocket, etc.) of the concrete which could allow moisture to reach the reinforcing steel.

Rock pockets or honeycomb over 6 square inches in area or over 1 inch deep. Edge or corner breakage exceeding 12 inches in length or 1 inch in depth. Any other defect that clearly and substantially impacts the quality, durability, or maintainability of the structure, as determined by the Fabrication Engineer.

Repair honeycombing, ragged or irregular edges and other non-structural or cosmetic defects using a patching material from the MaineDOT Qualified Products List (QPL).

The repair, including preparation of the repair area, mixing and application and curing of the patching material, shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's product data sheet. Corners that are not exposed in the final product may be ground smooth with no further repair necessary if the depth of the defect does not exceed 1/2 inch. Remove form ties and other hardware to a depth of not less than 1 inch from the face of the concrete and patch the holes using a patching material from the MaineDOT QPL.

Repair structural defects only with the approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Submit a nonconformance report (NCR) to the Fabrication Engineer with a proposed repair procedure. Do not perform structural repairs without an NCR that has been reviewed by the Fabrication Engineer. Structural defects include, but are not be limited to, exposed reinforcing steel or strand, cracks in bearing areas, through cracks and cracks 0.013 inch in width that extend more than 12 inches in length in any direction. Give the QAI adequate notice prior to beginning any structural repairs.

SECTION 677 MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALL

On page 6 - 203 change "636.041" to "677.041"

Amend 677.042 <u>Precast Panel Tolerances and Surface Finish</u> by the addition of the following:

<u>Defects</u> Defects which may cause rejection of precast units include, but are not limited to, the following:

Any discontinuity (crack, rock pocket, etc.) of the concrete which could allow moisture to reach the reinforcing steel.

Rock pockets or honeycomb over 6 square inches in area or over 1 inch deep. Edge or corner breakage exceeding 12 inches in length or 1 inch in depth. Any other defect that clearly and substantially impacts the quality, durability, or maintainability of the structure, as determined by the Fabrication Engineer.

Repair honeycombing, ragged or irregular edges and other non-structural or cosmetic defects using a patching material from the MaineDOT Qualified Products List (QPL). The repair, including preparation of the repair area, mixing and application and curing of the patching material, shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's product data sheet. Corners that are not exposed in the final product may be ground smooth with no further repair necessary if the depth of the defect does not exceed 1/2 inch. Remove form ties and other hardware to a depth of not less than 1 inch from the face of the concrete and patch the holes using a patching material from the MaineDOT QPL.

Repair structural defects only with the approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Submit a nonconformance report (NCR) to the Fabrication Engineer with a proposed repair

procedure. Do not perform structural repairs without an NCR that has been reviewed by the Fabrication Engineer. Structural defects include, but are not be limited to, exposed reinforcing steel or strand, cracks in bearing areas, through cracks and cracks 0.013 inch in width that extend more than 12 inches in length in any direction. Give the QAI adequate notice prior to beginning any structural repairs.

SECTION 702 BITUMINOUS MATERIAL

702.04 Emulsified Asphalt

Revise this Section by removing the first paragraph in its entirety and replace with the following:

Emulsified Asphalt shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 140. Cationic emulsified asphalt shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 208. Anionic emulsified asphalt Grade RS-1h shall conform to the requirements in the following table:

Type	Rapid-Setting	
Grade	RS-1h	
Tests on Emulsions	min	max
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 25°C SFS	20	100
Storage Stability test, 24-h, % ^A	-	1.0
Demulsibility, 35 ml, 0.02 N CaCl ₂ , %	60	-
Sieve Test, % ^A	-	0.10
Residue by distillation, %	55	-
Tests on Residue from Distillation Test	min	max
Penetration, 25°C 100g, 5 s	40	90
Ductility, 25°C 5 cm/min, cm	40	-
Solubility in trichloroethylene or n-propyl bromide, %	97.5	-

A This requirement is waived if successful application of material has been achieved in the field.

SECTION 703 AGGREGATES

703,0201 Alkali Silica Reactive Aggregates

Remove this section in its entirety and replace with the following:

703.0201 Alkali Silica Reactive Aggregates. All coarse and fine aggregates proposed for use in concrete shall be tested for Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) potential under AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260), Accelerated Detection of Potentially Deleterious Expansion of Mortar Bars Due to Alkali-Silica Reaction, prior to being accepted for use. Acceptance will be based on testing performed by an accredited independent lab submitted to the Department. Aggregate submittals will be required on a 5-year cycle,

unless the source or character of the aggregate in question has changed within 5 years from the last test date.

As per AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260): Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be allowed with no restrictions when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand less than or equal to 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be classified as potentially reactive when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand greater than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of this aggregate will only be allowed with the use of cement-pozzolan blends and/or chemical admixtures that result in mortar bar expansion of less than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting as tested under ASTM C 1567.

Acceptable pozzolans and chemical admixtures that may be used when an aggregate is classified as potentially reactive include, but are not limited to the following:

Class F Coal Fly Ash meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 295. Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (Grade 100 or 120) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 302.

Densified Silica Fume meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 307. Lithium based admixtures Metakaolin

Pozzolans or chemical admixtures required to offset the effects of potentially reactive aggregates will be incorporated into the concrete at no additional cost to the Department.

<u>703.06 Aggregate for Base and Subbase</u> - Remove the first two paragraphs in their entirety and replace with these:

"The following shall apply to Sections (a.) and (c.) below. The material shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0, the Washington State Degradation DOT Test Method T113, Method of Test for Determination of Degradation Value (January 2009 version) shall be performed, except that the test shall be performed on the portion of the sample that passes the ½ in sieve and is retained on the No. 10 sieve. If the material has a Washington Degradation value of less than 15, the material shall be rejected.

The material used in Section (b.) below shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0 the material may be used if it does not exceed 25 percent loss on AASHTO T 96, Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine. "

703.19 Granular Borrow

Remove the gradation requirements table, and replace with the following:

	Percentage by Weight		
Sieve	Passing Square Mesh Sieves		
Designation	Material for Underwater	Material for Embankment	
	Backfill	Construction	
6 inch	100		
No. 40	0-70	0-70	
No. 200	0-7.0	0-20.0	

<u>703.33 Stone Ballast</u> - In the third paragraph, remove the words "less than" before 2.60 and add the words "**or greater**" after 2.60.

SECTION 712 MISCELLANEOUS HIGHWAY MATERIAL

Section 712.061- Structural Precast Concrete Units

Under the heading, Quality Control and Quality Assurance, revise the fourth paragraph to read: "Acceptance is the prerogative of the Department. The Department will conduct Quality Assurance (QA) in accordance with Standard Specification Subsection 106.5. Testing deemed necessary by the Department that is in addition to the minimum testing requirements will be scheduled to minimize interference with the production schedule. The QAI will perform acceptance sampling and testing and will witness or review documentation, workmanship and testing to assure the Work is being performed in accordance with the Contract Documents."

Under the heading, <u>Concrete Testing</u>, revise the first paragraph to read as the following two paragraphs:

"Concrete Testing Acceptance of structural precast units, for each day's production, will be determined by the Department, based on compliance with this specification and satisfactory concrete testing results. At least once per week, the QAI will make 2 concrete cylinders (6 cylinders when the Contract includes permeability requirements) for use by the Department; cylinders shall be standard cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). The QAI will perform entrained air content and slump flow testing, determine water-cement ratio and determine temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting. All testing equipment required by the QAI to perform this testing shall be in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502.041, Testing Equipment. In addition, the Contractor shall provide a slump cone meeting the requirements of AASHTO T 119. Providing and maintaining testing and curing equipment shall be considered incidental to the work and no additional payment will be made.

Quality Control test cylinders shall be made and tested in accordance with the following standards:

AASHTO T 22 (ASTM C39) Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens

AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31) Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in Field

AASHTO T141 (ASTM C172) Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete

AASHTO T152 (ASTM C231) Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method

AASHTO T196 (ASTM C173) Standard Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method

ASTM C1064 Test Method for Temperature of Freshly mixed Portland Cement Concrete

ASTM C1611 Standard Test Method for Slump Flow of Self-Consolidating Concrete"

Under the heading, <u>Concrete Testing</u>, **delete** the paragraph that begins: "At least once per week, the Contractor shall make 2 concrete cylinders.....for use by the Department....."

SECTION 717 ROADSIDE IMPROVEMENT MATERIAL

717.02 Agricultural Ground Limestone

In the table after the third paragraph which starts with "Liquid lime..." change the Specification for Nitrogen (N) from "15.5 percent of which 1% is from ammoniac nitrogen and 14.5 /5 is from Nitrate Nitrogen" to read "15.5 % of which 1% is from Ammoniacal Nitrogen and 14.5 % is from Nitrate Nitrogen"



Environmental Summary Sheet

	22555.00		Date Submit	tted: 5/11/16
	: Waldo			
	Feam Leader: Colin Greenan			
	Field Contact: Val Derosier			
	Complete: No FHWA funding, no NEPA			
\boxtimes	Section 106 SHPO Concurrence- No effect (4/27/1	(5)		
	Section 106 Resources: None	13)		
	Section 100 Resources. None			
	Section 4(f) and 6(f)			
	Section 4(f)			
	Review Complete- No USDO	OT \$		
	Section 6(f)			
	Not Applicable			
\boxtimes	Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and V	Wildlife Essential Hab	itat	
	Not Applicable T	iming Window: Not A	pplicable	
\boxtimes	Section 7	1 1 66		
	Informal Consultation- Not Likely to		474)	
	Species of Concern: Northern long-ea	, DPS only, no effect)	4(a) ruie; no tree clearin	g restrictions)
	(Attailue saimon	, Dr S only, no effect)		
	Essential Fish Habitat			
	Present- Adverse Effect (not substanti	al)		
\boxtimes	Maine Department of Conservation/Public I	ands, Submerged Lai	nd Lease	
	Not Applicable	surrus, submergeu 24	iiu Deube	
\boxtimes	Maine Land Use Regulation Commission			
	-			
*Appl	icable Standards and Permits are included with th	e contract		
\boxtimes	Maine Department of Environmental Protect	etion		
	Exempt from Permitting			
*Appl	icable Standards and Permits are included with th	e contract		
\boxtimes	Army Corps of Engineers, Section 10 of the		act and Section 404 of t	he Clean Water Act.
	Category 2 ACOE #NAE-2016-00764		1/ P	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	-Work Start Notification must be com	pleted by ENV Field Co	ontact and/or Resident a	nd submitted to
	ACOE with copy to David Gardner -Compliance Certification Form must	he completed by ENV	Field Contact and subm	itted to David Gardner
*Annl	-compliance Certification Form must icable Standards and Permits are included with th		rieid Comact and Subin	illed to David Gardier
Аррі	cable Standards and Fermits are included with th	e commuci		
\boxtimes	Stormwater Review			
	N/A			
\boxtimes	Special Provisions Required	ulr Dogtwigtion	NT/A	Annlieghla M
	Special Provision 105-Timing of Wo		N/A	Applicable \(\square\)
	Special Provision 656-Minor Soil Dis Standard Specification 656-Erosion		N/A⊠ N/A□	Applicable
	Special Provision 203-Dredge Spec	Control I fall	N/A N/A	Applicable Applicable
	General Note for Hazardous Waste		N/A	Applicable Applicable
	Special Provision 203-Hazardous Waste	ste	N/A	Applicable
	Special Provision 105.9		N/A	Applicable

^{*}All permits and approvals based on plans/scope as of: April 6, 2016



MAINE PROJECT OFFICE

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 696 VIRGINIA ROAD CONCORD, MASSACHUSETTS 01742-2751

MAINE GENERAL PERMIT (GP) AUTHORIZATION LETTER AND SCREENING SUMMARY

Maine Dept. of Transportation c/o Judy Gates Kilpatrick 16 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333

CORPS PERMIT #	NAE-2016-00764
CORPS GP ID#	16-239
STATE ID#	Exempt

Augusta, Maine 04000
DESCRIPTION OF WORK:
Place and maintain at total of 1,200 sq. ft. (0.02 ac.) of temporary and permanent fill in freshwater wetlands
and below the OHWM of an unnamed stream under Route 131 in Waldo, Waldo Co., Maine in order to replace
a failing culvert. Impacts consists of 80 sq. ft. of temporary impacts to wetlands and 380 sq. ft. & 740 sq. ft.
permanent and temporary impacts, respectively to the stream. The new culvert will measure 8'x88'.
ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS: Attached as pages 2 & 3.
LAT/LONG COORDINATES : 44.4858870 N 69.1072600 W USGS QUAD: Belfast, Maine
I. CORPS DETERMINATION: Based on our review of the information you provided, we have determined that your project will have only minimal individual and cumulative impacts on waters and wetlands of the United States. Your work is therefore authorized by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers under the enclosed Federal Permit, the Maine General Permit (GP). Accordingly, we do not plan to take any further action on this project.
You must perform the activity authorized herein in compliance with all the terms and conditions of the GP [including any attached Additional Conditions and any conditions placed on the State 401 Water Quality Certification <u>including any required mitigation</u>]. Please review the enclosed GP carefully, including the GP condition beginning on page 5, to familiarize yourself with its contents. You are responsible for complying with all of the GP requirements; therefore you should be certain that whoever does the work fully understands all of the conditions. You may wish to discuss the conditions of this authorization with your contractor to ensure the contractor can accomplish the work in a manner that conforms to all requirements.
If you change the plans or construction methods for work within our jurisdiction, please contact us immediately to discuss modification of this authorization. This office must approve any changes before you undertake them.
Condition 38 of the GP (page 16) provides one year for completion of work that has commenced or is under contract to commence prior to the expiration of the GP on October 13, 2020. You will need to apply for reauthorization for any work within Corps jurisdiction that is not completed by October 13, 2021.
This authorization presumes the work shown on your plans noted above is in waters of the U.S. Should you desire to appeal our jurisdiction, please submit a request for an approved jurisdictional determination in writing to the undersigned.
No work may be started unless and until all other required local, State and Federal licenses and permits have been obtained. This includes but is not limited to a Floor Hazard Development Permit issued by the town if necessary.
II. STATE ACTIONS: PENDING [], ISSUED[], DENIED [] DATE
APPLICATION TYPE: PBR: , TIER 1: , TIER 2: , TIER 3: , LURC: DMR LEASE: NA: _X_
III. FEDERAL ACTIONS:
JOINT PROCESSING MEETING: April 28, 2016 LEVEL OF REVIEW: CATEGORY 1: CATEGORY 2: X
AUTHORITY (Based on a review of plans and/or State/Federal applications): SEC 10, 404X10/404, 103
EXCLUSIONS: The exclusionary criteria identified in the general permit do not apply to this project.
FEDERAL RESOURCE AGENCY OBJECTIONS: EPA_NO_, USF&WS_NO_, NMFS_NO_
If you have any questions on this matter, please contact my staff at 207-623-8367 at our Manchester, Maine Project Office. In order for us to better serve you, we would appreciate your completing our Customer Service Survey located at http://per2.nwp.usace.army.mil/survey.html
Teter Tischbein Yor Spu B Mill 9 MAY 2016
PETER TISCHBEIN SENIOR PROJECT MANAGER MAINE PROJECT OFFICE FRANK J. DEL GIÚDICE CHIEF, PERMITS & ENFORCEMENT BRANCH REGULATORY DIVISION

REGULATORY DIVISION

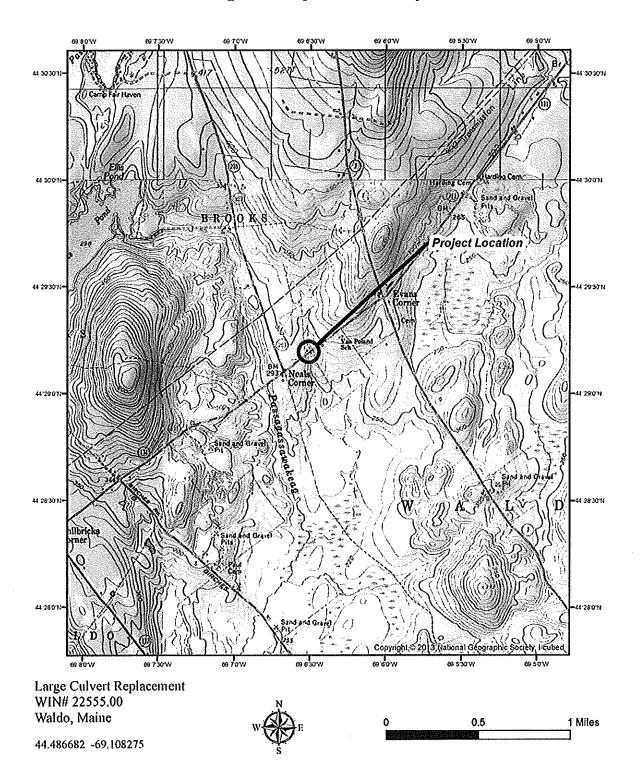


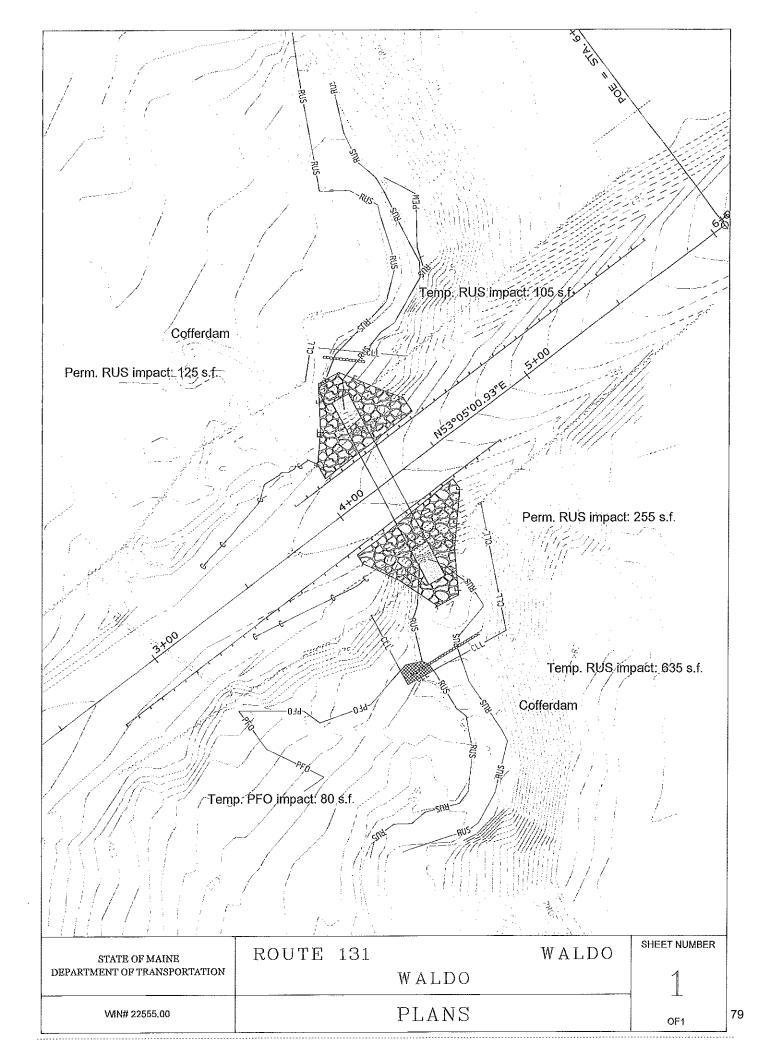
ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY GENERAL PERMIT NO. NAE-2016-00764

- 1. The permittee shall assure that a copy of this permit is at the work site whenever work is being performed and that all personnel performing work at the site of the work authorized by this permit are fully aware of the terms and conditions of the permit. This permit, including its drawings and any appendices and other attachments, shall be made a part of any and all contracts and sub-contracts for work which affects areas of Corps of Engineers' jurisdiction at the site of the work authorized by this permit. This shall be done by including the entire permit in the specifications for the work. If the permit is issued after construction specifications but before receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit shall be included as an addendum to the specifications. The term "entire permit" includes permit amendments. Although the permittee may assign various aspects of the work to different contractors or sub-contractors, all contractors and sub-contractors shall be obligated by contract to comply with all environmental protection provisions of the entire permit, and no contract or sub-contract shall require or allow unauthorized work in areas of Corps of Engineers jurisdiction.
- 2. The project will be constructed in accordance with the permit application drawing entitled, "Route 131, Waldo-Plans", undated as prepared by the State of Maine, Dept. of Transportation.
- 3. Adequate sedimentation and erosion control devices, such as geo-textile silt fences or other devices capable of filtering the fines involved, shall be installed and properly maintained to minimize adverse impacts on waters and wetlands during construction. These devices <u>must</u> be removed upon completion of work and stabilization of disturbed areas. The sediment collected by these devices must also be removed and placed upland, in a manner that will prevent its later erosion and transport to a waterway or wetland.
- 4. To minimize dewatering-related fish stranding inside the cofferdam, MaineDOT (or approved consultants) will capture and remove as many Atlantic salmon (if encountered) and other fish species as possible. MaineDOT will inspect the work areas inside the cofferdams after placement for the presence of Atlantic salmon. If Atlantic salmon are observed during construction, all activities will cease and MaineDOT will immediately contact the USFWS's Maine Field Office (207.866.3344).
- 5. All in-stream work, including installation and removal of cofferdams, will be conducted during the in-stream work window of July 15 to September 30.
- 6. BMPs will be implemented in accordance with MaineDOT's *Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sedimentation Control* (2008), which outlines the means and methods to prevent sedimentation into streams from construction activities or storm events.
- 7. All areas of temporary waterway or wetland fill will be restored to their original contour and character upon completion of the project.
- 8. Disturbed areas adjacent to the stream will be stabilized and re-vegetated with a seed mix appropriate for riparian areas in Maine, except in areas where riprap has been placed.
- 9. To minimize the spread of noxious weeds into the riparian zone, all off-road equipment and vehicles (operating off of existing open and maintained roads) must be cleaned prior to entering the construction site to remove all soil, seeds, vegetation, or other debris that could contain seeds or reproductive portions of plants. All equipment will be inspected prior to off-loading to ensure that they are clean.

- 10.
- As a component of the SEWPCP for each project, the contractor will develop and implement a SPCCP designed to avoid any stream impacts from hazardous chemicals associated with construction activities, such as diesel fuel, oil, lubricants, and other hazardous materials. All re-fueling or other construction equipment maintenance will be done at a location consistent with SPCCP and in a manner that avoids chemical or other hazardous materials reaching the stream. These measures include the following:
 - a. All vehicle and equipment re-fueling activities shall occur more than 100 feet from any waterway or water body.
 - b. All vehicles carrying fuel shall have specific equipment and materials needed to contain or clean up any incidental spills at the project site. Equipment and materials will include spill kits appropriately sized for specific quantities of fuel to be used, as well as shovels, absorbent pads, straw bales, containment structures and liners, and/or booms.
 - c. During use, all pumps and generators shall have appropriate spill containment structures and/or absorbent pads in place.
 - d. All equipment used for in-stream work shall be cleaned of external oil, grease, dirt, and mud. Any leaks or accumulations of these materials will be removed before entering streams or areas that drain directly to streams or wetlands.
- 11. Sheet pile driving (if used) will be completed using the bucket of an excavator rather than an impact hammer.

Figure 1. Project Location Map





APPLICATION FOR	DEPARTMENT	OF THE	ARMY	PERMIT
	(33 CFR 329	(;		

OMB APPROVAL NO. 0710-003

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions. Searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Service Directorate of Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA 22202-4302; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0710-003), Washington, DC 20503, Please DO NOT RETURN your form to either of those addresses. Completed applications must be submitted to the District Engineer having jurisdiction over the location of the proposed activity.

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

Authority: 33 USC 401, Section 10; 1413, Section 404. Principal Purpose: These laws require permits authorizing activities in, or affecting, navigable waters of the United States; the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States, and the transportation of dredged material for the purpose of dumping it into ocean waters. Routine uses: Information provided on this form will be used in evaluating the application for a permit. Disclosure: Disclosure of requested information is voluntary. If information is not provided, however, the permit application cannot be processed nor can a permit be issued.

	rreproducing copies which snow the to the full will be returned.		
Copposition was to not completed in	(ITEMS 1 THRU 4 TO BI	E FILLED BY THE COR	RPS)
1. APPLICATION NO.	2. FIELD OFFICE CODE	3. DATE RECEIVED	4. DATE APPLICATION COMPLETED
	/ITEMS DELOWED DE	CILLED DV ADDITOAN] TT\
5. APPLICANT'S NAME	(ITEMS BELOW TO BE		NAME & TITLE (an agent is not required)
MaineDOT, Judy Gates	ENV Office Director	Colin Greenan, ENV	
, ,	, LIV Office Director		ream Leader
6. APPLICANT'S ADDRESS 16 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333-0016		9. AGENT'S ADDRESS Same as Applicant's Ad	dress
7. APPLICANT'S PHONE NUMB	ERS WITH AREA CODE	10. AGENT'S PHONE NUM	IBERS WITH AREA CODE
a. Residence		a. Residence	
b. Business 207-624-3100		b. Business 207-590)·4632
11.	STATEMENT OF	AUTHORIZATION	
I hereby authorizeapplication and to furnish, upon	Colin Greenan	to act in my behalf as my in support of this permit appl	agent in the processing of this
1 ''			
_ Tudy C. Gatis Ki	ICANT'S SIGNATURE		4/6/16 DATE
	LOCATION, AND DESCRI	PTION OF PROJECT (OR ACTIVITY
12. PROJECT NAME OR TITLE (see Instructions)		
Waldo - Route 131 k	arge culvert replacemen	t WIN#22555.00	
13. NAME OF WATERBODY, IF	KNOWN (if applicable)	14. PROJECT STREET ADI	DRESS (if applicable)
Unnamed tributary			
15. LOCATION OF PROJECT			
Waldo	ME		
COUNTY	STATE PTIONS, IF KNOWN (see instructions)	<u></u>	
1	Polorme map #14, A3; USGS Qua		
THEOREM CONTROLLS (E	701011110 Hap # 14, 710, 0000 Qua	d. Dondot, W.L. /	
17. DIRECTIONS TO THE SITE			
The site is located 0.18 mi. e	ast of Route 203 (southwest of W	/aldo).	
			, and the state of
\$			

18. NATURE OF	F ACTIVITY (Description of	project, include all features)		the state of the s	
		. dia. CMP culvert an 8-ft. dia	. RCP culvert		
			11101 011110/1		
19. PROJECT P	URPOSE (Describe the reason	on or purpose of the project, see in	structions)		
		ce the failing CMP culvert to	· ·	ng over the unnamed t	ributanı
рагросо	or the project to to repla	oo mo taming out to p	provide a vale cross	ng over the annamed t	rusuten y.
	•				
1 12	NE BLOOKS SS SS 1	T BBEBARA ALBAAR H			
		F DREDGED AND/OR F	ILL MATERIAL IS	S TO BE DISCHAR	RGED
	FOR DISCHARGE				
A small amou	ınt of discharge may occ	ur upon installation and remo	val of cofferdams.		
21. TYPE(S) OF	MATERIAL BEING DISCH	ARGED AND THE AMOUNT O	F EACH TYPE IN CUB	IC YARDS	,
					•
22. SHREACE A	REA IN ACRES OF WETL	ANDS OR OTHER WATERS FIL	IFD (can instructions)	10 A s A s A s A s A s A s A s A s A s A	
			•		
	etland impacts = 80 s.f.,	Temporary stream impacts =	- 740 \$.1.		
•	,				B
23. IS ANY POF	RTION OF THE WORK ALF	READY COMPLETE? YES	NO (IF YES, DESCRIBE	THE WORK
		\sim			
24. ADDRESSES	S OF ADJOINING PROPER	TY OWNERS, LESSEES, ETC.	WHOSE PROPERTY A	DJOINS THE WATERBO	DDY (If more than
	re, please attach a suppleme				•
25, LIST OF O	THER CERTIFICATIONS C	R APPROVALS/DENIALS RECE	EIVED FROM OTHER F	EDERAL, STATE, OR LO	OCAL AGENCIES
		FOR WORK DESCRIBED IN			
AGENCY	TYPE APPROVAL*	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	DATE APPLIED	DATE APPROVED	DATE DENIED
MaineDEP	EXEMPT				
MHPC	Section 106 - No Effect	l .	4/17/15	4/27/15	
Tribal	Section 106/Fisheries		4/9/15	•	
	* World hole	edo hust to mot spotsdated to mont	ng building and flood	nlain navusta	
	AAGGIG IRGIG	de but is not restricted to zoni	ng, building and nood	piain permits.	
26. Application	Is hereby made for a perm	nit or permits to authorize the v	vork described in this	application. I certify the	at the Information
In this application	on is complete and accurat	e. I further certify that I posse	ess the authority to un	dertake the work descri	bed herein or am
-	ly authorized agent of the		1.1		
Judy C. a	Lates Ketpalruck	4/4/16	blin L	Ϋ.	-6 -/6
SIGNATUR	oty Ketpalruch _	DATE	SIGNATURE OF A		DATE
the application	must be signed by the per	son who desires to undertake	the proposed activity	(applicant) or it may be	signed by a duly
	t ir the statement in block	11 has been filled out and sign	ileu,		e 21 - 21 - 21 - 21 - 21 - 21 - 21 - 21

18 U.S.C. Section 1001 provides that: Whoever, in any manner within the jurisdiction of any department or agency of the United States knowingly and will fully falsifies, conceals, or covers up any trick, scheme, or disguises a material fact or makes any false, facticious, or fraudulent statements or representations or makes or uses any false writing or document knowing same to contain any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or entry, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than five years or both.



PGP WORK START NOTIFICATION FORM (Minimum Advance Notice: Two Weeks)

MAIL TO: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New England District

Regulatory Branch

Policy Analysis/Technical Support Branch

696 Virginia Road

Concord, Massachusetts 01742-2751

Corps of Engineers Permit No. NAE 2016-00764 was issued to the Maine Dept. of Transportation to place and maintain at total of 1,200 sq. ft. (0.02 ac.) of temporary and permanent fill in freshwater wetlands and below the OHWM of an unnamed stream under Route 131 in Waldo, Waldo Co., Maine in order to replace a failing culvert. Impacts consists of 80 sq. ft. of temporary impacts to wetlands and 380 sq. ft. & 740 sq. ft. permanent and temporary impacts, respectively to the stream. The new culvert will measure 8'x88'.

The people (e.g., contractor) listed below will do the work, and they understand the permit's conditions and limitations.

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE

Name of Person/Firm;					_
Business Address:					
Telephone: ()		<u>(</u>)	
Proposed Work Dates:					
PERMITTEE'S SIGNATU	RE:		<u>.</u>	DATE:	
PRINTED NAME:		TITL	E:		
	FOR USE BY TH	E CORPS OF EN	GINEE	ERS	
PM <u>Tischbein</u>		Submittals Re	equired	: Yes	
Inspection Recommendation	n: <u>N</u>	lone			



(Minimum Notice: Permittee must sign and return notification within one month of the completion of work.)

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION FORM

Permit Number:	NAE-2016-00764			
Project Manager	Peter Tischbein			
Name of Permitte	ee Maine Dept. of Transporta	<u>tion</u>		
Permit Issuance	Date:			
and any mitigation		must sub	address upon completion of the mit this after the mitigation is consubmittals.	
********	*********	*****	********	****
* MAIL TO:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineer	s, New E	ngland District	*
*	Permits and Enforcement Bra	nch C		*
*	Regulatory Division			*
*	696 Virginia Road			*
* ********	Concord, Massachusetts 0174		*********	*****
I hereby certify the accordance with	, modification, or revocation. hat the work authorized by t	he above he above	with this permit you are subject referenced permit was comple referenced permit, and any rait conditions.	eted in
Signature of Perm	ittee		Date	
Printed Name			Date of Work Completion	
()		(
Telephone Numbe	r	Telep	ohone Number	

Applicant: General Public, State of Maine Effective Date: October 13, 2015 Expiration Date: October 13, 2020

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY GENERAL PERMIT FOR THE STATE OF MAINE

The New England District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) hereby issues a General Permit (GP) for activities subject to Corps jurisdiction in waters of the U.S. within the boundaries of the State of Maine. This GP is issued in accordance with Corps regulations at 33 CFR 320 - 332 [see 33 CFR 325.2(e)(2)]. This GP authorizes activity-specific categories of work that are similar in nature and cause no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental impacts. Refer to Page 2 for the list of activities and Appendix A for activity specific conditions of eligibility in inland and tidal waters.

I. GENERAL CRITERIA

- 1. In order for activities to qualify for this GP, they must meet the GP's terms and eligibility criteria (Pages 1-4), General Conditions (GC) (Pages 5-20), and Appendix A Definition of Categories.
- 2. Under this GP, projects may qualify for the following:
 - <u>Category 1</u>: Category 1 Self Verification Notification Form is required (SVNF see Appendix B).
 - <u>Category 2</u>: Application to and written approval from the Corps is required (Pre-Construction Notification (PCN)). <u>No work may proceed until written approval from the Corps is received.</u>

If your project is ineligible for Category 1, it may qualify for Category 2 or an Individual Permit and you must submit an application (see Page 3). The thresholds for activities eligible for Categories 1 and 2 are defined in Appendix A. This GP does not affect the Corps Individual Permit review process or activities exempt from Corps regulation.

- 3. Prospective permittees need to read:
 - a. Section II to determine if the activity requires Corps authorization.
- b. Sections III and IV to determine if the activity may be eligible for authorization under this GP, specifically whether it is eligible for Self-Verification (SV) or whether Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) is required.
- 4. Permittees must ensure compliance with <u>all</u> applicable General Conditions in Section IV. The Corps will consider unauthorized any activity requiring Corps authorization if that activity is under construction or completed and does not comply with all of the terms and conditions.
- 5. Project proponents are encouraged to contact the Corps with questions at any time. Pre-application meetings (see 33 CFR 325.1(b)), whether arranged by the Corps or requested by permit applicants, are encouraged to facilitate the review of projects. Pre-application meetings and/or site visits can help streamline the permit process by alerting the applicant to potentially time-consuming concerns that are likely to arise during the evaluation of their project (e.g., avoidance, minimization and compensatory mitigation requirements, historic properties, endangered species, essential fish habitat, and dredging contaminated sediments).

Section I 1

II. CORPS JURISDICTION/ACTIVITIES COVERED

- 1. Permits are required from the Corps of Engineers for the following work:
- a. The construction of any structure in, over or under any navigable water of the United States (U.S.)¹, the excavating or dredging from or depositing of material in such waters, or the accomplishment of any other work affecting the course, location, condition, or capacity of such waters. The Corps regulates these activities under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. See 33 CFR 322;
- b. The discharge of dredged or fill material and certain discharges associated with excavation into waters of the U.S. (e.g. sidecasting). The Corps regulates these activities under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). See 33 CFR 323; and
- c. The transportation of dredged material for the purpose of disposal in the ocean. The Corps regulates these activities under Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act. See 33 CFR 324.

2. Related laws:

33 CFR 320.3 includes a list of related laws, including: Section 401 of the CWA, Section 402 of the CWA, Section 307(c) of the Coastal Zone Management (CZM) Act of 1972, The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, the Endangered Species Act, the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956, the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, Magnuson-Stevens Act, and Section 7(a) of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.

- 3. An activity listed below may be authorized by this GP only if that activity and the permittee satisfy all of the GP's terms and conditions. Any activity not specifically listed below may still be eligible for the GP; applicants are advised to contact the Corps for a specific eligibility determination. Category 1 and Category 2 eligibility criteria for each activity in both Inland and Tidal waters can be found in Appendix A.
- 1. Repair, Replacement, Expansion, and Maintenance of Authorized Structures and Fills
- 2. Moorings
- 3. Structures, Floats and Lifts
- 4. Aids to Navigation, and Temporary Recreational Structures
- 5. Dredging, Disposal of Dredged Material, Beach Nourishment, and Rock Removal and Relocation
- 6. Discharges of Dredged or Fill Material Incidental to the Construction of Bridges
- 7. Bank and Shoreline Stabilization
- 8. Residential, Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Developments, and Recreational Facilities
- 9. Utility Line Activities
- 10. Linear Transportation Projects
- 11. Mining Activities
- 12. Boat Ramps and Marine Railways
- 13. Land and Water-Based Renewable Energy Generation Facilities and Hydropower Projects
- 14. Reshaping Existing Drainage Ditches and Mosquito Management
- 15. Oil Spill and Hazardous Material Cleanup
- 16. Cleanup of Hazardous and Toxic Waste
- 17. Scientific Measurement Devices
- 18. Survey Activities
- 19. Agricultural Activities
- 20. Fish and Wildlife Harvesting, Enhancement, and Attraction Devices
- 21. Habitat Restoration, Establishment and Enhancement Activities
- 22. Previously Authorized Activities
- 23. Stream & Wetland Crossings
- 24. Aquaculture

Note: Multiple activities may be authorized in the same GP, e.g. a recreational pier (#3) with an associated mooring (#2) or a windpower facility (#13) with an associated transmission line (#9).

¹ Defined in Appendix F, Definitions and at 33 CFR 328. Section II

III. PROCEDURES

1. State Approvals. Applicants are responsible for applying for and obtaining any of the required state or local approvals. Federal and state jurisdictions may differ in some instances. State permits may be required for specific projects regardless of the general permit category.

In order for authorizations under this GP to be valid, when any of the following state approvals or statutorily-required reviews is also required, the approvals must be obtained prior to the commencement of work in Corps jurisdiction.

- Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP): Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) permit, including permit-by-rule (PBR) and general permit authorizations; Site Location of Development Act permit; Maine Waterway Development and Conservation Act permit; and Maine Hazardous Waste, Septage, and Solid Waste Management Act license.
- Maine Department of Conservation, Agriculture & Forestry: Land Use Planning Commission (LUPC) permit.
- Maine Department of Marine Resources: Aquaculture Leases.
- Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands, Submerged Lands: Submerged Lands Lease.

NOTE: This GP may also be used to authorize projects that are not regulated by the State of Maine (e.g., certain seasonal floats or moorings).

- 2. How to Obtain/Apply for Authorization.
- a. Category 1 (<u>Self-Verification</u>): Self-Verification Notification Form (SVNF) required. The SVNF is required for all SV eligible work in Maine unless otherwise stated in Appendix A. Activities that are eligible for SV are authorized under this GP and may commence without written verification from the Corps provided the prospective permittee has:
- i. Confirmed that the activity will meet the terms and conditions of Category 1. Consultation with the Corps and/or other relevant federal and state agencies may be necessary to ensure compliance with the applicable general conditions (GCs) and related federal laws such as the National Historic Preservation Act (see GC 6), the Endangered Species Act (GC 8) and the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (GC 9). Prospective permittees are encouraged to contact the Corps with SV eligibility questions. Activities not meeting the SV criteria must submit a PCN to the Corps.
- ii. Submitted the SVNF (see GC 27 and Appendix B) to the Corps. **NOTE: A copy of a state** permit application form may be an acceptable surrogate for the SVNF. Whichever form chosen needs to include a location map, plans, and an Official Species List for federally listed threatened or endangered species (Reference Appendix D).
- b. Category 2 (<u>Pre-Construction Notification (PCN)</u>): Application to and written verification from the Corps is required before work can proceed. For activities that do not qualify for SV or where otherwise required by the terms of the GP, the permittee must submit a PCN and obtain a written permit before starting work in Corps jurisdiction.
- i. The Corps will coordinate review of all activities requiring PCN with federal and state agencies and federally recognized tribes, as appropriate. To be eligible and subsequently authorized, an activity must result in no more than minimal individual and cumulative effects on the aquatic environment as determined by the Corps in accordance with the criteria listed within this GP. This may require project modifications involving avoidance, minimization, or compensatory mitigation for unavoidable impacts to ensure that the net adverse effects of a project are no more than minimal.

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- ii. The Corps will attempt to issue a written eligibility determination within the state's review period. Regardless, work eligible for Category 2 may not proceed before Corps written approval is received.
 - c. All applicants for Category 2 projects must:

- i. Apply directly to the Corps using the state application form or the Corps application form (ENG Form 4345²), and apply directly to the state (DEP, LUPC, BPL or DMR) as applicable using the appropriate state form, if the work is regulated by the Corps and the state; or
- ii. Apply directly to the Corps using the Corps application form (ENG Form 4345²) if the work is regulated by the Corps but not the state (DEP, LUPC, BPL or DMR).
- iii. Provide application information (see "Information Typically Required" in Appendix C) to help ensure the application is complete and to speed project review.
- iv. Obtain an Official Species List of federally threatened or endangered species in the project area (GC 8).
- v. Submit a copy of their application materials to the Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC) *and* <u>all five Indian tribes</u> listed at Appendix E, at the same time, or before, they apply to the Corps, to be reviewed for the presence of historic, archaeological or tribal resources in the permit area that the proposed work may affect. Submittals to the Corps shall include information to indicate that this has been done (a copy of the applicant's cover letter to MHPC and tribes or a copy of the MHPC and tribal response letters is acceptable).
- d. Work that is not regulated by the State of Maine, but is subject to Corps jurisdiction, may still be eligible for authorization under this GP.
- e. Emergency Situations: 33 CFR 325.2(e)4 states that an "emergency" is a situation which would result in an unacceptable hazard to life, a significant loss of property, or an immediate, unforeseen, and significant economic hardship if corrective action requiring a permit is not undertaken within a time period less than the normal time needed to process the application under standard procedures." Emergency work is subject to the same terms and conditions of this GP as non-emergency work, and similarly, must qualify for authorization under the GP; otherwise an IP is required. The Corps will work with all applicable agencies to expedite verification according to established procedures in emergency situations.
- 3. Individual Permits. Projects that are not authorized by this GP require an Individual Permit (IP) (33 CFR 325.5) and proponents must submit an application directly to the Corps. This GP does not affect the Corps IP review process or activities exempt from Corps regulation. For general information and application form, see the Corps website or contact the Corps (see Appendix E). The Corps encourages applicants to apply concurrently for a Corps IP and applicable state permits.

The Corps retains discretionary authority on a case-by-case basis to elevate a GP eligible project to an IP based on concerns for the aquatic environment or for any other factor of the public interest [33 CFR 320.4(a)]. Whenever the Corps notifies an applicant that an IP is required, no work in Corps jurisdiction may be conducted until the Corps issues the required authorization in writing indicating that work may proceed.

4. Enforcement/Non-Compliance. Work performed without the required Corps of Engineers permits is subject to administrative, civil, and criminal penalties. The Corps will evaluate unauthorized activities for enforcement action under 33 CFR 326.

The Corps will consider unauthorized any activity requiring Corps authorization if that activity is under construction or completed and does not comply with all of the terms and conditions of a GP or an IP. The Corps may elect to suspend enforcement proceedings if the permittee modifies his project to comply with a GP.

After considering whether a violation was knowing or intentional, and other indications of the need for a penalty, the Corps can elect to terminate an enforcement proceeding with an after-the- fact authorization under a GP, if all terms and conditions of the GP have been satisfied, either before or after the activity has been accomplished.

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² Located at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> under "Forms & Publications." Section III 4

IV. GENERAL CONDITIONS

To qualify for GP authorization, the prospective permittee must comply with the following general conditions, as applicable.

- 1. Other Permits
- 2. Federal Jurisdictional Boundaries
- 3. Minimal Direct, Secondary, and Cumulative Impacts
- 4. Mitigation (Avoidance, Minimization, and Compensatory Mitigation)
- 5. Single and Complete Projects
- 6. Historic Properties
- 7. Corps Projects and Property
- 8. Federal Threatened and Endangered Species
- 9. Wild and Scenic Rivers
- 10. Navigation
- 11. Federal Liability
- 12. Utility Line Installation and Removal
- 13. Heavy Equipment in Wetlands or Mudflats
- 14. Temporary Fill
- 15. Restoration of Special Aquatic Sites (including wetland areas).
- 16. Soil Erosion, Sediment and Turbidity Controls
- 17. Time of Year Windows/Restrictions.
- 18. Aquatic Life Movements & Management of Water Flows
- 19. Water Quality and Coastal Zone Management
- 20. Floodplains and Floodways
- 21. Storage of Seasonal Structures
- 22. Spawning, Breeding, and Migratory Areas
- 23. Vernal Pools
- 24. Invasive and Other Unacceptable Species
- 25. Programmatic Agreements
- 26. Permit On-Site
- 27. Self-Verification Notification Form (SVNF)
- 28. Inspections
- 29. Maintenance
- 30. Property Rights
- 31. Transfer of GP Verifications
- 32. Modification, Suspension, and Revocation
- 33. Special Conditions
- 34. False or Incomplete Information
- 35. Abandonment
- 36. Enforcement Cases
- 37. Duration of Authorization
- 38. Previously Authorized Activities
- 39. Discretionary Authority
- 40. St. John/St. Croix Rivers.
- 41. National Lands
- 42. Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)
- 43. Work Site Restoration
- 44. Bank Stabilization
- 45. Stream Work & Crossings and Wetland Crossings

1. Other Permits. Permittees must obtain other federal, state, or local authorizations required by law. Applicants are responsible for applying for and obtaining all required state or local approvals. This includes, but is not limited to, the project proponent obtaining a Flood Hazard Development Permit issued by the town, if necessary. Inquiries may be directed to the municipality or to the Maine Floodplain Management Coordinator at (207) 287-8063. See http://www.maine.gov/dacf/flood/

2. Federal Jurisdictional Boundaries

- a. Applicability of this GP shall be evaluated with reference to federal jurisdictional boundaries. Applicants are responsible for ensuring that the boundaries used satisfy the federal criteria defined at 33 CFR 328 "Waters of the U.S." and 33 CFR 329 "Navigable Waters of the U.S."
 - NOTE: Waters of the U.S. include the subcategories "navigable waters of the U.S." and "wetlands."
- b. For Category 1 projects, proponents are not required to delineate the waters of the U.S. that they plan to impact, but must approximate the square footage of impacts in order to determine the review category (1 or 2 or Individual Permit). For projects filling <15,000 square feet (SF) of waters of the U.S. that do not qualify for Category 1 (e.g., vernal pool, secondary or endangered species impacts, etc.) and therefore require an application to the Corps (PCN), and for those filling ≥15,000 SF, applicants shall delineate all waters of the U.S. that will be filled (direct impacts) in accordance with the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual and the most recent regional supplement (see Appendix C). In addition, applicants shall approximately identify all waters of the U.S. on the property and *known* waters adjacent to the property in order for the Corps to evaluate secondary impacts. The waters of the U.S. shall be clearly shown on the project plans submitted with the application. This includes all waters of the U.S. in areas under DEP or LUPC jurisdiction regardless of whether they're shown on LUPC zoning maps.
- c. On a case-by-case basis, the Corps may modify/refine the above delineation and identification requirements for waters of the U.S. See www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Jurisdictional Limits and Wetlands for more information on delineating jurisdictional areas.

3. Minimal Direct, Secondary, and Cumulative Effects³

- a. Projects authorized by this GP shall have no more than minimal direct, secondary and cumulative adverse environmental impacts. Category 2 applicants should provide information on secondary and cumulative impacts as stated in Appendix C. Compensatory mitigation may be required to offset unavoidable impacts (see GC 4) and to ensure that they are no more than minimal. Compensatory mitigation requirements will be determined on a case-by-case basis.
- b. Secondary impacts to waterway and/or wetland areas, (e.g., areas drained, flooded, cleared, excavated or fragmented) shall be added to the total fill area when determining whether the project qualifies for Category 1 or 2. Direct, secondary and cumulative impacts are defined at Appendix A, Endnote 2 and Appendix F.
- c. Site clearing, grading and construction activities in the upland habitat surrounding vernal pools ("Vernal Pool Management Areas") are secondary impacts. See GC 23 for avoidance and minimization requirements and recommendations.
- d. Bank stabilization activities in tidal waters are provided at Appendix A, Page 30. Direct impacts in tidal waters from contiguous bank stabilization projects in excess of 200 linear feet (Applicant or Applicant + Abutters combined) must undergo Category 2 review.

4. Mitigation (Avoidance, Minimization, and Compensatory Mitigation)

- a. Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable through consideration of alternatives. The Corps may require compensatory mitigation of unavoidable direct and secondary impacts associated with Category 2 projects on a case-by-case basis.
- b. Applicants proposing work in jurisdictional waters should consider riparian/forested buffers for stormwater management and low impact development (LID) best management practices (BMPs) to reduce

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³ Direct, secondary and cumulative effects are defined at Appendix F, Definitions and Acronyms. Section IV 6

impervious cover and manage stormwater to minimize secondary impacts to aquatic resources to the maximum extent practicable.⁴

c. Compensatory mitigation⁵ for effects to waters of the U.S., including direct, secondary and temporal⁶, may be required for permanent impacts that exceed the SV area limits, and may be required for temporary impacts that exceed the SV area limits, to offset unavoidable impacts which remain after all appropriate and practicable avoidance and minimization has been achieved and to ensure that the adverse effects to the aquatic environment are no more than minimal. Proactive restoration projects or temporary impact work with no lasting secondary effects may generally be excluded from this requirement. Refer to Appendix G.

5. Single and Complete Projects⁷

- a. This GP shall not be used to piecemeal work and shall be applied to single and complete projects. When determining the review category in Appendix A (Category 1 or 2) for a single and complete project, proponents must include any permanent historic fill placed since October 1995 that is associated with that project and all currently proposed temporary and permanent impact areas.
 - b. A single and complete project must have independent utility⁷.
 - c. Unless the Corps determines the activity has independent utility:
- i. This GP shall not be used for any activity that is part of an overall project for which an Individual Permit is required.
- ii. All components of a single project and/or all planned phases of a multi-phased project (e.g., subdivisions should include all work such as roads, utilities, and lot development) shall be treated together as constituting one single and complete project.
- d. For linear projects, such as power lines or pipelines with multiple crossings, the single and complete project is all crossings of a single water of the U.S. (i.e., single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single waterbody several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly-shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately. If any crossing requires a Category 2 activity, then the entire linear project shall be reviewed as one project under Category 2.

6. Historic Properties

a. No undertaking shall cause effects (defined at 33 CFR 325 Appendix C and 36 CFR 800) on properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places⁸, including previously unknown historic properties within the permit area, unless the Corps or another Federal action agency has satisfied the consultation requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA). The State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (THPO) and the National Register of Historic Places can assist with locating information on: i) previously identified historic properties; and ii) areas with potential for the presence of historic resources, which may require identification and evaluation by qualified historic preservation and/or archaeological consultants in consultation with the Corps and the SHPO and/or THPO(s).

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⁴ See: www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> State General Permit >> Permit Resources >> Mitigation for this additional information: a) "Wetland BMP Manual - Techniques for Avoidance & Minimization," b) riparian/forested buffer BMPs, and c) LID BMPs. LID BMPs include, but are not limited to: replacing curbs and gutters with swales; using an open space design for subdivisions; using permeable, pervious or porous pavements; constructing bio-retention systems; and/or, adding a green roof or rain garden.

⁵ Compensatory mitigation projects provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR 332. See also the New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance at www.nae.usace.army.mil/regulatory >> Mitigation.

⁶ Temporal loss: The time lag between the loss of aquatic resource functions caused by the permitted impacts and the replacement of aquatic resource functions at the compensatory mitigation site(s) (33 CFR 332.2).

⁷ Single and Complete Project and Independent Utility are defined in Appendix F - Definitions.

⁸ The majority of historic properties are not listed on the National Register of Historic Places and may require identification and evaluation by qualified historic preservation and/or archaeological consultants in consultation with the Corps and the SHPO and/or THPO(s).

- b. For activities eligible for SV, proponents must ensure and document that the activity will not cause effects as stated in 6(a). Proponents must submit a PCN if the authorized activity may cause effects as stated in 6(a) as soon as possible to ensure that the Corps is aware of any potential effects of the permitted activity on any historic property to ensure all Section 106 requirements are met.
- c. All PCNs shall: i) show notification to the SHPO and applicable THPO(s)⁹ for their identification of historic properties, ii) state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties, and iii) include any available documentation from the SHPO or THPO(s) indicating that there are or are not historic properties affected. Starting consultation early in project planning can save proponents time and money.
- d. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

7. Corps Projects and Property

- a. In addition to any authorization under this GP, proponents must contact the Corps Real Estate Division at (978) 318-8585 for work occurring on or potentially affecting Corps properties and/or Corpscontrolled easements to initiate reviews and determine what real estate instruments are necessary to perform work. Permittees may not commence work on Corps properties and/or Corps-controlled easements until they have received any required Corps real estate documents evidencing site-specific permission to work.
- b. Any proposed temporary or permanent alteration, or modification or use, including occupation, of a federal project (including but not limited to a levee, dike, floodwall, channel, anchorage, breakwater, seawall, bulkhead, jetty, wharf, pier or other work built but not necessarily owned by the United States), which would obstruct or impair the usefulness of the federal project in any manner, and/or would involve changes to the authorized federal project's scope, purpose, and/or functioning that go beyond minor modifications required for normal operations and maintenance, is not eligible for SV and requires review and approval by the Corps pursuant to 33 USC 408. Where Section 408 is applicable, a decision on a Department of the Army general permit application will not be rendered prior to the decision on a Section 408 request.
- c. Any structure or work within any Corps Federal Navigation Project (FNP) or its buffer zone¹⁰, shall be subject to removal at the owner's expense prior to any future Corps dredging or the performance of periodic hydrographic surveys. See GC 10 for more requirements related to FNPs.

8. Federal Threatened and Endangered Species

- a. No activity is authorized which: i) is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species; ii) "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed; or iii) violates the ESA.
- b. All applicants must request an Official Species List from the US Fish & Wildlife Service and must include the list in the Corps permit application. To request an Official Species List, refer to the instructions in Appendix D.
- c. For federally listed species in tidal waters, applicants should contact the National Marine Fisheries Service at: http://www.greateratlantic.fisheries.noaa.gov/protected/section7/

See Appendix H for a list of FNPs. The buffer zone is equal to three times the authorized depth of the FNP Section IV 8

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⁹ Appendix E, 3(a)&(b). Historic Resources, provides contact information and each tribe's "area of concern." ¹⁰ See Appendix H for a list of FNPs. The buffer zone is equal to three times the authorized depth of the FNP.

- d. A PCN is required if a threatened or endangered species, a species proposed for listing as threatened or endangered, or designated or proposed critical habitat (all hereinafter referred to as "listed species or habitat"), as identified under the ESA, is present in the action area¹¹.
- e. Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA but should coordinate that consultation with the Corps as well.
- 9. Wild and Scenic Rivers. Any activity that occurs in the designated main stem of, within 0.25 mile up or downstream of the designated main stem of, or in tributaries within .25 miles of the designated main stem of a National Wild and Scenic River, or in "bordering and contiguous wetlands" (see Appendix A, Endnote 1) that are adjacent to the designated main stem of a National Wild and Scenic River, or that has the potential to alter flows within a river within the National Wild and Scenic River System, is not eligible for Category 1 regardless of size of the impacts. This condition applies to both designated Wild and Scenic Rivers and rivers officially designated by Congress as study rivers for possible inclusion while such rivers are in an official study status. National Wild and Scenic Rivers System segments for Maine as of October 2015 include: Allagash River beginning at Telos Dam continuing to Allagash checkpoint at Eliza Hole Rapids, approximately 3 miles upstream of the confluence with the St. John River (length = 92 miles); and 11.25 miles of the York River, in the State of Maine, from its headwaters at York Pond to the mouth of the river at York Harbor, plus its tributaries (currently under study).

10. Navigation

- a. Any structure or work that extends closer to the horizontal limits of any Corps Federal Navigation Project (see Appendix H) than a distance of three times the project's authorized depth shall be subject to removal at the owner's expense prior to any future Corps dredging or the performance of periodic hydrographic surveys. This is applicable to Category 1 and 2. Reference Appendix A, Page 28 (Moorings) and Page 29 (Structures, Floats & Lifts).
- b. There shall be no unreasonable interference with navigation by the existence or use of the activity authorized herein, and no attempt shall be made by the permittee to prevent the full and free use by the public of all navigable waters at or adjacent to the activity authorized herein.
- c. The permittee understands and agrees that if future U.S. operations require the removal, relocation, or other alteration of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the U.S. No claim shall be made against the U.S. on account of any such removal or alteration.
- d. A PCN is required for all work in, over or under an FNP or its buffer zone unless otherwise indicated in Appendix A. (Reference Appendix A, Endnote 13, Page 36)
- **11. Federal Liability.** In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following: (a) damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes; (b) damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the U.S. in the public interest;
- (c) damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit; (d) design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work; (e) damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.

12. Utility Line Installation and Removal

a. Subsurface utility lines shall remain subsurface. If it is necessary to discharge dredged or filled material not previously authorized in order to keep such utility lines buried or restore them to their original subsurface condition, a PCN and written verification from the Corps may be required (e.g., in the case of side

¹¹ The "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook – Procedures for Conducting Consultation and Conference Activities Under Section 7 of the ESA," defines action area as "all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the Federal action and not merely the immediate area involved in the action. [50 CFR 402.02]."

¹² Additional information can be found at: http://www.rivers.gov.

casting into wetlands from utility trenches). Certain repair, replacement or maintenance activities may be eligible for Category 1 – refer to Appendix A.

- b. Subsurface utility lines must be installed at a sufficient depth to avoid damage from anchors, dredging, etc., and to prevent exposure from erosion and stream adjustment. In accordance with Corps New England District Regulation NEDER 1110-1-9 (www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> <u>Useful Links and Documents</u>), as an absolute minimum, the bottom cover associated with the initial installation of utility lines under navigable waters and navigation channels shall be 48 inches in soil or 24 inches in rock excavation in competent rock unless specified in a written determination. These minimum bottom cover requirements for pipelines and cables shall be measured from the maximum depth of dredging to the top of the utility. The maximum depth of dredging, in waterways having existing FNPs, is generally considered to be the authorized project depth plus any allowance for advanced maintenance and the allowable overdepth for dredging tolerances. In waterways that do not have existing FNPs, this depth should be taken as two feet below the existing bottom or maximum depth of proposed dredging, as applicable.
 - c. Aerial utility lines that cross navigable waters must meet minimum clearances. See 33CFR322.5(i).
- d. For horizontal directional drilling work, returns of drilling fluids to the surface (i.e., frac-outs) are not authorized and require restoration to the maximum extent practicable in accordance with the terms and conditions of this GP. The permittee and its contractor shall have onsite and shall implement the procedures detailed in a frac-out contingency plan for monitoring drilling operations and for the immediate containment, control and recovery/removal of drilling fluids released into the environment should a discharge of material occur during drilling operations.
- e. Within the context of any new installations, any abandoned or inactive utility lines should be removed and faulty lines (e.g., leaking hazardous substances, petroleum products, etc.) should be removed or repaired to the extent practicable. A PCN and written verification from the Corps is required if they are to remain in place, e.g., to protect sensitive areas or ensure safety.
- f. No work shall drain a water of the U.S. by providing a conduit for water on or below the surface. Trench plugs installed along pipelines may be effective.
- 13. Heavy Equipment in Wetlands or Mudflats. Operating heavy equipment other than fixed equipment (drill rigs, fixed cranes, etc.) within wetlands shall be minimized, and such equipment shall not be stored, maintained or repaired in wetlands, to the maximum extent practicable. Where construction requires heavy equipment operation in wetlands, the equipment shall either have low ground pressure (typically <3 psi), or it shall be placed on swamp/construction/timber mats (herein referred to as "construction mats" and defined at Appendix A, Endnote 4) that are adequate to support the equipment in such a way as to minimize disturbance of wetland soil and vegetation. Construction mats are to be placed in the wetland from the upland or from equipment positioned on swamp mats if working within a wetland. Dragging construction mats into position is prohibited. Other support structures that are capable of safely supporting equipment may be used with written Corps authorization (Category 2 authorization or Individual Permit). Similarly, the permittee may request written authorization from the Corps to waive use of mats during frozen, dry or other conditions. An adequate supply of spill containment equipment shall be maintained on site. Construction mats should be managed in accordance with the Construction Mat BMPs at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory State General Permits >> Permit Resources.
- **14. Temporary Fill.** Temporary fill that qualifies for Category 1 (e.g., <15,000 SF of combined temporary and permanent fill associated with the single and complete project) or is authorized in writing under Category 2, shall adhere to the following:
- a. All temporary fill and disturbed soils shall be stabilized to prevent its eroding into waters of the U.S. where it is not authorized. Work shall include phased or staged development to ensure only areas under active development are exposed and to allow for stabilization practices as soon as practicable, typically within three calendar days after disturbance. Accelerated stabilization (the providing of temporary or permanent cover by the end of the work day to prevent erosion) shall be employed as necessary. Temporary fill must be placed in a manner that will prevent it from being eroded by expected high flows.
- b. Unconfined temporary fill authorized for discharge into waters of the U.S. (e.g., temporary stream crossings) shall consist of material that minimizes impacts to water quality (e.g. washed stone, stone, etc.).

- c. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable when temporary structures, work, and discharges of dredged or fill material, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Place materials in a location and manner that does not adversely impact surface or subsurface water flow into or out of the wetland. Temporary fill authorized for discharge into wetlands shall be placed on geotextile fabric or other appropriate material laid on the pre-construction wetland grade where practicable to minimize impacts and to facilitate restoration to the original grade. Construction mats are excluded from this requirement.
- d. Temporary fill, construction mats and corduroy roads shall be entirely removed as soon as they are no longer needed to construct the authorized work. Temporary fill shall be placed in its original location or disposed of at an upland site and suitably contained to prevent its subsequent erosion into waters of the U.S. To qualify for Category 1, temporary fill placed during the: i.) growing season must be removed before the beginning of the next growing season; and ii.) non-growing season may remain throughout the following growing season, but must be removed before the beginning of the next growing season.
- e. Temporary fill, construction mats and corduroy roads are considered temporary only if they are removed as soon as they are no longer needed to construct the authorized work.
 - f. Construction debris and/or deteriorated materials shall not be located in waters of the U.S.

15. Restoration of Special Aquatic Sites (Including Wetland Areas)

- a. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas restored to their preconstruction condition, function and elevation. Restoration shall typically commence no later than the completion of construction.
- b. For excavated areas, "restored to pre-construction condition, function and elevation" means careful removal of existing soil and vegetation, separate topsoil and subsoil stockpiling, soil protection, and replacement back to the original location such that the original soil layering and vegetation schemes are approximately the same, unless otherwise authorized. Plan for natural settling that will occur (the initial post-restoration elevation of the backfilled areas should be above the desired final grade as topsoil may settle by 33% to 50%), minimize compaction, and ensure that topsoil is void of gravel and subsoil. A minimum of 4 inches of topsoil should be at the surface after the soil has settled. Wetland areas temporarily disturbed shall be stabilized (e.g., seeded or planted). Seed mixes and vegetation shall include only plant species native to New England and shall not include any species listed as "Invasive and Other Unacceptable Plant Species" in the "New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" (see GC 24 and refer to Appendix G). This list may be updated periodically.
- c. Limit compaction to the minimum needed to promote a successful seedbed; avoid a 'fluffy' seedbed, which is susceptible to erosion until the plants get established, and a compacted topsoil layer, which is counter-productive and will lead to greater erosion susceptibility down the road. Test soils for compaction. A soil probe, auger, or shovel should be able to retrieve samples of post-restoration profile. Equipment refusal shall be considered a failure of restoration, in which case the soil should be restored through deep-ripping and/or de-compaction, or other appropriate methods, and wetland hydrology must be maintained. See the BMPs at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> State General Permits >> Permit Resources >> Restoration.
- d. In areas of authorized temporary disturbance, cut woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, etc.) shall be cut at or above ground level and not uprooted in order to prevent disruption to the wetland soil structure and to allow stump sprouts to revegetate the work area, unless otherwise authorized.
- e. Trenches shall be constructed or backfilled so that the trench does not drain waters of the U.S. (e.g., materials or methods that create a French drain effect).

16. Soil Erosion, Sediment and Turbidity Controls

a. Adequate sedimentation and erosion control management measures, practices and devices, such as phased construction, installation of sediment control barriers (i.e. silt fence, vegetated filter strips, geotextile silt fences, erosion control mixes, hay bales or other devices) downhill of all exposed areas, retention of existing vegetated buffers, application of temporary mulching during construction, and permanent seeding and stabilization shall be installed and properly maintained to reduce erosion and retain sediment on-site during and after construction. They shall be capable of preventing erosion; of collecting sediment, suspended and floating materials; and of filtering fine sediment.

- b. Temporary sediment control barriers shall be removed upon completion of work, but not until all disturbed areas are permanently stabilized. The sediment collected by these sediment barriers shall be removed and placed at an upland location and stabilized to prevent its later erosion into a waterway or wetland.
 - c. All exposed soil and other fills shall be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date.
- 17. Time of Year Work Windows/Restrictions. For activities where work is authorized in streams and tidal waters that causes turbidity or sediment re-suspension or other construction related disturbances, work must be conducted during the following TOY work windows (not during the TOY restrictions) unless otherwise authorized by the Corps under Category 2 review:

<u>TOY Restriction (no work)</u> <u>TOY Work Window (work allowed)</u>

Non-tidal waters Oct. 01 through Jul. 14 Jul. 15 through Sep. 30 Tidal waters Apr. 10 through Nov. 07 Nov. 08 through Apr. 09

Alternate windows authorized under Category 2 may include species specific windows recommended by the Maine Dept. of Marine Resources and/or Maine Dept. of Inland Fisheries & Wildlife.

18. Aquatic Life Movements & Management of Water Flows

- a. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. Unless otherwise stated, activities impounding water in a stream require a PCN to ensure impacts to aquatic life species are avoided and minimized. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies (e.g., streams, wetlands) shall be:
- i. Suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of those aquatic species; and
- ii. Properly aligned and constructed to prevent bank erosion or streambed scour both adjacent to and inside the culvert. Permanent and temporary crossings of wetlands shall be suitably culverted, spanned or bridged in such a manner as to preserve hydraulic and ecological connectivity between the wetlands on either side of the road.
- b. To avoid adverse impacts on aquatic organisms, the low flow channel/thalweg shall remain unobstructed during periods of low flow, except when it is necessary to perform the authorized work.
- c. To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization and storm water management activities. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the preconstruction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).

19. Water Quality and Coastal Zone Management

- a. Applicants must satisfy any conditions imposed by the state and EPA, where applicable, in their CWA § 401 Water Quality Certifications (WQC) for this GP, or in any Individual § 401 WQC. See Appendix E for state-specific contact information and to determine if any action is required to obtain a 401 WQC. The Corps may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. All projects authorized by this GP shall be designed, constructed and operated to minimize or eliminate the discharge of pollutants.
- b. Applicants must satisfy any additional conditions imposed by the state in their Coastal Zone Management (CZM) Act consistency concurrences for this GP, or in any Individual CZM consistency concurrences. The Corps may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.

20. Floodplains and Floodways

- a. Appropriate measures must be taken to minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable.
- b. Activities within 100-Year Floodplains must comply with applicable Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)-approved state and/or local floodplain management permitting requirements. Proponents may need to coordinate with FEMA and apply for a formal change to the flood insurance study products or forward a set of project plans and relevant technical documentation in a digital format to the Risk

Analysis Branch Chief, Mitigation Division, FEMA, Region 1, 99 High Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02110. Applicants should provide a copy of any documentation to the Corps along with the PCN.

- c. Proponents may have to obtain a Flood Hazard Development Permit issued by the town. Inquiries may be directed to the municipality or to the Maine Floodplain Management Coordinator at (207) 287-8063. See http://www.maine.gov/dacf/flood/
- 21. Storage of Seasonal Structures. Seasonal or recreational structures such as pier sections, floats, aquaculture structures, etc. that are removed from the waterway for a portion of the year (often referred to as seasonal structures) shall be stored in an upland location landward of mean high water (MHW) or ordinary high water (OHW) and not in wetlands, tidal wetlands, their substrate or on mudflats. These seasonal structures may be stored on the fixed, pile-supported portion of the structure that is waterward of MHW or OHW. Seasonal storage of structures in navigable waters, e.g., in a protected cove on a mooring, requires Corps approval and local harbormaster approval.

22. Spawning, Breeding, and Migratory Areas

- a. Jurisdictional activities and impacts such as excavations, discharges of dredged or fill material, and/or suspended sediment producing activities in jurisdictional waters that provide value as fish migratory areas, fish and shellfish spawning or nursery areas, or amphibian and migratory bird breeding areas, during spawning or breeding seasons shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable.
- b. Jurisdictional activities in waters of the United States that provide value as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. The permittee is responsible for obtaining any "take" permits required under the USFWS's regulations governing compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee should contact the appropriate local office of the USFWS to determine if such "take" permits are required for a particular activity (See Appendix E).

23. Vernal Pools

- a. Only vernal pools that meet the current definition of waters of the U.S. are regulated by the Corps.
- b. Direct and indirect adverse effects to all vernal pools (VPs), including their envelopes and critical terrestrial habitats (VP Management Areas¹³), shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable. Site clearing, grading, and construction activities associated with a regulated activity in the VP Management Area may cause these adverse effects to the VP.
 - c. The State of Maine has specific protections for vernal pools.¹⁴
- d. When any regulated activities occur within 750 feet of a vernal pool, the following management practices <u>must be followed</u> for all work within any VP Management Area (750' of a VP's edge) *in order to qualify for Category 1*:
- i. No disturbance within the VP Depression or VP Envelope (area within 100 feet of the VP Depression's edge)¹⁵;
- ii. Maintain a minimum of 75% of the Critical Terrestrial Habitat (area within 100-750 feet of the VP Depression's edge) as unfragmented forest with at least a partly-closed canopy of overstory trees to provide shade, deep litter and woody debris;
 - iii. Maintain or restore forest corridors connecting wetlands and significant vernal pools;
 - iv. Minimize forest floor disturbance; and
 - v. Maintain native understory vegetation and downed woody debris.

¹³ The Corps VP Management Area, which includes the VP and a 750' radius from the VP's edge, is defined at Appendix A, Endnote 5.

¹⁴Appendix G, 10(a)-(d) provides links to the state's Significant Wildlife Habitat regulations and references that provide impact minimization measures to reference when designing projects.

¹⁵ The no disturbance requirement in the VP envelope [see (b)(i)(1)], and (b)(i)(2), do not apply to temporary impacts associated with construction mats in previously disturbed areas of existing utility project (e.g., transmission lines, gas pipelines) or linear transportation project (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways and taxiways) right-of-ways provided there is a Vegetation Management Plan that avoids, minimizes and mitigates impacts to aquatic resources.

- vi. Cape Cod style-curbing or no curbing options shall be used on new roads to facilitate amphibian passage. (Reference Appendix G)
- e. A PCN is required for any regulated activity within 750' of a vernal pool when all work within the VP Management Area does not comply with the Category 1 requirements in (d) above. Information on directional buffers in accordance with the VP Directional Buffer Guidance document may be provided in order to demonstrate minimal impact and avoid compensation requirements (Reference Appendix G). Conservation of the un-impacted area within the VP Management Area will often be required.
- f. GC 2 requires applicants to delineate or approximately identify on the project plans all waters of the U.S., which contain vernal pools.
- g. GC 23(b-d) do not apply to projects that are within a municipality and meet the provisions of a Corps-approved VP Special Area Management Plan (VP SAMP) and are otherwise eligible for self-verification.

24. Invasive and Other Unacceptable Species¹⁶

- a. The introduction or spread of invasive or other unacceptable plant or animal species on the project site or areas adjacent to the project site caused by the site work shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. For example, construction mats and equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned and free of vegetation and soil before and after use. The introduction or spread of invasive plant or animal species on the project site caused by the site work shall be controlled.
- b. No cultivars, invasive or other unacceptable plant species may be used for any mitigation, bioengineering, vegetative bank stabilization or any other work authorized by this GP. However, non-native species and cultivars may be used when it is appropriate and specified in a written verification, such as using *Secale cereale* (Annual Rye) to quickly stabilize a site. All PCNs should explain the reason for using non-native species or cultivars.
- **25. Programmatic Consultations or Agreements.** The Corps requirements to comply with Section 106 of the NHPA, Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act or Essential Fish Habitat conservation under the Magnuson-Stevens Act may be satisfied by a Programmatic Agreement with the Corps, New England District or another federal action agency. Any Corps, New England District Programmatic Agreements will be available on our website.
- **26. Permit On Site.** The permittee shall ensure that a copy of this GP and any accompanying authorization letter with attached plans are at the site of the work authorized by this GP whenever work is being performed and that all construction personnel performing work which may affect waters of the U.S. are aware of its terms and conditions. The entire permit authorization shall be made a part of any and all contracts and subcontracts for work that affects areas of Corps jurisdiction at the site of the work authorized by this GP. This shall be achieved by including the entire permit authorization in the specifications for work. The term "entire permit authorization" means this entire GP and the authorization letter (including its drawings, plans, appendices and other attachments) and also includes permit modifications. If the authorization letter is issued after the construction specifications, but before receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit authorization shall be included as an addendum to the specifications. If the authorization letter is issued after receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit authorization shall be included in the contract or subcontract. Although the permittee may assign various aspects of the work to different contractors or subcontractors, all contractors and subcontractors shall be obligated by contract to comply with all environmental protection provisions contained within the entire GP authorization, and no contract or subcontract shall require or allow unauthorized work in areas of Corps jurisdiction.

¹⁶ For the purposes of this GP, plant species that are considered invasive and unacceptable are provided in Appendix G "Invasive and other Unacceptable Plant Species" of our document "Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Mitigation. Chapter 4(e) Planting is also particularly relevant. The June 2009 "Corps of Engineers Invasive Species Policy" provides policy, goals and objectives and is located at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Invasive Species. Additional information can be found at: www.eddmaps.org/ipane.

- 27. Self-Verification Notification Form (SVNF). Permitees must complete and submit the SVNF provided at Appendix B to the Corps for work authorized by this GP unless otherwise noted in Appendix A. NOTE: A copy of a state permit application form may be an acceptable surrogate for the SVNF provided either form used also include plans and an Official Species List of federally listed threatened or endangered species.
- **28. Inspections.** The permittee shall allow the Corps to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to ensure that it is being or has been accomplished in accordance with the terms and conditions of this GP and any written verification. The Corps may also require post-construction engineering drawings for completed work, post-dredging survey drawings for any dredging work, or other post-construction reports. To facilitate these inspections, the permittee shall complete and return to the Corps the following forms:
 - For Category 1/Self-Verification: The SVNF (see Appendix B).
 - For Category 2/PCN: The a) Work-Start Notification Form and b) Compliance Certification Form, when either is provided with the authorization letter.

29. Maintenance

- a. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety and compliance with applicable general conditions and activity-specific conditions to a written verification.
- b. The requirement in (a) above does not include maintenance of dredging projects. Each maintenance dredging event exceeding the self-verification limits requires a new PCN unless an unexpired, written PCN or other Corps authorization specifies that the permittee may "dredge and maintain" an area for a particular time period. Self-verification or PCN maintenance dredging includes only those areas and depths previously authorized and actually dredged. Maintenance dredging with ocean or open water disposal will always require a PCN and at least Category 2 review.
- c. Some maintenance activities may not be subject to regulation under Section 404 in accordance with 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2). Refer to Appendix A, Endnote 7.
- **30. Property Rights.** This GP does not convey any property rights, either in real estate or material, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to property or invasion of rights or any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations.
- **31. Transfer of GP Verifications**. When the structures or work authorized by this GP are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this GP, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the entity or individual who received the GP authorizations, as well as the new owner(s) of the property. If the permittee sells the property associated with a GP verification, the permittee may transfer the GP verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the Corps (see Appendix E for address) to validate the transfer. A copy of the GP verification must be attached to the letter, and *the letter must contain the new owner's contact information and the following statement and signature:*

"When the structures or work authorized by this GP are still in existence at the time the property is transferred
the terms and conditions of this GP, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new
owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this GP and the associated liabilities associated with
compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below."

(Transferee)	
(Date)	

32. Modification, Suspension, and Revocation. Any work authorized under this GP by self-verification or PCN may be either modified, suspended, or revoked, in whole or in part, pursuant to the policies and procedures of 33 CFR 325.7. Any such action shall not be the basis for any claim for damages against the U.S.

- **33. Special Conditions.** The Corps may independently, or at the request of the federal resource agencies, impose other special conditions on a project authorized pursuant to this GP that are determined necessary to minimize adverse navigational and/or environmental effects or based on any other factor of the public interest. Failure to comply with all terms and conditions of the authorization, including special conditions, constitutes a permit violation and may subject the permittee to criminal, civil or administrative penalties and/or an ordered restoration.
- **34. False or Incomplete Information.** If the Corps makes a determination regarding the eligibility of a project under this GP and subsequently discovers that it has relied on false, incomplete or inaccurate information provided by the permittee, the Corps may determine that the GP authorization is not valid; modify, suspend or revoke the authorization; and the U.S. Government may institute legal proceedings.
- **35. Abandonment.** If the permittee decides to abandon the activity authorized under this GP, unless such abandonment is merely the transfer of property to a third party, he/she may be required to restore the area to the satisfaction of the Corps.
- **36. Enforcement cases.** This GP does not apply to any existing or proposed activity in Corps jurisdiction associated with an ongoing Corps or EPA enforcement action, until such time as the enforcement action is resolved or the Corps or EPA, as appropriate, determines that the activity may proceed independently without compromising the enforcement action.
- **37. Duration of Authorization.** This GP expires on October 12, 2020. Activities authorized under this GP that have commenced (i.e., are under construction) or are under contract to commence before this GP expires will have until October 12, 2021 to complete the activity under the terms and conditions of the current GP.

38. Previously Authorized Activities.

- a. Projects that have received authorization (Category 1 or 2) from the Corps and that were completed under the previous PGPs, nationwide permits, regional general permits or letters of permission, shall remain authorized.
- b. Activities authorized pursuant to 33 CFR Part 330.3 ("Activities occurring before certain dates") are not affected by this GP.
- c. Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a written letter from the Corps under the GP in effect between October 12, 2010 and October 12, 2015 remains authorized subject to the terms and general conditions of this GP along with any special conditions in the authorizing written letter. Exception if previously authorized work is not commenced and a new federally listed threatened or endangered species could be affected, the Corps must consult with the Service(s) prior to re-authorizing the work under this GP. Requests for re-authorization must include an updated Official Species list. To request an Official Species List, refer to the instructions in Appendix D.
- **39. Discretionary Authority.** Notwithstanding compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit, the Corps retains discretionary authority to require Category 2 or Individual Permit review based on concerns for the aquatic environment or for any other factor of the public interest [33 CFR 320.4(a)]. This authority is invoked on a case-by-case basis whenever the Corps determines that the potential consequences of the proposal warrant a higher level of review based on the concerns stated above. This authority may be invoked for projects that may contribute to cumulative environmental impacts that are more than minimal or if there is a special resource or concern associated with a particular project that is not already covered by the remaining conditions of the GP and that warrants greater review. Whenever the Corps notifies an applicant that an Individual Permit may be required, the project is not authorized under this GP and no work may be conducted until an Individual Permit is obtained or until the Corps notifies the applicant that further review has demonstrated that the work may proceed under this GP.
- **40. St. John/St. Croix Rivers.** Work within the Saint John and Saint Croix River basins that requires approval of the International Joint Commission is not eligible for Category 1 and a PCN to the Corps is required if any temporary or permanent use, obstruction or diversion of international boundary waters could affect the natural

flow or levels of waters on the Canadian side of the line; or if any construction or maintenance of remedial works, protective works, dams, or other obstructions in waters downstream from boundary waters could raise the natural level of water on the Canadian side of the boundary.

- **41. National Lands**. Activities that impinge upon the value of any National Wildlife Refuge, National Forest, National Marine Sanctuary, National Park or any other area administered by the National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or U.S. Forest Service are not eligible for Category 1 and require a PCN.
- **42. Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)**. Any work in the following rivers and streams, including all tributaries to the extent that they are currently or were historically accessible for salmon migration, shall not be authorized under Category 1 of the GP and must be screened for potential impacts to EFH (see Appendix G for more information).

Androscoggin River	Aroostook River	Boyden River	Dennys River
Ducktrap River	East Machias River	Hobart Stream	Kennebec River
Machias River	Narraguagus River	Orland River	Passagassawaukeag River
Patten Stream	Penobscot River	Pleasant River	Presumpscot River
Saco River	Sheepscot River	St. Croix River	Tunk Stream
	-		Union River

The above does not apply to the following activities which may qualify for Category 1 work:

- Exploratory drilling and borings for bridges.
- Moorings (see Appendix A, Page 28 for Category 1 thresholds and requirements)
- Structures, floats & lifts (see Appendix A, Page 29 for Category 1 thresholds and requirements)
- Other activities specified in a programmatic agreement with NMFS.

43. Work Site Restoration

- a. Wetland areas where permanent disturbance is not authorized shall be restored to their original condition and elevation, which under no circumstances shall be higher than the pre-construction elevation. Original condition means careful protection and/or removal of existing soil and vegetation, and replacement back to the original location such that the original soil layering and vegetation schemes are approximately the same, unless otherwise authorized.
- b. Upon completion of construction, all disturbed wetland areas (the disturbance of these areas must be authorized) shall be properly stabilized. Any seed mix shall contain only plant species native to New England and shall not contain any species listed in the "Invasive and Other Unacceptable Plant Species" Appendix in the "New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" (see GC 24 and refer to Appendix G). This list may be updated periodically.
- c. In areas of authorized temporary disturbance, if trees are cut they shall be cut at ground level and not uprooted in order to prevent disruption to the wetland soil structure and to allow stump sprouts to revegetate the work area, unless otherwise authorized.

44. Bank Stabilization

- a. Projects involving construction or reconstruction/maintenance of bank stabilization structures within Corps jurisdiction shall be designed to minimize environmental effects, effects to neighboring properties, scour, etc. to the maximum extent practicable.
- b. Project proponents must design and construct bank stabilization projects using this sequential minimization process: avoidance of aquatic resource impacts, diversion of overland flow, vegetative stabilization, stone-sloped surfaces, and walls/bulkheads. Vertical walls/bulkheads shall only be used in situations where reflected wave energy can be tolerated.
- c. Inland Water bank stabilization activities necessary for erosion prevention must meet all of the following criteria: i) No material is placed in excess of the minimum needed for erosion protection; ii) The activity is no more than 500 feet in total length along the bank(s); iii) The activity will not exceed an average of one cubic yard per running foot placed along the bank below the plane of the ordinary high water mark; iv) Structures angled steeper than 1H:1V and any material other than angular or sub-angular stone or fiber roll revetments require at least a Category 2 review; v) The activity does not involve discharges of dredged or fill

material into special aquatic sites; vi) No material is of the type, or is placed in any location, or in any manner, to impair surface water flow into or out of any water of the U.S.; vii) No material is placed in a manner that will be eroded by normal or expected high flows (properly anchored trees and treetops may be used in low energy areas); and viii) The activity is not a stream channelization activity.

d. Bank stabilization activities in tidal waters are provided at Appendix A, Page 30 & 31. Direct impacts in tidal waters from contiguous bank stabilization projects in excess of 200 linear feet (Applicant or Applicant + Abutters combined) must undergo Category 2 review.

45. Stream Work and Crossings & Wetland Crossings Notes:

- a. For *Stream Work and Crossings* below, conditions (a) and (b) apply to Inland Waters and Wetlands (see Appendix A, Page 1 for definition) and Navigable Waters (see Appendix A, Page 27 for definition). Conditions (c)-(l) below only apply to Inland Waters and Wetlands that are streams. All new and replacement crossings in Navigable Waters require an application to the Corps and at least a Category 2 review.
- b. In-stream work in a watershed occupied by listed Atlantic salmon, Atlantic sturgeon, or shortnose sturgeon [see GC 8(b)] and some stream work such as crossings on EFH waters (see GC 42) is not eligible for Category 1.
- c. "High-Quality Stream Segments" are shown at www.maine.gov/dep/gis/datamaps and may be useful in evaluating impacts to fisheries. GIS shape files are under "Other Google Earth Interactive Maps" and PDFs by county are under "DEP GIS Maps." See Appendix E for more state contact information.

Conditions for Stream Work and Crossings:

- a. All permanent crossings of rivers, streams, brooks, etc. (hereon referred to as "streams") shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed to i) withstand and to prevent the restriction of high flows to qualify for Category 1, and ii) not obstruct the movement of or not substantially disrupt the necessary life-cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, beyond the actual duration of construction unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water to qualify for Category 1 or 2. (NOTE: Areas of fill and/or cofferdams must be included in total waterway/wetlands impacts to determine applicability of this GP).
- b. Any work that temporarily or permanently impacts upstream or downstream flood conditions, or permanently impacts wetlands in excess of Category 1 thresholds, must be reviewed at least under Category 2. See the documents referenced in Appendix G, 8(c) and (d) for guidance.
 - c. New Stream Crossings. For new stream crossings to qualify for Category 1:
 - i. Must ensure compliance with GC 45(a) and GC 45(b) above.
- ii. Shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards provided on Page 19 and the stream simulation document listed at Appendix G, 8(a).
 - d. <u>Replacement Stream Crossings.</u> For replacement stream crossings to qualify for Category 1:
 - i. Must ensure compliance with GC 45(a) and GC 45(b) above.
- ii. Shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards provided on Page 19 and the stream simulation document listed at Appendix G, 8(a).
- e. <u>Culvert Extensions</u>. Culvert extensions on culverts that do not meet the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards do not qualify for Category 1 and require an application to the Corps and at least Category 2 review.
 - f. <u>Temporary Stream Crossings</u>.

Note: The General Stream Crossing Standards don't apply to temporary stream crossings.

- i. Temporary stream crossings or cofferdams shall be used for equipment access across streams [see Appendix G, 8(e)]. Note: Areas of fill and/or cofferdams must be included in total waterway/wetlands impacts to determine the review category in Appendix A.
 - ii. Temporary stream crossings shall be removed within 180 days to qualify for Category 1.

- iii. Temporary stream crossings that are not spans¹⁷ (typically culverts) must be designed in accordance with 1-6 below to qualify for Category 1. Category 2 applications should include information demonstrating 2-6 below:
 - 1. Installed and removed during the low flow period specified in GC 45(l) below.
- 2. Placed on geotextile fabric or other material where practicable to ensure restoration to the original grade. Soil may not be used to construct or stabilize these structures and rock must be large enough to allow for easy removal without disrupting the streambed.
- 3. Designed and maintained to withstand and pass high flows. Water height should be no higher than the top of the culvert's inlet. A minimum culvert diameter of two feet is required to pass debris. Culverts must be aligned to prevent bank erosion or streambed scour.
- 4. Equipped with energy dissipating devices installed downstream if necessary to prevent scour.
 - 5. Designed and maintained to prevent soil from entering the waterbody.
- 6. Removed upon the completion of work. Impacts to the streambed or banks requires restoration to their original condition using stream simulation methods¹⁸.
- g. <u>Slip Lining</u>. Work using slip lining (retrofitting an existing culvert by inserting a smaller diameter pipe), invert lining, or resulting in decreased diameter, does not qualify for Category 1, either as new work or maintenance activities.
- h. <u>Work in Flowing Waters</u>. To qualify for Category 1, no unconfined fill [see GC 14(b)] or excavation in flowing waters is allowed. To accomplish this:
- i. Bank stabilization work below ordinary high water (OHW) shall utilize erosion controls such as inflatable cofferdams, jersey barrier, silt screen, turbidity curtain, etc. where practicable to prevent sediment input to the stream and to minimize turbidity and sedimentation impacts for sensitive life stages. Bank stabilization above OHW must utilize erosion controls.
- ii. Management techniques such as temporary flume pipes, culverts, cofferdams, etc. must be used to maintain normal flows within the stream boundary's confines, or water diversions may be used immediately up and downstream of the work footprint (see Appendix A, Endnote 6) or work must be performed in the dry under no flow conditions, or under very low flow conditions following the practices in GC 45(a).
- i. <u>Minimization</u>. In order to make the Category 2 review process more efficient and result in a faster decision, new and replacement stream crossings should be designed using the least intrusive and environmentally damaging method following this sequential minimization process: 1) spans with no stream impacts, 2) spans with stream impacts, and 3) embedded culverts with stream simulation or low-slope design.
- j. <u>Maintenance Requirements</u>. The permittee shall maintain the work authorized herein in good condition and in conformance with the terms and general conditions of this permit to facilitate aquatic life passage as stated in GC 45(a). Culverts that develop "hanging" inlets or outlets, result in bed washout, or a stream that doesn't match the characteristics of the substrate in the natural stream channel such as mobility, slope, stability confinement will require maintenance or repair to comply with this GC. This does not apply to GC 45(f) above.
- k. <u>Maintenance and Replacement Information</u>. An existing stream crossing must be authorized and in compliance with all conditions of its authorization(s) to qualify for maintenance not subject to regulation. See Appendix A, Endnote 7. A non-serviceable crossing is not eligible for maintenance and is therefore considered as a replacement crossing [see GC 45(d)].
- l. <u>Work Window</u>. For projects that otherwise meet the terms of Category 1, in-stream construction work shall be conducted during the low flow period July 15 September 30 in any year. Projects that are not to be conducted during that time period are ineligible for Category 1 and shall be screened pursuant to Category 2, regardless of the waterway and wetland fill and/or impact area.

Corps General Stream Crossing Standards (required for Category 1; recommended for Category 2):

a. Culverts must be embedded:

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¹⁷ For the purposes of this GP, spans are bridges, three-sided box culverts, open-bottom culverts or arches that span the stream with footings landward of bankfull width.

¹⁸ Design and construction shall be in accordance with the stream simulation document listed at Appendix G, 8(a).

- $\bullet \ge 2$ feet for box culverts and other culverts with smooth internal walls,
- ≥ 1 foot for corrugated pipe arches
- ≥ 1 foot and at least 25 percent for corrugated round pipe culverts
- b. **For new crossings**, spans¹⁷ are required to avoid or cause minimal disruption to the streambed and to meet the requirements of General Condition 45(a) and 45(b). Footings and abutments must be landward of 1.2 times bankfull width. To the greatest extent practicable, work in the stream shall be minimized, and design and construction shall allow the streambed's natural structure and integrity to remain intact. Any fill or excavation of the streambed below bankfull width other than footings, support pilings, or work specified in 45(h)ii requires Category 2 review and, unless demonstrated otherwise, stream simulation¹⁸ to establish substrate and banks in the span structure and work area as specified in (d) and (e) below.
- c. **For replacement crossings**, spans¹⁷ are required to meet the requirements of General Condition 45(a) and 45(b). Footings and abutments shall be landward of 1.2 times bankfull width. Unless demonstrated otherwise, stream simulation¹⁸ is required to establish substrate and banks in the span structure and work area as specified in (d) and (e) below.
- d. Crossings must have a natural bottom substrate within the structure matching the characteristics of the substrate in the natural stream channel and the banks (mobility, slope, stability, confinement, grain and rock size) at the time of construction and over time as the structure has had the opportunity to pass significant flood events. To allow terrestrial passage for wildlife and prevent undermining the footings, crossings shall have a bank on both sides of the stream matching the horizontal profile of the existing stream and banks¹⁸. Note: Installation of substrate material within smaller culverts may not be safe or practicable. In these cases, it may be necessary to allow for natural deposition and bed development unless alternative methods are identified.
- e. Crossings must be designed and constructed with appropriate bed forms and streambed characteristics so that water depths and velocities are comparable to those found in the natural channel at a variety of flows. In order to provide appropriate water depths and velocities at a variety of flows and especially low flows, it is usually necessary to reconstruct the streambed or preserve the natural channel within the structure. Otherwise, the width of the structure needed to accommodate higher flows will create conditions that are too shallow at low flows. The grain and rock size, and arrangement of streambed materials within the structure should be in accordance with (d) above. Flows could go subsurface within the structure if only large material is used without smaller material filling the voids.

Conditions for Wetland Crossings:

- a. All temporary and permanent crossings of wetlands shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed to: i) Withstand and prevent the restriction of high flows, ii) Not obstruct the movement of or not substantially disrupt the necessary life-cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the wetland, including those species that normally migrate through the area, beyond the actual duration of construction unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. See Appendix E for the Maine DEP's crossing standards.
- b. To qualify for Category 1, new and replacement wetland crossings that are permanent shall be culverted, spanned or bridged in such a manner as to preserve hydraulic and ecological connectivity, at its present level, between the wetlands on either side of the road. To meet this requirement, we recommend that culverts, spans or bridges be placed at least every 50 feet with an opening at least 2 feet high and 3 feet wide at ground level where practicable. Closed bottom culverts shall be embedded at least 6 inches with a natural bottom.
- c. In the case of non-compliance, the permittee shall take necessary measures to correct wetland damage due to lack of hydraulic and ecological connectivity.
- d. Any work that results in flooding, results in impacts to wetlands on either side of the wetland crossing in excess of Category 1 thresholds, or impacts wetland drainage from the upgradient side of the wetland crossing does not qualify for Category 1.

Robert J. Desistá

Deputy Chief, Regulatory Division

For DISTRICT ENGINEER

DATE 10/13/15

	APPENDIX A: DEFINITION OF CATEGORIES	ORIES
A. INLAND WATERS AND WETLANDS	Inland Waters and Wetlands: Waters that are regulated under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including rivers, streams, lakes, ponds and wetlands, and <i>excluding Section 10 Navigable Waters of the U.S. (tidal and freshwater)</i> . The jurisdictional limits are the ordinary high water (OHW) mark in the absence of adjacent wetlands, beyond the OHW mark to the limit of adjacent wetlands when adjacent wetlands are present, and the wetland limit when only wetlands are present. For the purposes of this GP and designated activities, fill placed in the area between the mean high water (MHW) and the high tide line (HTL), and in the bordering and contiguous wetlands ¹ to tidal waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on page 27 below.) Projects not meeting Category 1 require an application for review as a Category 2 or Individual Permit project. All Category 1 and 2 projects must comply with all of this GP's applicable terms (Pages 1 – 4) and General Conditions (Pages 5–20).	he Clean Water Act, including rivers, streams, lakes, <i>dal and freshwater</i>). The jurisdictional limits are the ne OHW mark to the limit of adjacent wetlands when sent. For the purposes of this GP and designated igh tide line (HTL), and in the bordering and contiguous Navigable Waters on page 27 below.) 2 or Individual Permit project. 8 (Pages 1 – 4) and General Conditions (Pages 5–20).
ACTIVITY	CATEGORY 1 Self-Verification Eligible (SVNF Required)	CATEGORY 2 (PCN Required)
1. Repair, Replacement, Expansion, and Maintenance of Authorized Structures and Fills	 Repair or maintenance of existing, currently serviceable, authorized fills with no expansion or change in use: Conditions of the original authorization apply. Minor deviations in fill design allowed.⁷ The repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of those structures or fills destroyed or damaged by storms, floods, fire or other discrete events is authorized, provided the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement is commenced, or is under contract to commence, within two years of the date of their destruction or damage. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat 	Replacement of non-serviceable fills, or repair/maintenance of serviceable fill, with expansion <3 acres, or with a change in use.
2. Moorings	NA – moorings in non-navigable inland waters are not subject to Corps jurisdiction. Note: Moorings placed in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters on Page 28 below.)	NA
3. Structures, Floats & Lifts	For solid fill or crib supported structures on inland waters, <15,000 square feet (SF) of waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary impacts², and temporary fills. • No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. • Note: Temporary or permanent structures placed in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on page 29 below.	1. Work not eligible for Category 1 2. ≥15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated).
4. Aids to Navigation and Temporary Recreational Structures	NA - this activity in non-navigable inland waters is not subject to Corps jurisdiction. Note: Aids to Navigation and other structures placed in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on page 30 below.)	NA

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5. Dredging, Disposal of Dredged Material, Beach Nourishment, and Rock Removal and Relocation 6. Discharges of Dredged or Fill Material Incidental	 For regulated discharges associated with excavation, and disposal <15,000. SF inland waterway and/or wetland impacts. The activity does not occur in navigable waters of the U.S. Stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed including impoundments or discharge of tailings into streams does not occur. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. NA - For discharges incidental to the construction of bridges in inland waters of the U.S. refer to Activity 23 (Stream and Wetland Crossings) and GC 45. 	 Work not eligible for Category 1 ≥15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waters. NA
to the Construction of Bridges 7. Bank and Shoreline Stabilization	Note: Discharges of Dredged or Fill Material Incidental to the Construction of Bridges in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on page 30 below.) Inland bank stabilization <500 FT long and ≤1 CY of fill per linear foot below OHW, provided: ≤1 cubic yard of fill per linear foot placed along the bank waterward of ordinary high water.	Work not eligible for Category 1
0 D. c. d. J. c. d. d. c. d.	 Work complies with the GCs (GC 44 in particular), including: No structures angled steeper than 1H:1V allowed. Only rough-faced stone or fiber roll revetments allowed. No in-stream work involving fill or excavation in flowing waters (see GC 45(h)). In-water work limited to Jul 15 – Sep 30. No work in vernal pools⁵ or SAS³. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. 	1 West and all all the Original
8. Residential, Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Developments, and	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts² (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, mechanically cleared or excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill, and regulated discharges associated with excavation. Construction mats are considered as fill. [See GC 14]	1. Work not eligible for Category 1. 2. ≥15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill (including
Recreational Facilities	 Provided: Historic fill + proposed impact area <15,000 SF complies with GC 5, Single and Complete Projects. No work in special aquatic sites (SAS)⁴ other than wetlands. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. For work in Vernal Pool (VP) Management Areas (includes VPs)⁵: 	mats), and regulated discharges associated with excavation. 3. Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil disturbance >3 acres as a secondary impact may still be eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps. See GC 2 and Appendix C for wetland delineation

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	 See GC 23 and Appendix C for VP delineation requirements. See GC 23 to determine if work qualifies for Category 1 or 2. 	requirements.
	 See Appendix G for VP documents providing mitigation guidance. 	
9. Utility Line	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary	. Work not eligible for Category 1
Activities	Impacts, and temporary IIIIs.	2. \(\geq 1.5\),000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or working \(\frac{61}{21}\) and \(\frac{61}{22}\) and \(\frac{61}{22}\) and \(\frac{61}{22}\)
	2. The activity goes not occur in, over, or under navigable waters of the O.S. 3. Intake structures that are dry hydrants used exclusively for firefighting	wenanu iiii and associated secondary iiiipacis (e.g., aleas drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area
	activities with no stream impoundments.	includes all temporary and permanent fill (including
	4. There is no permanent change in pre-construction contours in waters of	mats), and regulated discharges associated with
	the U.S.	excavation.
	5. Material resulting from trench excavation is temporarily side cast into	3. Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil
	waters of the U.S. for ≤ 3 months and is placed in such a manner that it is not	disturbance >3 acres as a secondary impact may still be
	dispersed by currents or other forces.	eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps.
	6. The utility line is placed within and does not run a) parallel to, or b) along	
	a sureambed.	
	/. Stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed including	
	Impoundments does not occur.	
	8. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	nabitat.	
	9. There is no discharge in SAS other than non-tidal wetlands.	
	10. Construction mats ⁺ of any area necessary to conduct activities that were	
	previously authorized, authorized under Category 1, or not subject to	
	regulation (see Endnote 7). Authorized construction mats must be in place	
	for <3 months, removed immediately upon work completion, and the	
	wetlands must be restored (see GC 43).	
	11. Stream crossings must comply with GC 17.	
10. Linear	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill associated secondary	1. >15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or
Transportation	impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, mechanically cleared or	wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas
Projects (not	excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill, and	drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area
including stream crossings)	regulated discharges associated with excavation. Construction mats are considered fill (See GC 14)	includes all temporary and permanent iii (including mats) and regulated discharges associated with
	Provided:	excavation.
For stream crossings,	• Historic fill + proposed impact area <15,000 SF and complies with GC 5	2. Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil
refer to Activity 23	single and complete projects.	disturbance >3 acres as a secondary impact may still be
	• No work in special aquatic sites (SAS) other than wetlands.	eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps.
	2. Construction mats: of any area necessary to conduct activities that were previously, authorized authorized under Catagory 1, or not subject to	
	previously aumorized, aumorized umor Caregoly 1, or mor subject to	
	regulation (see Endnote /). Authorized construction mats must be in place for <3 months, removed immediately upon work completion, and the	
	wetlands must be restored (see GC 43).	
	3. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
100	habitat.	

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11. Mining Activities	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary	1. Work not eligible for Category 1.
)	impacts, and temporary impacts. 2. The activity does not occur in navigable waters of the U.S.	2. ≥15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas
	3. Stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed including impoundments or discharge of failings into streams does not occur	drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill (including
	4. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat	mats), and regulated discharges associated with excavation.
12. Boat Ramps	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary impacts.	1. Work not eligible for Category 1 2. >15.000 SF and <3 acres of impact.
	2. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat.	
13. Land and Water-	For land-based facilities:	For land-based activities:
Energy Generation	impacts, and temporary impacts.	2. >15,000 SF and < 3 acres impact.
Facilities and	2. Stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed including	3. Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil
Hydropower Projects	impoundments does not occur. 3 No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	disturbance >3 acres as a secondary impact may still be pligible for Category, 2 at the discretion of the Corns
	habitat.	custone for caresory 2 at the assertion of the corps:
		For water-based facilities and hydropower projects:
	For water-based facilities and hydropower projects: No new facilities are eligible.	> 3 acres of impact will require an IP.
14. Reshaping Existing Drainage	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Ditches & Mosquito Management		
15. Oil Spill and Hazardons Material	Jurisdictional activities required for the containment and cleanup of oil and	Work not eligible for Category 1
Cleanup	Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR 300) provided that the work	
	required by 40 CFR 112.3 or any existing state contingency plan and	
	with the proposed containment and cleanup action. SAS ³ must typically be	
	restored in place at the same elevation. Note: SVNF or a surrogate state reporting form may be submitted after	
	the Jact.	

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16. Cleanup of Hazardous and toxic waste	 Specific jurisdictional activities to effect the containment, stabilization, or removal of hazardous or toxic waste materials, including court ordered remedial action plans or related settlements, which are performed, ordered or sponsored by a government agency with established legal or regulatory authority. SAS should be restored in place at the same elevation. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary impacts, and temporary impacts. No stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed occurs. The project does not involve establishing new disposal sites or expanding existing sites used for the disposal of hazardous or toxic waste. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. 	Work not eligible for Category 1
17. Scientific Measurements Devices	1. Scientific measurement devices whose purpose is to measure and record scientific data, such as staff gages, water recording devices, water quality testing and improvement devices, and similar structures. This excludes any biological sampling devices. Structures may not restrict or concentrate movement of aquatic organisms. 2. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat.	Work not eligible for Category 1
18. Survey Activities	1. Jurisdictional survey activities, such as core sampling, seismic exploratory operations, plugging of seismic shot holes and other exploratory-type bore holes, exploratory trenching, soil surveys, sampling, and historic resources surveys (but not recovery). Exploratory trenches must be restored in accordance with GC 43. The construction of temporary pads is authorized provided the discharge doesn't exceed 25 CY. This doesn't authorize permanent structures or the drilling and the discharge of excavated material from test wells for oil and gas exploration (the plugging of such wells is authorized). 2. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat.	Work not eligible for Category 1
19. Agricultural Activities	 For those activities subject to Corps jurisdiction¹⁶, <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary impacts, and temporary impacts. No stream channelization, relocation, loss of streambed, or farm ponds in streams. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. 	1. ≥15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill (including mats), and regulated discharges associated with excavation. 2. > 3 acres of impact will require an IP.

20. Fish and Wildlife	NA - this activity in non-navigable inland waters, it not involving a	Not Applicable
narvesung,	discharge of dredged of IIII material, is not subject to Corps jurisdiction.	
Enhancement and	Note: Kelated structures placed in freshwater navigable waters (e.g. the	
Attraction Devices	upper Penobscot or Kennebec Kivers) are reviewed in the Navigable Waters	
and Activities	section. (See B. Navigable Waters on Page 33 below.)	
21. Habitat	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
Restoration,	impacts, and temporary impacts.	2. Aquatic habitat restoration, establishment, and
Establishment and Enhancement	 I he activity is supported in writing by a local, state, or non-Corps Federal environmental agency—Water impoundments require PCN 	enhancement of wetlands and riparian areas and the restoration and enhancement of streams and other onen
Activities	3. No conversion of i) a stream to wetland or vice versa, wetland to a pond	waters with impacts of any area >15,000 SF, provided
	or uplands, and ii) one wetland type to another.	those activities result in net increase in overall aquatic
	4. No dam removal.	resource functions and services.8
	5. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	habitat.	
22. Previously	Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a written	
Authorized Activities	The corps under the GP in effect between October 12, 2010 and October 13, 2015 The forms and formall for distingting of this CB completely	
	October 12, 2013. The terms and general conditions of approvations writh any energy conditions in the written authorization	
23 Stroom &	With any special conditions in the withen authorization.	Work not alimible for Category 1
XX All al C	1. M.V., Sucani and Oloon Woln and Clossings.	Worn hat englare for eategory i
wetland Crossings	• Must comply with GC 45 in particular, including:	
	o No slip lining [see GC 45 (g)].	
	o No in-stream work involving fill or excavation in flowing waters [see	
	o In-stream work limited to Jul 15 – Sep 30 [see GC 45 (1)].	
	 No work in riffles and pools³. 	
	 No stream relocations. 	
	 No dams or dikes⁶. 	
	 No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical 	
	habitat.	
	 <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated 	
	secondary impacts, and temporary impacts.	
	2. Wetland crossings must comply with the particularly relevant GC 45.	
24. Aquaculture	For land based installations, <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland	Work not eligible for Category 1
(Iresnwater)	IIII, associated secondary impacts, and temporary impacts.	
	• In-stream/in-water work limited to Jul 13 – Sep 30.	
	 No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat 	
	Note: Related structures placed in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed	
	in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters, below.)	

B. NAVIGABLE	Navigable Waters of the United States: Waters that are su	Navigable Waters of the United States: Waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or the tidal and non-tidal portions of
WATERS	the Federally designated navigable waters (the Penobscot R	the Federally designated navigable waters (the Penobscot River, Kennebec River, and Lake Umbagog) (Section 10 Rivers and Harbors
	non-tidal portions of the federally designated navigable rive	non-tidal portions of the federally designated navigable rivers. For the purposes of this GP, fill placed in the area between the mean high
	water (MHW) and the high tide line (HTL), and in the bord	water (MHW) and the high tide line (HTL), and in the bordering and contiguous wetlands ¹ to tidal waters are also reviewed in this
	Navigable Waters section.	
	Projects not meeting Category require an application for r- All Category 1 and 2 projects must comply with all of this (Projects not meeting Category 1 require an application for review as a Category 2 or Individual Permit project. All Category 1 and 2 projects must comply with all of this GP's applicable terms (Pages 1 - 4) and General Conditions (Pages 5 - 20).
ACTIVITY	CATEGORY 1 Self-Verification Eligible (SVNF Remired)	CATEGORY 2 (PCN Required)
1. Repair,	1.Repair, replacement in-kind, or maintenance ⁷ of	1. Replacement of non-serviceable structures and fills or repair/maintenance
Replacement,	existing, currently serviceable ⁷ , authorized structures or	of serviceable structures or fills, with fill, replacement or expansion <1 acre,
Expansion, and	fills:	or with a change in use.
Maintenance of	 All work is to be conducted in-the-dry, during low 	2. <1 acre temporary or permanent full, excavation and/or secondary impacts.
Authorized (or	water.	Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided:
grandiathered)	• Conditions of the original authorization apply.	• Temporary of permanent IIII in eelgrass: <1000 SF.
	■ INO Substantial expansion of change in use.	 Fellinaliciti III III 3A3 (excluding celglass) >4300 3F. Standard Bila Driving Conditions Work involving niles shall adhere to
	• No lick till ill 3733. • Must be rebuilt in some footerint however minor	one of the four methods below:
	deviations in structure design allowed ⁷	• Piles installed in-the-dry during low water or in-water between Nov. 8 th
	• The repair rehabilitation or replacement of those	- Apr. 9 th , or
	structures or fills destroyed or damaged by storms.	• Must be drilled and pinned to ledge, or
	floods, fire or other discrete events is authorized,	• Vibratory hammers used to install any size and quantity of wood,
	provided the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement is	concrete or steel piles, or
	commenced, or is under contract to commence,	• Impact hammers limited to one hammer and <50 piles installed/day
	within two years of the date of their destruction or	with the following: wood piles of any size, concrete piles ≤18-inches
	damage.	diameter, steel piles <12-inches diameter if the hammer is <3000 lbs
		and a wood cushion is used between the hammer and steel pile, and
		• For the methods above:
		o In-water noise levels shall not exceed >187dB cSEL re 1µPa or
		200dB peak re 1µPa at a distance >10m from the pile being installed, and
		o In-water noise levels >150dB peak re 1μPa shall not exceed 12
		consecutive hours on any given day and a 12 hour recovery period
		(i.e., in-water noise below 150dB peak re 1μPa) must be provided
		between work days.
		• Existing derelict, degraded or abandoned piles in the project area that
		are affected by project activities should be removed and properly
		disposed of in an upland location landward of MHW or OHW and not
		in wetlands, tidal wetlands, their substrate of mudilats.

2. Moorings	1. Private, non-commercial, non-rental, single-boat moorings,	1. Moorings associated with an existing boating facility ¹¹ . An eelgrass ¹⁴
	 Authorized by the local harbormaster/town. Not associated with any boating facility. 11 Boat or mooring not located in a Federal Navigation Project or buffer zone 12 other than in a Federal Anchorage 12. Moorings in a Federal Anchorage not associated with a boating facility 11 and are not for rent. No interference with navigation. No new moorings located in SAS³. Prior to installation of moorings, a site-specific eelgrass survey should be conducted to document that eelgrass is not present. When existing, authorized moorings in SAS³ are going to be replaced, they should be replaced with low impact mooring technology that prevents mooring chains from profine or document and be applicated or different and the bottom confined to the boat and the b	survey may be required. 2. Moorings that don't meet the terms in Category 1 and don't require an Individual Permit. This includes private moorings with no harbormaster or means of local approval. 3. Moorings located such that they, and/or vessels docked or moored at them, are within the buffer zone of the horizontal limits ¹³ of a Federal Channel ¹² . (See Appendix H.) The buffer zone is equal to 3 times the authorized depth of that channel. 4. An IP is required for moorings within the horizontal limits of a Federal moored vessels that extend, into the horizontal limits of a Federal Navigation Project ¹² , except those in Federal Anchorages ¹² . For 1-4 above, siting of new individual moorings in SAS ³ , including eelgrass ¹⁴ , should be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. If SAS ³ cannot be avoided, plans should show elastic mooring systems that
	and helical anchors, or equivalent SAS protection systems where practicable. 2. Minor relocation of previously authorized moorings, provided: • Authorized by the local harbormaster/town. • Not located in SAS ³ • No interference with navigation. • Cannot be relocated into a Federal Navigation Project ¹² other than a Federal Anchorage ¹² Note: Cat I eligible moorings do not require SVNF.	prevent mooring chains from resting or dragging on the bottom substrate at all tides and helical anchors, or equivalent SAS protection systems, where practicable. For moorings that appear to impact SAS, the Corps may require an eelgrass survey.
3. Structures, Floats and Lifts	 Reconfiguration of existing authorized structures shall occur in-the-dry during low water. Minor relocation of previously authorized floats or moored floats/lobster cars, provided: Authorized by the local harbormaster/town. Not located in SAS³. No interference with navigation. Cannot be relocated into a Federal Navigation Project¹² other than a Federal Anchorage¹². 	 New structures or floats, including floatways/skidways, built to access waterway (seasonal and permanent). Includes both pile supported and crib supported structures. Expansions to existing boating facilities¹¹ Pile-supported structures <400 SF, with attached floats totaling <200 SF. Structures are <4' wide and have at least a 1:1 height:width ratio¹¹. Floats supported a minimum of 18" above the substrate during all tides. Structures & floats not located within 25' of any eelgrass⁸. Moored vessels not positioned over SAS³.
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- The Corps may require a letter of no objection from the abutter if structure is to be within 25 feet of the property line.
- No structure extends across > 25% of the waterway width at mean low water.
- Not located within the buffer zone of the horizontal limits¹³ of a Corps Federal Navigation Project (FNP) (Appendix F). The buffer zone is equal to three times the authorized depth of that FNP.
- 3. An Individual Permit is required for structures or floats, including floatways/skidways, located such that they and/or vessels docked or moored at them are within the horizontal limits¹³ of a Corps Federal Navigation Project¹² (see Appendix H).
- 4. An Individual Permit is required for structures & floats associated with a new or previously unauthorized boating facility 11 .
 - 5. Standard Pile Driving Conditions. Work involving piles shall adhere to one of the four methods below:

 Piles installed in-the-dry during low water or in-water between Nov. 8th - Apr. 9th, or

- Must be drilled and pinned to ledge, or
- Vibratory hammers used to install any size and quantity of wood, concrete or steel piles, or
- Impact hammers limited to one hammer and <50 piles installed/day with the following: wood piles of any size, concrete piles ≤18-inches diameter, steel piles <12-inches diameter if the hammer is ≤3000 lbs and a wood cushion is used between the hammer and steel pile, and
 - For the methods above:
- o In-water noise levels shall not exceed >187dB cSEL re 1μ Pa or 206dB peak re 1μ Pa at a distance >10m from the pile being installed, and
- o In-water noise levels >150dB peak re 1 μ Pa shall not exceed 12 consecutive hours on any given day and a 12 hour recovery period (i.e., in-water noise below 150dB peak re 1 μ Pa) must be provided between work days.
 - Existing derelict, degraded or abandoned piles in the project area that are affected by project activities should be removed and properly disposed of in an upland location landward of MHW or OHW and not in wetlands, tidal wetlands, their substrate or mudflats.

4. Aids to Navigation and Temporary Recreational	1. I emporary buoys, markers, floats, etc. for recreational use during specific events, provided they are removed within 30 days after use is discontinued.	Work not eligible for Category 1
Structures	2. The placement of aids to navigation and regulatory markers which are approved by and installed in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Coast Guard. (See 33 CFR 66, Chapter I, subchapter C)."	
	Note: Cat I eligible aids to navigation and regulatory markers do not require SVNF.	
5. Dredging, Disposal of Dredged Material,	1. Maintenance dredging ¹⁰ for navigational purposes <1,000 CY with upland disposal. Includes return water from upland contained	1. Maintenance dredging ¹⁰ ≥1,000 CY, new dredging <25,000 CY, or projects not meeting Category 1. Includes return water
and Rock Removal	 Inspect and a province. Proper siltation controls are used. Dradging & disposal operation limited to Nov. 8 - Apr. 0 	 Hopland. Desch nourishment (showe mean high water) of eary area
	No impact to SAS ³ .	provided the dredging's primary purpose is navigation or the
	 No dredging in intertidal areas. No dredging within 100' of shellfish beds. 	 sand is from an upland source. Open water & confined aquatic disposal, if Corps finds the
	• No dredging in areas designated as Critical Habitat for	material suitable.
	Atlantic salmon [see GC 8(b) & (c)]. • For dredging in tidal waters outside of Atlantic salmon	2. Beach nourisment associated with diedging when the primary purpose is not navigation requires at least a Category 2 review.
	critical habitat, applicants must contact NMFS (see GC 8) to	3. Maintenance or new dredging of and/or disposal in or affecting a SAS ³ requires an Individual Permit.
	sturgeon, Atlantic surgeon, and listed sturgeon critical	
	Project proponents must contact the USFWS for work on	
	coastal beaches to ensure no impacts to piping plovers, roseate terns, rufa red knot, or their habitat [see GC 8(c)].	
	• No underwater blasting.	
	2. Maintenance dredging is not eligible for Category 1 if conducted in tidal portions of the Penobscot river upstream of a	
	line extending from Turner Point in Castine to Moose Point (formerly Squaw Point) on Cape Jellison in Stockton Springs or in	
	tidal portions of the Kennebec or Androscoggin Rivers upstream of a line extending from Doubling Point in Arrowsic to Hospital	
	Point in West Bath.	

6. Discharges of Dredged or Fill Material Incidental to the Construction of Bridges	1. Discharges of dredged or fill material incidental to the construction of bridges across navigable waters of the U.S., including cofferdams, abutments, foundation seals, piers, and temporary construction and access fills provided the U.S. Coast Guard authorizes such discharges as part of the bridge permit or appropriate approval. 2. Causeways and approach fills are not included in this category and require Category 2 or Individual Permit authorization.	 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF.
7. Bank and Shoreline Stabilization	 1. Bank stabilization projects <200 linear feet provided: SI cubic yard of fill per linear foot placed along the bank waterward of high tide line. No fill or equipment will occur in SAS³. • Work conducted in the intertidal zone must be conducted in-the-dry during low water. • No structures angled steeper than 1H:1V and only rough-faced stone or fiber roll revetments allowed. • No driving of piles or sheeting. 2. Bank stabilization projects in excess of 200 linear feet (Applicant or Applicant + Abutters combined) must undergo Category 2 review. 	 Work not eligible for Category 1. 2. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF.
8. Residential, Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Developments, and Recreational Facilities	Not Eligible	 <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF. Conversions of previously authorized pile supported buildings over navigable waters to residences, offices, or other non-water dependent uses require at least a Category 2 review. Floating house boats or businesses on floats require Category 2 review.
9. Utility Line Activities	 Repair or maintenance of existing, currently serviceable, authorized utilities with no expansion or change in use: Conditions of the original authorization apply. Trenching or filling is confined to the existing footprint. In water work conducted between Nov 8 and Apr 9. No new impact to SAS. Particularly relevant is GC12. New work in, over, or under navigable waters requires a PCN and Category 2 review. Except for aerial utility lines, work is not eligible for Category 1 if conducted in tidal portions of the Penobscot River upstream of a line extending from Turner Point in Castine to Moose Point (formerly 	 New or replacement installations or work not otherwise eligible for Category 1. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF. Particularly relevant is GC12

Appendix A

	Squaw Point) on Cane Jellison in Stockton Springs or in tidal	
10. Linear Transportation Projects	Not eligible	<1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided:
(Not Including Stream Crossings)		 Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF.
11. Mining Activities	Not Eligible	Not Eligible
12. Boat Ramps and Marine Railways	 No new impact to SAS Marine railway and boat ramp work not eligible for maintenance? (i.e. not currently serviceable?) may be replaced "in-kind" with minor deviations? provided: Work is in the intertidal zone. No fill expansion below high tide line. Work conducted in-the-dry during low water. No new boat ramps or marine railways. 	 Work not eligible for Category 1 <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ < 1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) < 4300 SF.
13. Land and Water-Based Renewable Energy Generation Facilities and Hydropower Projects	Not Eligible	 1. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF. No new impoundments.
14. Reshaping Existing Drainage Ditches and Mosquito Management	1. ≤500 linear feet of drainage ditch will be modified. The reshaping of the ditch cannot increase drainage capacity beyond the original asbuilt capacity nor can it expand the area drained by the ditch as originally constructed (i.e., the capacity of the ditch must be the same as originally constructed and it cannot drain additional wetlands or other waters of the U.S.). 2. No new ditches or relocation of drainage ditches constructed in waters of the U.S.; the location of the centerline of the reshaped drainage ditch must be approximately the same as the location of the centerline of the original drainage ditch. 3. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat	 Work not eligible for Category 1 < l acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF.

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15. Oil Spill and	Jurisdictional activities required for the containment and cleanup of	Work not eligible for Category 1
Hazardous Material	oil and hazardous substances that are subject to the National Oil and	
Cleanup	Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR 300)	
	provided that the work is done in accordance with the Spill Control	
	and Countermeasure Plan required by 40 CFR 112.3 and any existing	
	state contingency plan and provided that the Regional Response	
	Team (if one exists in the area) concurs with the proposed	
	containment and cleanup action. SAS' must typically be restored in	
	place at the same elevation.	
	Note: SVNF or a surrogate state reporting form may be submitted	
	after the fact. No SVNF is required for Category Ieligible	
1/ Cl	containment booms.	
16. Cleanup of	Not eligible - except for booms placed for nazardous and toxic waste	Specific jurisaictional activities with impacts of any area required
Hazardous and Toxic	containment and absorption and prevention which are eligible for SV.	to affect the containment, stabilization, or removal of hazardous
Waste		or toxic waste materials that are performed, ordered, or sponsored
	Note: No SVNF is required for Category 1 eligible containment	by a government agency with established legal or regulatory
	booms.	authority. Wetlands and other SAS must typically be restored in
		place at the same elevation to qualify.
17. Scientific	Scientific measurement devices whose purpose is to measure and	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
Measurement	record scientific data, such as staff gages, water recording devices,	2. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or
Devices	water quality testing and improvement devices, and similar structures.	secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or
	Structures may not restrict or concentrate movement of aquatic	mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and
	organisms; no activity results in a hazard to navigation; and no	permanent waterway fills, provided:
	activity requiring underwater blasting.	 Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF.
		 Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF.
18. Survey Activities	Jurisdictional survey activities such as exploratory drilling, surveying	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
	and sampling activities, excluding any biological sampling devices.	2. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or
	Does not include any activity requiring underwater blasting, seismic	secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or
	exploratory operations, or oil and gas exploration and fill for roads or	mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and
	construction pads. No activity may result in a hazard to navigation.	permanent waterway fills, provided:
		 Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF.
		 Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF.
19. Agricultural	Not Eligible	Not Eligible
ACHVINGS		

20. Fish & Wildlife	Fish and wildlife harvesting, enhancement, and attraction devices and	1. Work not eligible for Category 1.
Harvesting,	activities such as pound nets, crab traps, crab dredging, eel pots,	2. Impoundments or semi-impoundments of waters of the U.S.
Enhancement and	lobster traps, and clam and oyster digging, and small fish attraction	for the culture or holding of motile species such as lobster and
Attraction Devices	devices such as open water fish concentrators (sea kites, etc.). This	new fish weirs with an impounded area $\leq 1/2$ acre.
and Activities	does not authorize artificial reefs or impoundments and semi-	
(Not Aquaculture)	impoundments of waters of the U.S. for the culture or holding of	For Aquaculture operations, refer to Activity 24.
	motile species such as lobster, or the use of covered oyster trays or	
	clam racks. No activity that may result in a hazard to navigation.	
	Note: A SVNF is not required for these Category I eligible devices and activities.	
21. Habitat	1. Cultch placement in tidal waters is eligible for SV provided there	1. Work not eligible for Category 1.
Restoration,	are no salt marsh or vegetated shallow impacts.	2. Aquatic habitat restoration, establishment and enhancement
Establishment and	2. SAS planting and transplanting ≤ 100 SF in tidal waters;	provided those activities are proactive and result in net increases
Financement	3. No artificial of fiving reefs.	in aquatic resource tunctions and services.
Activities	4. The activity is additionized in withing by a local, state, of more-corps federal environmental agency. Water impoundments require PCN	
	5 No conversion of i) a stream to wetland or vice versa wetland to a	
	pond or uplands, and ii) one wetland type to another.	
	6. No dam removal.	
	7. Shellfish habitat enhancement such as brushing the flats is eligible	
	for Category 1, but not the use of netting which requires Category 2	
	review.	
22. Previously	Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a	
Authorized Activities	MINICIA ICINCI MOIN INC COLPS UNIDER INC. MINICIA CONTROL OCUMBER 111 COLOR CO	
	12, 2010 and October 12, 2015. The terms and general conditions of	
	this of apply along with any special conditions in the written authorization.	
23. Stream &	Not Eligible	All temporary or permanent crossings of tidal navigable waters or
Wetland Crossings		adjacent tidal wetlands not eligible as maintenance require a
		PCN. GC 45 applies
24. Aquaculture	Not Eligible	Shellfish & finfish aquaculture (with the exception of Atlantic
		salmon and any other salmonid, or other federally listed
		endangered or threatened species), or other aquaculture facilities
		with no more than minimal individual and cumulative impacts to
		environmental resources or navigation. This is inclusive but not
		limited to cages, nets, bags, racks, long lines, fences, posts, poles,
		predator screening, etc. Aquaculture guidelines are provided at:
		www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm.

Endnotes/Definition:

their adjacent waterbody to a point where a natural or manmade discontinuity exists. Contiguous wetlands include bordering wetlands as well as wetlands that are federally designated navigable rivers, the wetlands bordering and contiguous to the tidally influenced portions of those rivers are reviewed under "II. Navigable mark (mean high water in navigable waters) of that waterbody and is directly influenced by its hydrologic regime. Contiguous wetlands extend landward from ¹ Bordering and Contiguous Wetlands: A bordering wetland is immediately next to its adjacent waterbody and may lie at, or below, the ordinary high water situated immediately above the ordinary high water mark and above the normal hydrologic influence of their adjacent waterbody. Note, with respect to the

² Direct, Secondary, and Cumulative Impacts/Effects:

Direct Impacts: The immediate loss of aquatic ecosystem within the footprint of the fill.

runoff, and road kill of wetland dependent wildlife. Using the directions contained in the guidelines, we consider the circumstances of a proposed discharge and the and runoff from a sanitary landfill located in waters of the U.S. Put another way, secondary effects are those impacts outside the footprint of the fill that arise from downstream associated with the operation of a dam, b) septic tank leaching and surface runoff from residential or commercial developments on fill, and c) leachate breeding habitat); hydrologic regime changes; and impacts from operation and maintenance activities for constructed facilities; such as noise/lighting, storm water placement of the dredged or fill material. Information about secondary effects on aquatic ecosystems shall be considered prior to the time final section 404 action include habitat fragmentation; interruption of travel corridors for wildlife (for example, for amphibians that migrate to and from seasonal or vernal pools used as Secondary Impacts: These are effects on an aquatic ecosystem that are associated with a discharge of dredged or fill materials, but do not result from the actual and are associated with the discharge of dredged or fill material, including the operation of an activity or facility associated with the discharge. Examples may project of which it is a part to evaluate the scope, extent, severity, and permanence of direct, secondary, and cumulative adverse effects upon the aquatic is taken by permitting authorities. Some examples of secondary effects on an aquatic ecosystem are a) fluctuating water levels in all impoundment and

particular project's impacts. Although the impacts associated with a particular discharge may be minor, the cumulative effect of numerous similar discharges can Cumulative Impacts: The extent of past, present, and foreseeable developments in the area may be an important consideration in evaluating the significance of a result in a large impact. Cumulative impacts should be estimated only to the extent that they are reasonable and practical.

endangered species. A vernal pool intentionally created for the purposes of compensatory mitigation is included in this definition. For the purposes of this GP, the not considered to be construction mats, are cut trees and/or saplings with the crowns and branches removed, and the trunks lined up next to one another. Corduroy the spring or fall high water mark, and includes any vegetation growing within the depression), Vernal Pool Envelope (area within 100 FT of the VP Depression's A vernal pool may provide the primary breeding habitat for wood frogs (Rana sylvatica), spotted salamanders (Ambystoma maculatum), blue-spotted salamanders spotted salamanders, spotted salamanders or wood frogs. The Corps may determine during a Category 2 review that a waterbody should not be regulated as a VP distribute equipment weight to prevent wetland damage while facilitating passage and providing work platforms for workers and equipment. They are comprised typically fills during the spring or fall and may dry during the summer. Vernal pools have no permanent inlet or outlet and no viable populations of predatory fish. of sheets or mats made from a variety of materials in various sizes. A timber mat consists of large timbers bolted or cabled together. Corduroy roads, which are based on available evidence. For the purposes of this GP, the VP Management Areas are the: Vernal Pool Depression (includes the vernal pool depression up to edge) and Critical Terrestrial Habitat (area within 100-750 FT of the Vernal Pool Depression's edge). [*Note: Critical Terrestrial Habitat is defined as 100 -750 ⁵Vernal Pools: A vernal pool, also referred to as a seasonal forest pool, is a temporary to semi-permanent body of water occurring in a shallow depression that ³Special Aquatic Sites: Includes wetlands and saltmarsh, mudflats, riffles and pools, and vegetated shallows (predominantly comprised of eelgrass in Maine). roads are typically installed as permanent structures. Like construction mats, they are considered as fill whether they're installed temporarily or permanently. presence of any of the following species in any life stage in any abundance level/quantity would designate the waterbody as a vernal pool: fairy shrimp, blue (Ambystoma laterale), and fairy shrimp (Eubranchipus sp.), as well as valuable habitat for other plants and wildlife, including several rare, threatened, and ⁴ Construction Mats: Constructions, swamp and timber mats (herein referred to as "construction mats") are generic terms used to describe structures that FT on page 243 of the document "Science and Conservation of Vernal Pools in Northeastern North America," Calhoun and deMaynadier, 2008, which is referenced in Appendix G, page 3, Paragraph 10(b).

- flows are maintained within the stream boundary's confines aren't water diversions. "Normal flows" are defined as no change in flow from pre-project conditions. Water Diversions: Water diversions are activities such as bypass pumping or water withdrawals. Temporary flume pipes, culverts or cofferdams where normal structure or fill authorized by 33 CFR 330.3 – "Activities occurring before certain dates," provided that the structure or fill is not to be put to uses differing from 'Maintenance: a) The repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of any previously authorized, currently serviceable structure or fill, or of any currently serviceable those uses specified or contemplated for it in the original permit or the most recently authorized modification.
- Minor deviations in the structure's configuration or filled area, including those due to changes in materials, construction techniques, or current construction codes or safety standards that are necessary to make repair, rehabilitation, or replacement are authorized.
- Currently serviceable means useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction
 - No seaward expansion for bulkheads or any other fill activity is considered Category 1 maintenance.
- Only structures or fills that were previously authorized and are in compliance with the terms and condition of the original authorization can be maintained as a non-regulated activity under 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2), or in accordance with the Category 1 or 2 thresholds in Appendix A.
 - b) The state's maintenance provisions may differ from the Corps and may require reporting and written authorization from the state.
- d) Exempted Maintenance. In accordance with 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2), any discharge of dredged or fill material that may result from any of the following activities parts, of currently serviceable structures such as dikes, dams, levees, groins, riprap, breakwaters, causeways, bridge abutments or approaches, and transportation is not prohibited by or otherwise subject to regulation under Section 404 of the CWA: "Maintenance, including emergency reconstruction of recently damaged c) Contact the Corps to determine whether stream crossing replacements require a written application to the Corps for at least a Category 2 review. structures. Maintenance does not include any modification that changes the character, scope, or size of the original fill design."
- activities needed to reestablish vegetation, including plowing or discing for seed bed preparation and the planting of appropriate wetland species; mechanized land structures, dikes, and berms; the installation of current deflectors; the enhancement, restoration, or establishment of riffle and pool stream structure; the placement ⁸ Aquatic Habitat Restoration, Establishment and Enhancement: The Corps will decide if a project qualifies and must determine in consultation with federal drainage ditches; the removal of existing drainage structures; the construction of small nesting islands in inland waters; the construction of open water areas; the ⁹ Brushing the Flats: The placement of tree boughs, wooden lath structure, or small-mesh fencing on mudflats to enhance recruitment of soft-shell clams (Mya of in-stream habitat structures; modifications of the stream bed and/or banks to restore or establish stream meanders; the backfilling of artificial channels and authorized here may include, but are not limited to: the removal of accumulated sediments; the installation, removal, and maintenance of small water control construction of native shellfish species habitat over unvegetated bottom for the purpose of habitat protection or restoration in tidal waters; shellfish seeding; clearing to remove non-native invasive, exotic, or nuisance vegetation; and other related activities. Only native plant species should be planted at the site. and state agencies that the net effects are beneficial. The Corps may refer to Nationwide Permit 27 published in the 3/12/07 Federal Register. Activities
- authorization. Maintenance dredging typically refers to the routine removal of sediment to maintain the design depths of serviceable navigation channels, harbors, basins, marinas, boat launches, and port facilities. Maintenance dredging is conducted for navigational purposes and does not include any expansion of the ¹⁰ Maintenance Dredging: This includes only those areas and depths previously authorized by the Corps and dredged. The Corps may require proof of previously dredged area or depth. The Corps may review a maintenance dredging activity as new dredging if sufficient time has elapsed to allow for the colonization of SAS, shellfish, etc.
 - 11 Boating Facilities: Facilities that provide for a fee, rent, or sell mooring space, such as marinas, yacht clubs, boat clubs, boat yards, town facilities, dockominiums, etc.
- ¹² Federal Navigation Projects (FNPs): FNPs are comprised of Federal Channels and Federal Anchorages. See Appendix F for their location and contact the Corps for more information. "Horizontal Limits" is the outer edge of an FNP. "Buffer Zone" is equal to three times the authorized depth of that channel. **Horizontal Limits:** The outer edge of a Federal Navigation Project (FNP). See Appendix F and contact the Corps for information on FNP's.
- www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd/ for eelgrass survey guidance. Note: Eelgrass surveys should be conducted be conducted between May and October unless otherwise ¹⁴ Eelgrass (Zostera marina): A type of rooted aquatic vegetation that exists in intertidal and shallow subtidal areas known as vegetated shallows. See directed.

15 Structures: The height of structures shall at all points be equal to or exceed the width of the deck. For the purpose of this definition, height shall be measured from the marsh substrate to the bottom of the longitudinal support beam.

¹⁶Agricultural Activities: The Clean Water Act exempts certain discharges associated with normal farming, ranching, and forestry activities such as plowing, cultivating, minor drainage, and harvesting for the production of food, fiber, and forest products, or upland soil and water conservation practices (Section 404(f)(1)(A)). Applicants are strongly advised to contact the Corps for a determination of whether their activity is exempt or requires a permit.



Appendix B: Self-Verification Notification Form

(for all tidal and non-tidal projects in Maine subject to Corps jurisdiction)

US Army Corps of Engineers ®

New England District

At least two weeks before work commences, complete **all** fields (write "none" if applicable) below or use the fillable form at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory.aspx. Send this form, a location map, any project plans, and an Official Species List (See GC 8) to the address noted below; fax to (207) 623-8206; or email to jay.l.clement@usace.army.mil. The two-week lead time is not required for emergency situations (see page 4 for definition). Please call (207) 623-8367 with questions.

Maine Project Office U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	
New England District	State Permit Number:
675 Western Avenue #3	Date of State Permit:
Manchester, Maine 04351	State Project Manager:
Phone(s) and Email:	
Phone(s) and Email:	
Consultant/Engineer/Designer:	
Address, City, State & Zip:	
Phone(s) and Email:	
Wetland/Vernal Pool Consultant:	
Address, City, State & Zip:	
Phone(s) and Email:	
Address, City, State & Zip:	Tax Map/Lot:
Work Description:	
Work Description.	
Provide any prior Corps permit numbers	:
Proposed Work Dates: Start:	Finish:
Area of wetland impact: Area of waterway impact: Area of compensatory mitigation provide	SF (leave blank if work involves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters) SF (leave blank if work involves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters) ed:SF
 I. Inland Waters and wetlands: II. Navigable Waters: Your name/signature below, as permittee and general conditions of Category 1 of the conditions. 	
Permittee Signature:	Date:

Appendix B 1



Appendix C: Content of Pre-Construction Notification

In addition to the following required information, the applicant must provide additional information as the Corps deems essential to make a public interest determination including, where applicable, a determination of compliance with the Section 404(b)(1) guidelines or ocean dumping criteria. Such additional information may include environmental data and information on alternate methods and sites as may be necessary for the preparation of the required environmental documentation. For a more comprehensive checklist, go to www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Forms >> Application and Plan Guideline Checklist. Please check with the Corps for project-specific requirements.

Information required for all projects:

<u>111</u>	normation required for all projects:
	Corps application form (ENG Form 4345) or appropriate state application form (see Appendix E).
	Forms may need to be supplemented to include the information noted below.
	Proof of notification to the SHPO and the appropriate THPOs (see Appendix E).
	Official Species List for any federally listed endangered or threatened species (Instructions at Appendix D)
	Drawings, sketches, or plans (detailed engineering plans and specifications are not required) that are legible, reproducible (color is encouraged, but features must be distinguishable in black and white), no larger than 11"x17", with bar scale. Wetland area impact sheets should have the highest resolution possible to show work within Corps jurisdiction (do not just reduce project overview or cut large-scale plan into quadrant sheets). Provide locus map and a plan overview of the entire property with a key index to the individual impact sheets. A locus map be on a section of color USGS topographic map is encouraged. Digital submissions are encouraged.
	Include:
	□ All direct, secondary, permanent and temporary effects the project would cause, including the anticipated amount of impacts to waters of the U.S. expected to result from the activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure.
	☐ Any historic permanent fill associated with each single and complete project.
	☐ Cross-section views of all wetland and waterway fill areas and wetland replication areas.
	□ Delineation of all wetlands, other special aquatic sites (vegetated shallows, saltmarsh, mudflats, riffles and pools, coral reefs, and sanctuaries and refuges), and other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on the project site. Use
	Federal delineation methods and include Corps wetland delineation data sheets (see GC 2).
	☐ MLW and MHW elevations in tidal waters. Show the HTL elevations when fill is involved.
	Show OHW elevation in lakes and non-tidal streams.
	☐ Existing and proposed conditions.
	☐ For vegetated shallow and eelgrass survey guidance, see www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/
	<u>regulatory</u> >> Jurisdictional Limits and Wetlands >> Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Survey Guidance for the New England Region.
	☐ Show all known VPs on the project site. See GC 23 for vernal pool identification requirements.
	Volume, type, and source of fill material to be discharged into waters and wetlands, including the
	area(s) (in square feet or acres) of fill in wetlands, below OHW in inland waters and below the HTL
	in coastal waters.

	An Official Species List of federally "listed species or critical habitat" present in the action area (see GC 8).
	A restoration plan showing how all temporary fills and structures will be removed and the area restored to pre-project conditions (see GC 43).
In	formation that may be required:
	Photographs of wetland/waterway to be impacted. Photos at low tide are preferred for work in tidal
П	waters.
П	For drawings, sketches, or plans:
	☐ The vertical datum for all coastal projects must be in U.S. survey feet and referenced to MLLW and current tidal epochs, with a reference chart showing conversion factor to NAVD88; do not use local datum. See www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Forms and Publications >> Vertical Datum - FEMA (Jul 2007);
	☐ The horizontal state plane coordinates shall be in U.S. survey feet and based on the appropriate state plane coordinate system.
	For the construction of a filled area or pile or float-supported platform, the use of, and specific structures to be erected on, the fill or platform.
	For the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S. or the transportation of dredged material for the purpose of disposing of it in ocean waters, the source of the material; the purpose of the discharge, a description of the type, composition and quantity of the material; the method of transportation and disposal of the material; and the location of the disposal site.
	For the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., include a statement describing how impacts to waters of the U.S. are to be avoided and minimized. Include either a statement describing how impacts to waters of the U.S. are to be compensated for or a statement explaining why compensatory mitigation should not be required for the proposed impacts.
П	Purpose and need for the proposed activity;
	Limits and coordinates of any Federal Navigation Project in the vicinity of the project area.
	Limits and coordinates of any proposed mooring field, reconfiguration zone or aquaculture activity. Provide coordinates for all corners;
	Schedule of construction/activity;
	Names and addresses of adjoining property owners;
	Location and dimensions of adjacent structures;
	List of authorizations required by other Federal, interstate, state, or local agencies for the work, including all approvals received or denials already made.
	Identification and description of potential impacts to Essential Fish Habitat (defined at VI.
	Definitions and Acronyms.
	Identification of potential discharges of pollutants to waters, including potential impacts to impaired
	waters, in the project area (see GC 19).
	Invasive Species Control Plan (see GC 24). For sample control plans, see
	www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Invasive Species.
	Wildlife Action Plan (WAP) maps. Contact Maine Inland Fisheries & Wildlife (Appendix E) or on
	line at http://www.maine.gov/ifw/wildlife/conservation/action_plan.html
In	formation for dredging projects that may be required:
	Sediment testing, including physical (e.g., grain-size analysis), chemical and biological testing. For
	projects proposing open water disposal, applicants are encouraged to contact the Corps as early as
	possible regarding sampling and testing protocols. Sampling and testing of sediments without such contact should not occur and if done, would be at the applicant's risk.
П	The area in square feet and volume of material to be dredged below mean high water.

Appendix D: Instruction for USFWS IPaC Project Builder/Official Species List

NOTE: These instructions are subject to change by the USFWS. Users should check this GP's Corps webpage for the latest instructions or click here.

In your internet browser go to http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/

- 1. Click on get started.
- 2. Click on enter project location.
- 3. Search or zoom to your project location. (You can enter an address and then zoom in with your mouse).
- 4. Define your area. (Select the polygon tool and click around the boundary of your project.) or (Use the draw a line tool for linear projects)

Note: You can change/select the map from Streets to Satellite or Topo in the lower left corner of the map.

- 5. Click finished drawing then click confirm and select continue.
- 6. On the next page under Tasks (lower left), select Request an official species list. The pane will open. Select "request official species list" again.
- 7. A new page will open. Fill in the project information blanks with the project name, brief description, project type, lead agency, and contact information. Be sure to check the box to verify this is a legitimate project. Click on Submit Official Species List Request.
- 8. You will be sent an e-mail with instructions to complete the request by clicking on the link provided.
- 9. The site will open Official Species List Request Completed. Under the Maine Ecological Services Field Office address you will see "Official Species List Document". Click on that link and your document will open. Save and or print a copy and **include the entire report with your application**.

Note, you will receive a second e-mail with the same information. You can save the link in the event you need to return to the IPaC site for an updated list.

If a period of time has passed since your initial "Official Species List" identifier number was generated, you may choose to generate an "UPDATED SPECIES LIST". To do this, return to the IPaC homepage at http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac site. In the middle of the page, click the purple "Need an updated species list" link.

On the request an "Updated Official Species List" page, complete the information in the boxes provided. You will need the project specific official consultation code generated and stated on the original official list as well as the email address entered with the original submission.

Click "Request Updated Species List". Print, or save.

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Appendix E: Contacts and Tribal Areas of Interest

1. Federal

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Maine Project Office 675 Western Avenue #3 Manchester, ME 04351 (207) 623-8367 (phone); (207) 623-8206 (fax)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 5 Post Office Square Suite 100 (OEP05–2) Boston, MA 02109-3912 (617) 918-1589 (phone)

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Maine Field Office 17 Godfrey Drive, Suite 2 Orono, ME 04473 (207) 866-3344 (phone); (207) 866-3351 (fax) (Federal endangered species)

National Marine Fisheries Service Maine Field Office 17 Godfrey Drive Suite 1 Orono, ME 04473 (207) 866-7379 (phone); (207) 866-7342 (fax) (Federal endangered species) Federal Emergency Management Agency 99 High St.
Boston, MA 02110
(877) 336-2734 (phone)
(Flood Plain Management)

National Marine Fisheries Service 55 Great Republic Drive Gloucester, MA 01930 (978) 281-9102 (phone); (978) 281-9301 (fax) (Federal endangered species & EFH)

National Park Service North Atlantic Region 15 State Street Boston, MA 02109 (617) 223-5203 (phone) (Wild and Scenic Rivers)

Commander (dpb)
First Coast Guard District
One South Street - Battery Bldg
New York, NY 10004-1466
(212) 668-7021 (phone); (212) 668-7967 (fax) (bridge permits)

2. State of Maine

a. <u>Department of Environmental Protection</u> (State permits & Water Quality Certifications)

Division of Land Resource Regulation Bureau of Land and Water Quality 17 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333 (207) 287-7688 (phone)

Southern Maine Regional Office 312 Canco Road Portland, Maine 04103 (201) 822-6300 (phone) Eastern Maine Regional Office 106 Hogan Road Bangor, Maine 04401 (207) 941-4570 (phone)

Northern Maine Regional Office 1235 Central Drive - Skyway Park Presque Isle, Maine 04769 (207) 764-0477 (phone)

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b. Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry

i. <u>Maine Land Use Planning Commission (LUPC)</u> (State permits & Water Quality Certifications in the unorganized areas of the State)

Augusta Office 22 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333-0022 (207) 287-2631 (phone); (207) 287-7439 (fax)

Greenville Regional Office 43 Lakeview Drive P.O. Box 1107 Greenville, Maine 04441 (207) 695-2466 (phone); (207) 695-2380 (fax)

Rangeley Regional Office 133 Fyfe Road PO Box 307 West Farmington, ME 04992 (207) 670-7493 (phone); (207) 287-7439 (fax) Downeast Regional Office 106 Hogan Rd, Suite 8 Dorothea Dix Complex Bangor, Maine 04401 (207) 941-4052 (phone); (207) 941-4222 (fax)

Ashland Regional Office 45 Radar Road Ashland, ME 04732-3600 (207) 435-7963 (phone); (207) 435-7184 (fax)

East Millinocket Regional Office 191 Main Street East Millinocket, ME 04430 (207) 746-2244 (phone); (207) 746-2243 (fax)

ii. Maine Coastal Program

Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry Bureau of Resource Information and Land Use Planning 17 Elkins Lane {physical address} State House Station 93 Augusta, Maine 04333-0038 (207) 287-2801 (phone); (207) 287-2353 (fax) (CZM consistency determinations)

iii. Division of Parks and Public Lands

22 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333 (207) 287-3061 (phone); (207) 287-6170 (fax) (submerged lands leases)

c. <u>Department of Marine Resources</u>

P.O. Box 8 West Boothbay Harbor, Maine 04575 (207) 633-9500 (phone); (207) 624-6024 (fax) (aquaculture leases)

3. Historic Properties

a. State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO)

Mr. Kirk F. Mohney, Director

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Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC)

65 State House Station

Augusta, Maine 04333-0065

(207) 287-2132 (phone); (207) 287-2335 (fax)

Area of concern: The entire State of Maine

b. Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs)

Note: The area of concern for each tribe is the entire State of Maine

THPO & Environmental Planner

Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians

88 Bell Road

Littleton, Maine 04730

(207) 532-4273, x215 (phone)

(207) 532-6883 (fax)

envplanner@maliseets.com

ogs1@maliseets.com

THPO

Passamaquoddy Tribe of Indians

Pleasant Point Reservation

P.O. Box 343

Perry, Maine 04667

(207) 853-2600 (phone); (207) 853-6039 (fax)

soctomah@gmail.com

THPO

Passamaquoddy Tribe of Indians

Indian Township Reservation

P.O. Box 301

Princeton, Maine 04668

(207) 796-2301 (phone)

(207) 796-5256 (fax); soctomah@gmail.com

THPO

Aroostook Band of Micmacs

7 Northern Road

Presque Isle, Maine 04769

(207) 764-1972 (phone); (207) 764-7667 (fax)

jpictou@mimca-nsn.gov

THPO

Penobscot Nation

Cultural and Historic Preservation Dept.

12 Wabanaki Way

Indian Island, Maine 04468

(207) 817-7471 (phone)

chris.sockalexis@penobscotnation.org

4. Organizational Websites (Note – Subject to Change):

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, N.E. District

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Headquarters

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

National Marine Fisheries Service

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Park Service

Maine Department of Environmental Protection

Maine Department of Agriculture,

Conservation and Forestry

Maine Land Use Planning Commission

Maine Department of Marine Resources

State of Maine - Aquaculture Guidelines

www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory.aspx

See above link>>Useful Links>>Federal Agency Links

www.epa.gov/owow/wetlands

www.nmfs.noaa.gov

www.fws.gov/mainefieldoffice

www.nps.gov/rivers/index.html

www.maine.gov/dep

www.maine.gov/acf/index.shtml

www.maine.gov/doc/lupc/commission/offices.shtml

www.maine.gov/dmr/index.htm

www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm

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Appendix F: Definitions

Definitions

Attendant Features: Occurring with or as a result of; accompanying.

Biodegradable: A material that decomposes into elements found in nature within a reasonably short period of time and will not leave a residue of plastic or a petroleum derivative in the environment after degradation. Examples of biodegradable materials include jute, sisal, cotton, straw, burlap, coconut husk fiber (coir) or excelsior. In contrast, degradable plastics break down into plastic fragments that remain in the environment after degradation.

Boating facilities: These provide, rent or sell mooring space, such as marinas, yacht clubs, boat yards, dockominiums, town facilities, land/home owners, etc. Not classified as boating facilities are piers shared between two abutting properties or town mooring fields that charge an equitable user fee based on the actual costs incurred.

Brushing the Flats: The placement of tree boughs, wooden lath structure, or small-mesh fencing on mudflats, or any bottom disturbance (e.g., discing, plowing, raking, etc.), to enhance recruitment of shellfish.

Buffer Zone: The buffer zone of an FNP is equal to three times the authorized depth of the FNP. **Construction mats:** Constructions, swamp and timber mats (herein referred to as "construction mats") are generic terms used to describe structures that distribute equipment weight to prevent wetland damage while facilitating passage and providing work platforms for workers and equipment. They are comprised of sheets or mats made from a variety of materials in various sizes. A timber mat consists of large timbers bolted or cabled together. Corduroy roads, which are not considered to be construction mats, are cut trees and/or saplings with the crowns and branches removed, and the trunks lined up next to one another. Corduroy roads are typically installed as permanent structures. Like construction mats, they are considered as fill whether they are installed temporarily or permanently **Cumulative effects:** See "Direct, secondary, and cumulative effects."

Direct, secondary, and cumulative effects:

<u>Direct Effects</u>: The loss of aquatic ecosystem within the footprint of the discharge of dredged or fill material. Direct effects are caused by the action and occur at the same time and place.

<u>Secondary Effects</u>: These are effects on an aquatic ecosystem that are associated with a discharge of dredged or fill materials, but do not result from the actual placement of the dredged or fill material. Information about secondary effects on aquatic ecosystems shall be considered prior to the time final Section 404 action is taken by permitting authorities. Some examples of secondary effects on an aquatic ecosystem are a) aquatic areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or mechanically cleared, b) fluctuating water levels in all impoundment and downstream associated with the operation of a dam, c) septic tank leaching and surface runoff from residential or commercial developments on fill, and d) leachate and runoff from a sanitary landfill located in waters of the U.S. See 40 CFR 230.11(h).

<u>Cumulative Effects</u>: The changes in an aquatic ecosystem that are attributable to the collective effect of a number of individual 1) discharges of dredged or fill material, or 2) structures. Although the impact of a particular discharge may constitute a minor change in itself, the cumulative effect of numerous such piecemeal changes can result in a major impairment of the water resources and interfere with the productivity and water quality of existing aquatic ecosystems. See 40 CFR 230(g).

Dredging:

Maintenance Dredging: Includes areas and depths previously authorized by the Corps and dredged. The Corps may require proof of authorization. Maintenance dredging typically refers to the routine removal of accumulated sediment from channel beds to maintain the design depths of navigation channels, harbors, marinas, boat launches and port facilities. Routine maintenance dredging is conducted regularly for navigational purposes (typically at least once every ten years) and does not include any expansion of the previously dredged area or depth. The Corps may review a maintenance dredging activity as new dredging if sufficient time has elapsed to allow for the colonization of SAS,

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shellfish, etc. The main characteristics of maintenance dredging projects are variable quantities of material; soft, uncompacted soil; contaminant content possible; thin layers of material; occurring in navigation channels and harbors; repetitive activity

New Dredging: Dredging of an area or to a depth that has never been authorized by the Corps or dredged.

Dredged material & discharge of dredged material: These are defined at 323.2(c) and (d). The term dredged material means material that is excavated or dredged from waters of the U.S.

Essential Fish Habitat (EFH): This is broadly defined to include those waters and substrate necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding, or growth to maturity.

Fill material & discharge of fill material: These are defined at 323.2(e) and (f). The term fill material is defined as material placed in waters of the U.S. where the material has the effect of either replacing any portion of a water of the U.S. with dry land or changing the bottom elevation of any portion of a water of the U.S.

Federal anchorages, Federal channels and Federal turning basin: Refer to Appendix H for those in Maine

Federal navigation projects (FNPs): These areas are maintained by the Corps; authorized, constructed and maintained on the premise that they will be accessible and available to all on equal terms; and are comprised of Federal Anchorages, Federal Channels and Federal Turning Basins. The buffer zone is equal to three times the authorized depth of a FNP. More information on the following FNPs is provided at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/navigation.aspx Navigation Projects.

Flume: An open artificial water channel, in the form of a gravity chute, that leads water from a diversion dam or weir completely aside a natural flow. A flume can be used to measure the rate of flow.

Frac out: During normal drilling operations, drilling fluid travels up the borehole into a pit. When the borehole becomes obstructed or the pressure becomes too great inside the borehole, the ground fractures and fluid escapes to the surface.

Independent utility: A test to determine what constitutes a single and complete non-linear project in the Corps regulatory program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

Individual Permit: A Department of the Army authorization that is issued following a case-by-case evaluation of a specific structure or work in accordance with the procedures of 33 CFR 322, or a specific project involving the proposed discharge(s) in accordance with the procedures of 33 CFR 323, and in accordance with the procedures of 33 CFR 325 and a determination that the proposed discharge is in the public interest pursuant to 33 CFR 320.

Maintenance: Regulations on maintenance are provided at 33 CFR 323.4. The following definitions are applicable:

Minor deviations: Deviations in the structure's configuration or filled area, including those due to changes in materials, construction techniques, or current construction codes or safety standards, which are necessary to make repair, rehabilitation, or replacement are permitted, provided the adverse environ-mental effects resulting from such repair, rehabilitation, or replacement are minimal.

Currently serviceable: Useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction.

Marina reconfiguration zone: A Corps-authorized area in which permittees may rearrange pile-supported structures and floats without additional authorizations. A reconfiguration zone does not grant exclusive privileges to an area or an increase in structure or float area.

Navigable waters of the U.S.: See Waters of the U.S. below.

Overall project: See "single and complete linear project" below.

Practicable: Available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes.

Permanent impacts: Permanent impacts means waters of the U.S. that are permanently affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity. Permanent impacts include permanent discharges of dredged or fill material that change an aquatic area to dry land, increase the bottom elevation of a waterbody, or change the use of a waterbody. Temporary impacts include waters of the U.S. that are temporarily filled, flooded, excavated, drained or mechanically cleared because of the regulated activity.

Pre-construction notification (PCN): A request submitted by the project proponent to the Corps for confirmation that a particular activity is authorized by this GP. The request may be a permit application, letter, or similar document that includes information about the proposed work and its anticipated environmental effects. Pre-construction notification may be required by the terms and conditions of these GPs. A PCN may be voluntarily submitted in cases where PCN is not required and the project proponent wants confirmation that the activity is authorized under this GP.

Secondary effects: See "Direct, secondary, and cumulative effects."

Single and complete linear project: A linear project is a project constructed for the purpose of getting people, goods, or services from a point of origin to a terminal point, which often involves multiple crossings of one or more waterbodies at separate and distant locations. The term "single and complete project" is defined as that portion of the total linear project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers that includes all crossings of a single water of the U.S. (i.e., a single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single or multiple waterbodies several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for the purposes of this GP. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies, and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately.

The overall project, for purposes of this GP, includes all regulated activities that are reasonably related and necessary to accomplish the project purpose.

Single and complete non-linear project: For non-linear projects, the term "single and complete project" is defined at 33 CFR 330.2(i) as the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. For non-linear projects, the single and complete project must have independent utility (see definition).

Special aquatic sites: These include inland and saltmarsh wetlands, mud flats, vegetated shallows, sanctuaries and refuges, coral reefs, and riffle and pool complexes. These are defined at 40 CFR 230 Subpart E.

Stream channelization: The manipulation of a stream's course, condition, capacity, or location that causes more than minimal interruption of normal stream processes. A channelized stream remains a water of the United States.

Temporary impacts: See permanent impacts above.

Utility line: Any pipe or pipeline for the transportation of any gaseous, liquid, liquescent, or slurry substance, for any purpose, and any cable, line, or wire for the transmission for any purpose of electrical energy, telephone, and telegraph messages, and radio and television communication. The term 'utility line' does not include activities that drain a water of the U.S., such as drainage tile or French drains, but it does apply to pipes conveying drainage from another area.

Vegetated shallows: Permanently inundated areas that under normal circumstances support communities of rooted aquatic vegetation, such as eelgrass and widgeon grass (*Rupiamaritima*) in marine systems (doesn't include salt marsh) as well as a number of freshwater species in rivers and lakes. Note: These areas are also commonly referred to as submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV). **Vernal pools (VPs):** For the purposes of this GP, VPs are depressional wetland basins that typically go dry in most years and may contain inlets or outlets, typically of intermittent flow. Vernal pools range in both size and depth depending upon landscape position and parent material(s). Pools usually

support one or more of the following obligate indicator species: wood frog, spotted salamander, blue-spotted salamander, marbled salamander, Jefferson's salamander and fairy shrimp. However, they should preclude sustainable populations of predatory fish.

VP areas are:

- Depression (includes the VP depression up to the spring or fall high water mark, and includes any vegetation growing within the depression),
- Envelope (area within 100 feet of the VP depression's edge), and
- Critical terrestrial habitat (area within 100-750 feet of the VP depression's edge).

Note: See footnote to GC 23. The Corps may determine during the PCN review that a waterbody should not be designated as a VP based on available evidence.

Water diversions: Water diversions are activities such as bypass pumping (e.g., "dam and pump") or water withdrawals. Temporary flume pipes, culverts or cofferdams where normal flows are maintained within the stream boundary's confines aren't water diversions. "Normal flows" are defined as no change in flow from pre-project conditions.

Weir: A barrier across a river designed to alter the flow characteristics. In most cases, weirs take the form of a barrier, smaller than most conventional dams, across a river that causes water to pool behind the structure (not unlike a dam) and allows water to flow over the top. Weirs are commonly used to alter the flow regime of the river, prevent flooding, measure discharge and help render a river navigable.

Waters of the U.S. & Waters of the United States (U.S.): The term waters of the U.S. and all other terms relating to the geographic scope of jurisdiction are defined at 33 CFR 328. Also see Section 502(7) of the Federal CWA [33 USC 1352(7)]. Waters of the U.S. include jurisdictional wetlands. Not all waters and wetlands are jurisdictional. Contact the Corps with any questions regarding jurisdiction.

Navigable waters: Refer to 33 CFR 329. These waters include the following federally designated navigable waters in New England. This list represents only those waterbodies for which affirmative determinations have been made; absence from this list should not be taken as an indication that the waterbody is not navigable:

<u>ME</u>: All tidal waters; Kennebec River to Moosehead Lake; Penobscot River to the confluence of the East and West Branch at Medway, Maine; Lake Umbagog within the State of Maine.

Appendix G: Additional References

1. GC 2: Federal Jurisdictional Boundaries.

(a) Corps Wetlands Delineation Manual, regional supplements, and Corps Wetland Delineation Data Sheets: www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory and then "Wetlands and Jurisdictional Limits."

(b) The USEWS publishes the 1988 National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands

(b) The USFWS publishes the 1988 National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands (www.nwi.fws.gov).

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) publishes the current hydric soil definition, criteria and lists: http://soils.usda.gov/use/hydric. For the Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in N.E., see www.neiwpcc.org/hydricsoils.asp.

2. GC 5: Single and Complete Project.

Single and complete project means the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. For example, if construction of a residential development affects several different areas of a headwater or isolated water, or several different headwaters or isolated waters, the cumulative total of all filled areas should be the basis for deciding whether or not the project will be covered by Category 1 or 2. The *Independent utility* test is used to determine what constitutes a single and complete project in the Corps regulatory program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

3. GC 8: Threatened and Endangered Species.

(a) The following NMFS site must be referenced to ensure that listed species or critical habitat are not present in the action area [GC 8(b)] or to provide information on federally-listed species or habitat [GC 8(e)]: www.nero.noaa.gov/prot_res/esp/ListE&Tspec.pdf. Contact the USFWS for information to check for the presence of listed species (see Appendix D for contact information & procedures).

(b) The Endangered Species Act Consultation Handbook – Procedures for Conducting Section 7 Consultations and Conferences, defines action area as "all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the federal action and not merely the immediate area involved in the action. [50 CFR 402.02]."

4. GC 42: Essential Fish Habitat.

As part of the GP screening process, the Corps may coordinate with NMFS in accordance with the 1996 amendments to the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act to protect and conserve the habitat of marine, estuarine and anadromous finfish, mollusks, and crustaceans. This habitat is termed "Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)", and is broadly defined to include "those waters and substrate necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding, or growth to maturity." There are EFH waters throughout inland and coastal waters in Maine. For additional information, see the EFH regulations 50 CFR 600 at www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd including the "Guide for EFH Descriptions" at www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd/list.htm. Additional information on the location of EFH can be obtained from NMFS (see Appendix D for contact information).

5. GC 4: Avoidance, Minimization and Compensatory Mitigation.

(a) See www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory and then "Mitigation" to view the April 10, 2008 "Final Compensatory Mitigation Rule" (33 CFR 332) and related documents. The Q&A document states: "In order to reduce risk and uncertainty and help ensure that the required compensation is provided, the rule establishes a preference hierarchy for mitigation options. The most preferred option

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is mitigation bank credits, which are usually in place before the activity is permitted. In-lieu fee program credits are second in the preference hierarchy, because they may involve larger, more ecologically valuable compensatory mitigation projects as compared to permittee-responsible mitigation. Permittee-responsible mitigation is the third option, with three possible circumstances: (1) conducted under a watershed approach, (2) on-site and in kind, and (3) off-site/out-of-kind.

(b) Compensatory mitigation may take the form of wetland preservation, restoration, enhancement, creation, and/or in lieu fee (ILF) for inclusion into the Natural Resources Mitigation Fund for projects in DEP and LURC territories. Avoidance of wetland impacts will reduce the ILF dollar total for applicants. The ILF compensation program was established to provide applicants with a flexible compensation option over and above traditional permittee responsible compensation projects. See the Maine ILF Agreement at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory, "Mitigation" and then "Maine," or www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory, "Mitigation" and then "Maine," or www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory, "Mitigation" and then "Maine," or www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory, "Mitigation" and then

6. GCs 24, 15, and 43: Invasive Species.

- (a) Information on what are considered "invasive species" is provided in our "Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" document at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory under "Mitigation." The "Invasive Species" section has a reference to our "Invasive Species Control Plan (ISCP) Guidance" document, located at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory under "Invasive Species," which provides information on preparing an ISCP.
- **(b)** The June 2009 "Corps of Engineers Invasive Species Policy" is at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory under "Invasive Species" and provides policy, goals and objectives.

7. GC 44: Bank Stabilization.

This generally eliminates bodies of water where the reflected wave energy may interfere with or impact on harbors, marinas, or other developed shore areas. A revetment is sloped and is typically employed to absorb the direct impact of waves more effectively than a vertical seawall. It typically has a less adverse effect on the beach in front of it, abutting properties and wildlife. See the Corps Coastal Engineering Manual EM 1110-2-1100 at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory under "Useful Links and Documents" for design and construction guidance.

8. GC 45: Stream and Wetland Crossings.

- (a) Projects should be designed and constructed to ensure long-term success using the most recent manual located at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory under "Stream and River Continuity," currently "Stream Simulation: An Ecological Approach to Providing Passage for Aquatic Organisms at Road-Stream Crossings, by the U.S. Forest Service." Section 5.3.3 is of particular importance. Sections 7.5.2.3 Construction Methods and 8.2.11 Stream-Simulation Bed Material Placement both show important steps in the project construction.
- (b) For more information on High-Quality Stream Segments and their components see:
 - i. High-Quality Stream Segments are shown at www.maine.gov/dep/gis/datamaps.
 - ii. Class A Waters or Class AA Waters:

www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec465.html, and www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec467.html.

- iii. Outstanding river segments www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec480-P.html.
- (c) The Massachusetts Dam Removal and the Wetland Regulations offer guidance to evaluate the positive and negative impacts of culvert replacement, including the loss of upstream wetlands, which may be offset by the overall benefits of the river restoration. See www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory and then "Stream and River Continuity."

- (d) The ME DOT's document "Waterway and Wildlife Crossing Policy and Design Guide for Aquatic Organism, Wildlife Habitat, and Hydrologic Connectivity," 3rd Edition, July 2008, may be used as guidance to evaluate impacts to aquatic, wildlife and surface water resources when designing, constructing, repairing and maintaining stream crossings. Note: Adherence to this DOT document does not ensure compliance with this GP. Projects must comply with the requirements of this GP including GC 45 and the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards contained therein.

 www.maine.gov/mdot/environmental-office-homepage/fishpassage/3rd%20edition%20-%20merged%20final%20version%207-01-08a1.pdf.
- **(e)** GC 45(f): The Skidder Bridge Fact Sheet at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory under "Stream and River Continuity" may be a useful temporary span construction method.
- **9. GC 45: Wetland Crossings.** The Maine DEP's crossing standards are at 06-096 DEP, Chapter 305: Permits by Rule, 9 & 10) Crossings (utility lines, pipes and cables). www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/rules/NRPA/2009/305/305 effective 2009.pdf

10. GC 23: Protection of Vernal Pools.

- (a) The state's Significant Wildlife Habitat rules (<u>Chapter 335</u>, Section 9(C) "Habitat management standards for significant vernal pool habitat") are located at www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpapage.htm#rule under "Rules."
- **(b)** The following documents provide conservation recommendations:
- i. Best Development Practices: Conserving pool-breeding amphibians in residential and commercial development in the northeastern U.S., Calhoun and Klemens, 2002. Chapter III, Management Goals and Recommendations, Pages 15 26, is particularly relevant. (Available for purchase at www.maineaudubon.org/resource/index.shtml and on Corps website*.)
- **ii.** Science and Conservation of Vernal Pools in Northeastern North America, Calhoun and deMaynadier, 2008. Chapter 12, Conservation Recommendations section, Page 241, is particularly relevant. (Available for purchase via the internet. Chapter 12 is available on Corps website*.) * www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg under "Vernal Pools."
- (c) Cape Cod Curbing: For smaller roads and driveways, the most important design feature to consider is curbing. Granite curbs and some traditional curbing can act as a barrier to amphibian and hatchling turtle movements. Large numbers of salamanders have been intercepted in their migrations by curbs and catch basins. Use of Cape Cod curbs rather than traditional curbing may be one solution. Alternatively, where storm water management systems require more traditional curbing, it may be possible to design in escape ramps on either side of each catch basin. Cape Cod curbing is shown on Page 35 of the document cited in 10.b.i above. Bituminous material is not required; other materials such as granite are acceptable.
- (d) The VP Directional Buffer Guidance document is located at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory under: 1) "State General Permits" and then "Maine," and 2) "Vernal Pools."
- **11. GC 29: Maintenance.** River restoration projects that are designed to accommodate the natural dynamic tendencies of the fluvial system are maintained in accordance with the project's design objectives (Category 1) or the Corps authorization letter (Category 2). These projects are generally designed to support and implement channel assessment and management practices that recognize a stream's natural dynamic tendencies.

Appendix H: Federal Navigation Projects in Maine

